

PRIMARY SEVEN & SIX CREATIVE REVISION BOOKLET SOCIAL STUDIES



NAME:

SCHOOL:

CLASS:

YEAR:

CREATIVE PRINTERS

0703745068 / 0785681207

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA

PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 1

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Answer all questions
2. Write answers in a good handwriting.
3. All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

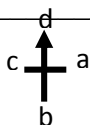
SECTION A

1. Why is this symbol important on a map?



2. What is the difference between a compass and a compass direction?

3. Name the picture drawn.



4. Why are maps drawn with the symbol above?

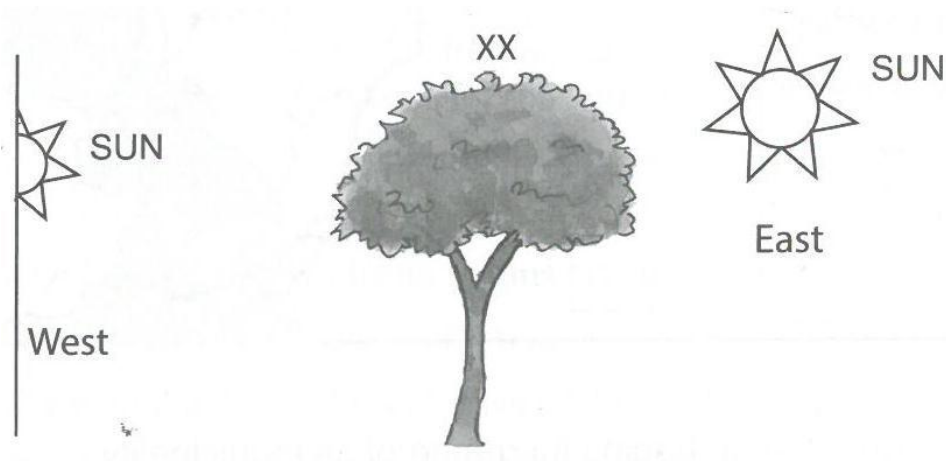
5. Identify the points of the compass *a, b, c* and *d* marked above.

a _____ *b* _____ *c* _____ *d* _____

6. What common name is given to the following points of a compass; North, East, South and West?

7. Name the secondary points of the compass between:
- a) North and East _____
 - b) East and South _____
 - c) South and West _____
 - d) West and North _____
8. Define a "compass".
- _____

Use the picture below and answer the questions about it.



9. Where does the sun set according to the picture?

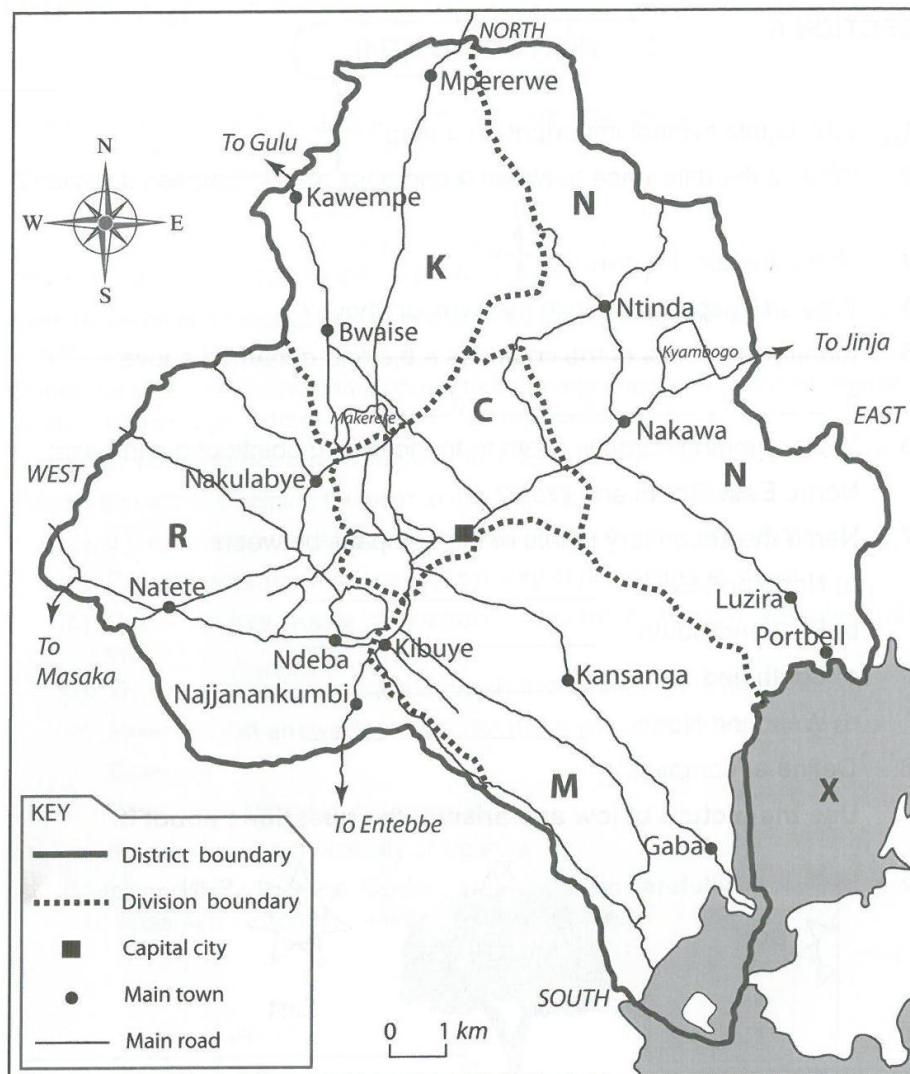
10. In which direction does the Sun rise?

11. Give the direction **XX** over the tree.

12. Why is the Sun seen in the East?

13. What time of the day is the Sun seen in the West?

This is a sketch map of Kampala City. Use it to answer questions about it.



KEY: Each letter on the map begins the name of its municipality.

For example: C' stands for Kampala Central.

14. Find out which municipalities are shown by letters K, M, N and R.

15. Name the district which neighbours Kampala in the East.

16. Identify the water body found in the South of Kampala city.

17. What is the title of the map above?

18. Give one way of locating Kampala on the Map of Uganda.

19. Kampala is the capital-city of Uganda. What does it mean?

20. State four features of a good map.

0 30km

21. | | | | What is the use of this symbol on a good map?

22. Give one traditional way of finding the location of an area.

23. Why do many people in our country visit Kampala more often?

24. What title is given to the Mayor of Kampala City?

25. On what hill is Bank of Uganda and Parliament found?

26. What is a Municipality?

27. Name one Municipality in Kampala.

28. Why is Kampala having this name?

29. Give one reason why Kampala has a high population density.

30. What is rural-urban migration?

31. In which region of Uganda is Kampala located?

32. Which indigenous language is spoken by people living in the districts surrounding Kampala?

33. One economic activity taking place in Kampala is agriculture. Name one cash crop grown in and around Kampala.

34. Identify the main beverage producing industry in Kampala.

35. Many pupils and other children are seen in Kampala visiting the Uganda Museum. Give one reason for visiting that place.

36. There are several markets in and around Kampala. State the importance of markets to people.

37. Why do people plant trees in their home compounds?

38. How similar are pictures and maps?

39. Why would a good Primary Five child call Kalangala an Island district?

40. Why do school children wear uniforms?

SECTION B

41. The table below shows Municipalities in Uganda. Use it to answer the questions given thereafter.

- Busia	- Kasese	- Nakawa	- Mbale
- Arua	- Masaka	- Hoima	- Mukono
- Makindye	- Entebbe	- Fort portal	- Mbarara
- Lira	- Gulu	- Moroto	- Iganga
- Jinja	- Soroti	- Masindi	- Kabale
- Tororo	- Ntungamo	- Ishaka	- Kawempe
- Rukungiri	- Rubaga	- Kampala Central	- Nansana

a) How many Municipalities are listed in the table?

b) Write down four municipalities whose names begin with letter M.

c) Name any two Municipalities in Northern Uganda from the table.

d) What are the functions of Urban Councils?

42. In which Municipality is each of the following important places found;

a) Parliament of Uganda?

b) Mbarara University of Science and Technology?

c) The source of River Nile?

d) King Nyimba Oyo's Palace?

43. a) What is urban-rural migration?

b) Why is rural-urban migration common today?

c) What kind of jobs do the youths do in urban centres?

d) Why is there less urban-rural migration?

44. a) Why are the following problems common in urban areas;

i) poor sanitation?

ii) high crime rate

iii) unemployment?

iv) epidemic diseases

b) Why are the following important in rural areas;

i) enough land

ii) Relatives

45. What is the history about the names listed below;

a) Kampala?

b) Kabarole?

c) Jinja?

d) Bunyonyi?

46. Write what you know about each of the places below.

Place	What you know
Mulago Hospital	
Kasubi Royal Tombs	
Entebbe Airport	
Namugongo Martyrs' Shrine	
Kololo Airstrip	

47. a) Where in your district;

i) does the Sun rise from?

ii) does the Sun set?

b) Where do dairy farmers sell their milk?

c) Where do people take the sick ones?

48. a) What is a family?

b) What is a nuclear family?

c) What is an extended family?

d) Write one member of the single-parent family.

49. a) Who is a child?

b) Who protects a child in a home?

c) What role does a child play in a home?

d) Give four examples in which a child can bring happiness in a home.

50. State one danger facing children in our communities today as a result of these:

a) drinking dirty water

b) lack of enough food to eat

c) lack of immunization

d) inadequate medical care

51. a) What are basic needs?

b) Name any two basic needs of a family.

c) Identify one problem that can stop a Family Head from providing his/her family with the basic needs.

52. Explain briefly who the following people are in a given community:

a) a rapist _____

b) a defiler _____

c) a murderer _____

d) a witch _____

53. How are the following important to all of us;

a) Bank? _____

b) Post Office? _____

c) Police Station? _____

d) Hospital? _____

e) Church/Mosque _____

f) Parliament _____

54. Why should a good primary school child do the following;

a) revise his or her class work daily?

b) wear a school uniform?

c) listen to news?

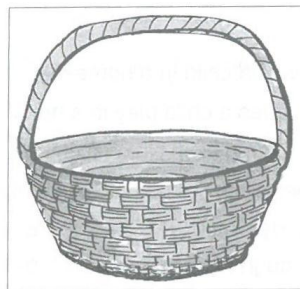
d) follow the rules of the school?

55. a) List down some of the handcrafts made in our country.

b) Give two importances of handcrafts to people.

c) Name any two examples of traditional handcrafts.

d) Identify the raw material used to make the handcraft below.



Wish you success

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 2

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

- 4. Answer all questions**
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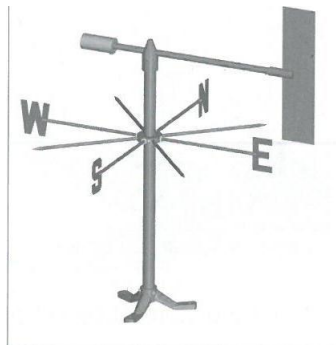
NAME: _____ **INDEX NO.** _____

SECTION A

1. What name is given to a home with its surroundings?

2. What name is given to the elected leaders of a Municipality?

3. (a) Name the weather instrument shown below.

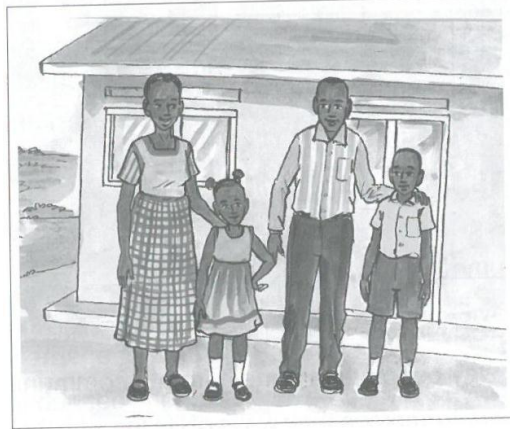


- (b) How useful is the instrument above to us?

4. State what learners study about in Social Studies.

5. What type of environment is made up of; plants, animals, air, water, soil and other resources

6. (a) Identify the type of family shown in the picture below.

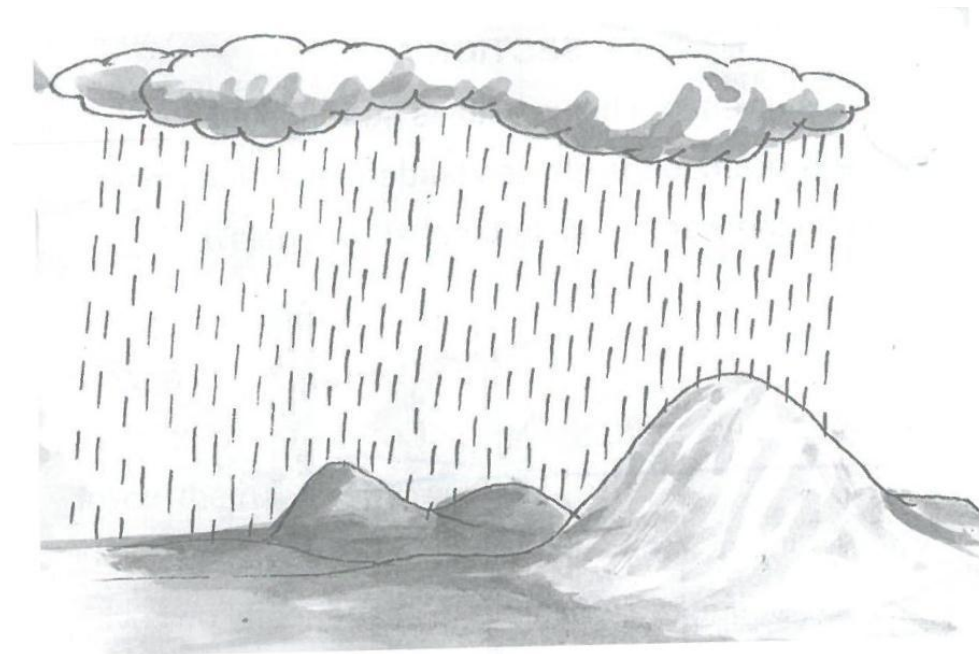


b) Name the people shown in the picture above.

c) Apart from people, what else can you see in the picture?

d) State one social importance of a home to its members.

7. Name two types of environment that you know.



8. Why do you think that the picture above shows a physical environment?

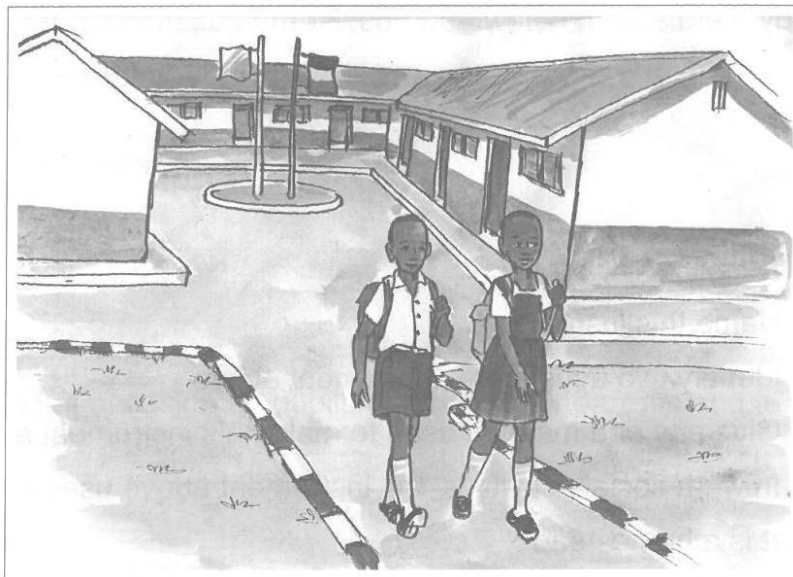
9. The picture below shows people at a community centre in their local area. What do you think these people are doing?

10. State one way people can benefit from a community center in an area.

11. How can people improve their ways of life through their community centres?

12. Name one social activity done in your local community.

13. What is the picture below showing?



14. Our social environment expects us to practice our customs, beliefs, laws, marriage ceremonies, child naming, cultural circumcision, music, drama, sports and last funeral rites.

State the importance of such social activities.

15. Match List A items with list B items correctly.

A		B
a) A tribe		is the smallest unit of a community
b) A clan		is part of a clan.
c) A lineage		a group of people who share an ancestor.
d) A family		a group of people who live in one area, speak the same language and share customs.

16. Name any one tribe in your district.

17. What is culture?

18. Give one example of people's cultures.

19. Name any one god known by the people in your community

20. Marriage ceremonies are common in our societies. Give one importance of marriage to people.

21. How are cultural dances important?

22. Name any one item that is given for dowry in your region.

23. Why is cultural circumcision carried out by people in our country?

b) Identify two tribes in Uganda which carry out cultural circumcision.

24. Study the diagram below and answer the questions that follow.



a) Name this instrument.

b) Identify two uses of the instrument above.

c) Give any one material used to make this instrument above.

d) In what social activity is the instrument above used?

25. What is a homestead?

26. How did the Karimojong boys prove to the elders that they were brave?

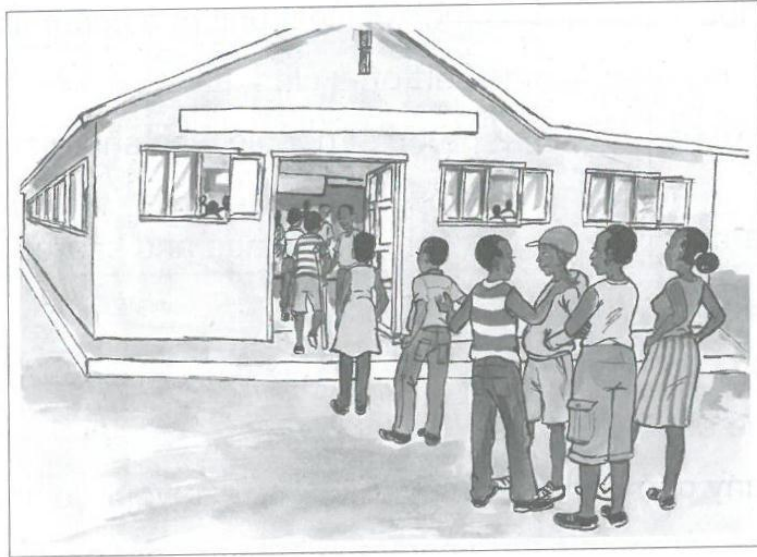
27. Write down one local name for each of the following:

a) the name given to a boy who follows twins.

b) the name given after God.

c) the name given after one was born during war.

d) the name given to a child after a hero or heroine.



28. What is a community?

29. How is a community center important to people like the youths?

30. How does music, dance and drama in a given community help the youths to be useful to their society?

31. Why does a farming community need security?

32. What do you call the way we give or receive information?

33. Write one example of the following:

a) legend.

b) myths.

c) totem.

d) taboo.

34. What are social activities?

35. Through what occasion do pupils entertain their parents and teachers?

SECTION B

36. a) Name the capital city of Uganda.

b) From which animal did Uganda's Capital City get its name?

c) Who was the first Indian trader to build a shop in Kampala?

d) How did Jinja town get its name "Jinja"

37. a) How many Municipalities are in your District?

b) Mention the official place where the President of Uganda lives.

c) In which region of Uganda is Entebbe International Airport?

d) In which region of Uganda is the Uganda Wildlife Education Centre?

38. a) Name two lakes in Uganda crossed by the equator.

(i) _____ i) _____

b) Which is the largest man-made lake in Uganda?

39. a) Name any two Island districts on Lake Victoria.

(i) _____ (ii) _____

b) What is the main economic activity done by the people in the Island districts named above?

c) State any two problems that Island people in the districts named above are facing.

40. How do the following people benefit from Lake Victoria;

a) farmers? _____

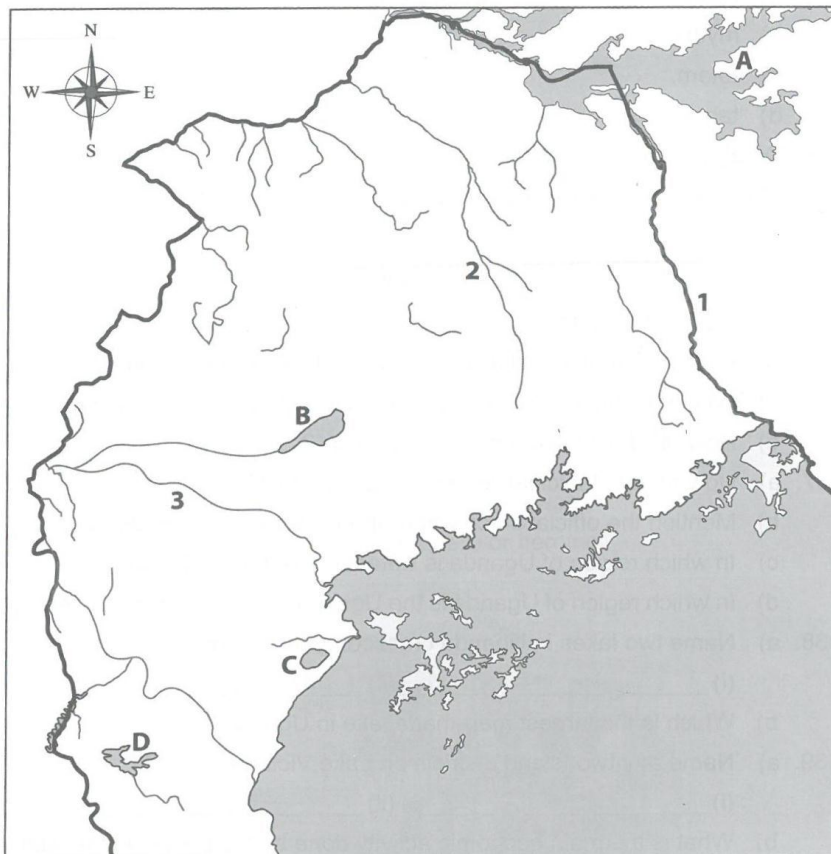
b) fish mongers? _____

c) fish food processors? _____

d) boat makers? _____

41. Give four examples of districts that you know.

42. This is a sketch map of Central Uganda. Use it to answer the following questions.



a) Name any four districts in the central region.

b) In which districts are the following lakes found?

Lake	District
(i) Lake Nabugabo?	_____
(ii) Lake Kijjanebalola?	_____
(iii) Lake Wamala?	_____

c) Name one district in Central Uganda which borders Kampala city.

d) Name the lakes marked A, B, C, D on the map above.

A_____ B_____ C_____ D_____

e) Name the following rivers.

1 _____ 2 _____ 3 _____

43. Use the list below to answer the following questions.

Vanilla, gold, coffee, groundnuts, bananas, beans, uranium, sweet potatoes

a) Mention one cash crop from the list above.

b) Identify any one valuable mineral in Central Uganda region.

c) Name two staple foods for people living in Central Uganda.

44. How are each of the following places important to Ugandans;

a) Parliament? _____

b) Courts of Law? _____

c) Schools? _____

d) Roads? _____

45. Find out and name two rivers which flow;

- a) into Lake Victoria _____
- b) out of Lake Victoria _____
- c) into the Victoria Nile _____

For questions 46-48, answer either Christianity or Islam, but not BOTH on one number.

46. Either:

- a) Name the first book in the Bible.

- b) Who wrote the first five books of the Old Testament?

- c) What does the term 'testament' mean?

Or:

- a) Name the holy book for Muslims.

- b) Who revealed the above holy book to Prophet Muhammad S.A.W?

- c) Where did Prophet Muhammad receive the holy book above from?

47. Either:

- a) Why did God create man last?

- b) Who was the first person to be created by God?

- c) How did man sin against God?

Or:

a) Why was man created last by Allah (God)?

b) Name the first person Allah (God) created.

c) Name the first woman Allah (God) created.

d) How did the two above annoy Allah (God)?

48. Either:

a) How did God punish Adam?

b) How did God punish Eve?

c) What curses did God give to the snake (serpent)? (Give two ways)

Or:

a) How did Allah (God) punish Adam?

b) How did Allah (God) punish Hawa?

c) How did Allah (God) punish the snake (serpent)? (Give two ways)

BOTH

49. Why did God or Allah create the following for man;

a) Land? _____

b) Water? _____

c) Air? _____

d) Light? _____

50. What did God or Allah create on the days below;

a) On the first day? _____

b) On the second day? _____

c) On the sixth day? "": _____

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 3

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

- 7. Answer all questions**
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NAME: _____ **INDEX NO.** _____

SECTION A

1. On what physical feature are water falls found?

2. Name the highest physical feature found in Uganda.

3. Which physical feature covers the largest area in Uganda

4. Identify the lowest physical feature in terms of Uganda's altitude.

5. Which map element can help a person to learn the physical features of a given area?

6. What does a *relief map* show?

7. Name any one physical feature in Uganda.

8. Why do you think that a mountainous area may be difficult to develop?

9. What problem do plain areas get during a rainy season?

10. The Bagishu and Bakonjo live on mountain slopes in our country. Write one cash crop grown by both.

11. How is a lake useful to the people living around its shores?

12. A rift valley which passes through Western Uganda is a large and long depression with steep sides.

Name any one lake found in this rift valley.

13. Why is the fishing activity carried out in the western rift valley?

14. What is the importance of the rare plants on Mount Elgon to Uganda's economy?

15. Mountain Rwenzori has snow on its peak. State the importance of this snow to the people.

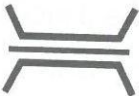
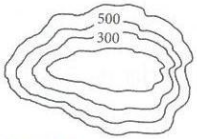
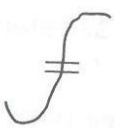
16. Kampala City is built on several hills today. State one way through which the hills are used by people who live in Kampala.

17. According to the history of Uganda, which area was referred to as the "hill of the impala"?

18. How do people in South Western Uganda use their beautiful rolling hills?

19. Give one way Uganda is benefiting from the waterfalls on Victoria Nile.

20. Match the following map symbols with their representation in the table given below.

Map symbol		Representation
a) 		Waterfall
b) 		Hilly area
c) 		Seasonal river
d) 		A mine
e) 		A bridge
f) 		Compass direction
g) 		A dam
h) 		Seasonal

21. Identify one physical feature where landslides and mud slides are the most common in Uganda.

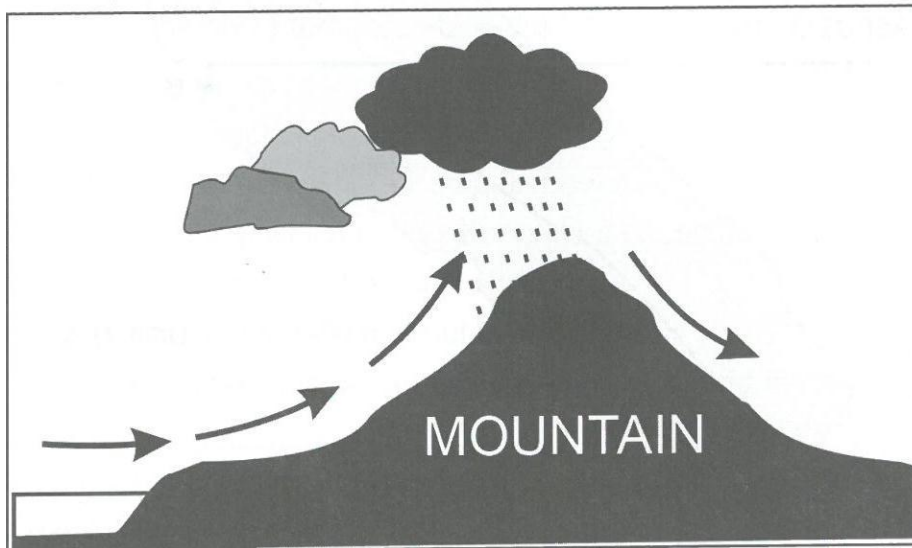
22. Name the physical feature which is the traditional source of salt in Uganda.

23. State one way of protecting bare hill-slopes in our country.

24. Give the importance of Uganda's highest mountains apart from helping in the process of rain formation.

25. State one importance of inselbergs.

26. What is happening in the picture drawn below.



27. A plain is a large area of flat land with few trees.

a) How do people use those plain areas to earn income?

b) Why are wild animals found in bushes of plains?

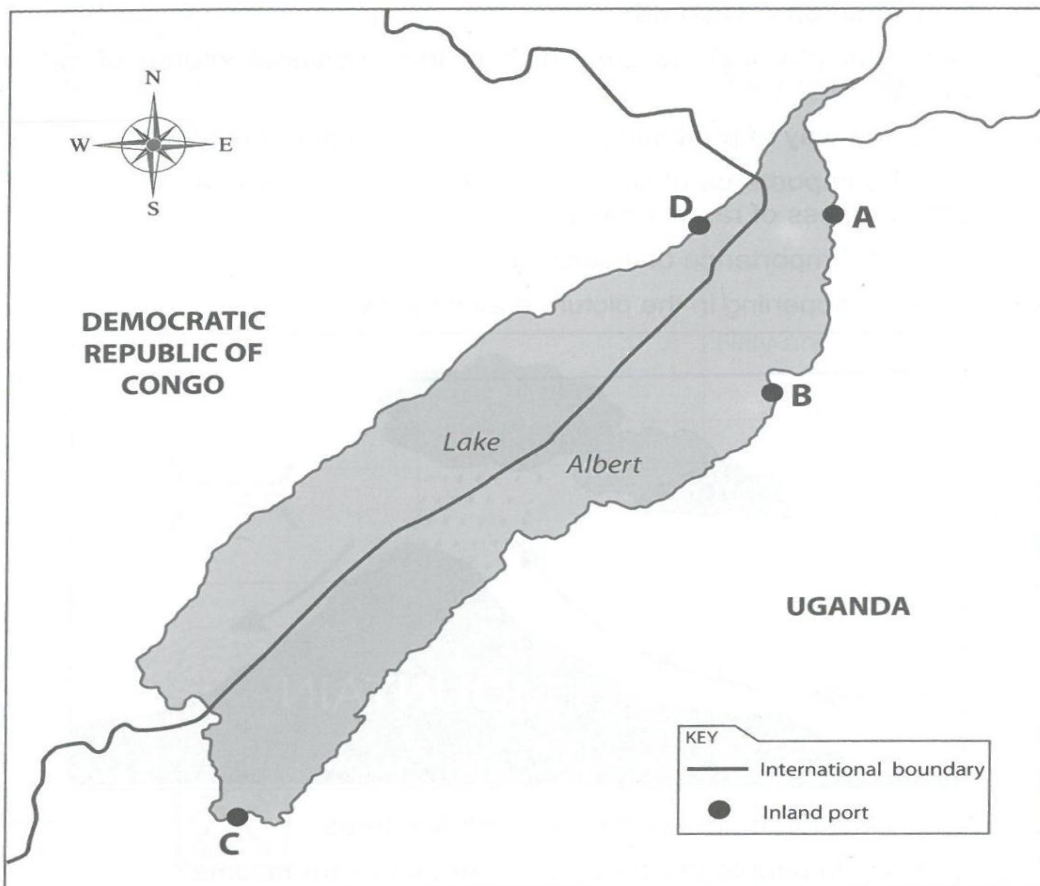
c) What do pastoralists do in those plains?

d) Bwaise in Kampala is a plain area. What is the common problem in Bwaise during the wet season?

28. Put a tick or a cross on each of the statements about building in the valleys.

- a) ☐ Floods can destroy the property.
- b) ☐ Spoils the drainage system.
- c) ☐ Spread of diseases.
- d) ☐ Animals in water can be destroyed.
- e) ☐ Craft materials can be reduced.
- f) ☐ herbal medicine can be destroyed.

Use the diagram of Lake Albert below to answer the following questions.



29. a)

Name the mineral found along Lake Albert shown above.

b) Which ports are shown;

(i) in Uganda at B? _____

(ii) in D.R.C at D? _____

c) Give two uses of the lake ports to the people of Uganda.

30. Read the story below about Kampala City and answer the questions that follow.

KAMPALA CITY

Kampala is the city with an interesting history. It got her name from an animal known as an "Impala" and was referred to in "Luganda" as "a Kasozi K'empala" meaning a hill of Impalas.

Kampala the commercial and administrative heart of Uganda was born at Old Kampala hill when the Colonial British Officer known as Captain Fredrick Lugard hoisted the flag of the Imperial British East Africa Company (IBEACO) making it the headquarters.

Kampala the green city of Africa borders the mighty and the world's largest fresh water Lake Victoria named after the Queen of Great Britain, Elizabeth Alexandra Mary. Victoria, is the lake which refreshes the people in Kampala with its cool air and convectional rains. Many lake side beaches and resorts on Lake Victoria are well known for their recreation activities which make me live long in my city. Long live Kampala! The city of the "Pearl of Africa".

Questions

a) What is the capital city of the *Pearl of Africa*?

b) Name the hill from where Kampala began.

c) Write one thing which makes Kampala a beautiful city to live in?

d) What is the origin of the name Kampala?

e) Name the Queen talked about in the story.

f) Write about two things that make Kampala city the heart of Uganda.

(i) _____ (ii) _____

31. a) Name the two foreigners talked about in the story above.

ii) _____ (ii) _____

b) Write down the only company talked about in the story.

c) Why does the writer wish to live long in Kampala city?

32. How do the groups of people below destroy our physical features because of their work;

a) miners? _____

b) builders? _____

c) farmers? _____

d) industrialists? _____

e) potters? _____

33. Give good reasons for each of the following.

a) Why do wild animals live near water bodies?

b) Why are the following used on rivers;

(i) bridges? _____

(ii) ferries? _____

(iii) boats? _____

34. a) How do we call the plant cover of an area?

b) Name the different kinds of vegetation near your school.

c) State the places where the following kinds of vegetation can be found.

Kinds of vegetation	Places where they occur
Forests	In valleys, highlands, shores of lakes

35. a) How are forests useful to the environment?

b) How are forests useful to our homes?

c) How are forests useful to insect life?

d) How is vegetation useful to climate?

36. a) What is natural vegetation?

b) What type of vegetation is grown by people in your area?

c) Why is the vegetation in our district not the same?

d) What is a large area of land thickly covered by trees growing together called?

e) Where are mountain forests found in Uganda?

f) What type of forests are Budongo and Mabira forests?

g) A shrub is a woody plant smaller than a tree with many stems arising at the ground. Give one importance of shrubs to people.

37. How does each of the following affect vegetation;

a) deforestation? _____

b) brick making? _____

c) road construction? _____

d) building houses for settlement? _____

e) industries? _____

f) over cultivation? _____

g) overgrazing? _____

h) bush burning? _____

i) clearing bushes and forests for crop growing?

38.a) Write any five things used in schools made from vegetation.

b) Name any five things used at home that are made from vegetation.

c) Identify any five things people would miss if vegetation was not protected.

Study the diagram below and answer the questions that follow.



CREATIVE PRINTERS

SECTION B

41.a) Write down two fruit trees planted by man.

b) How is grass important to your social environment?

c) Write the crops people in your district grow in swamps.

e) List down some raw materials that are got from swamps.

43. Give one reason why the following are important:

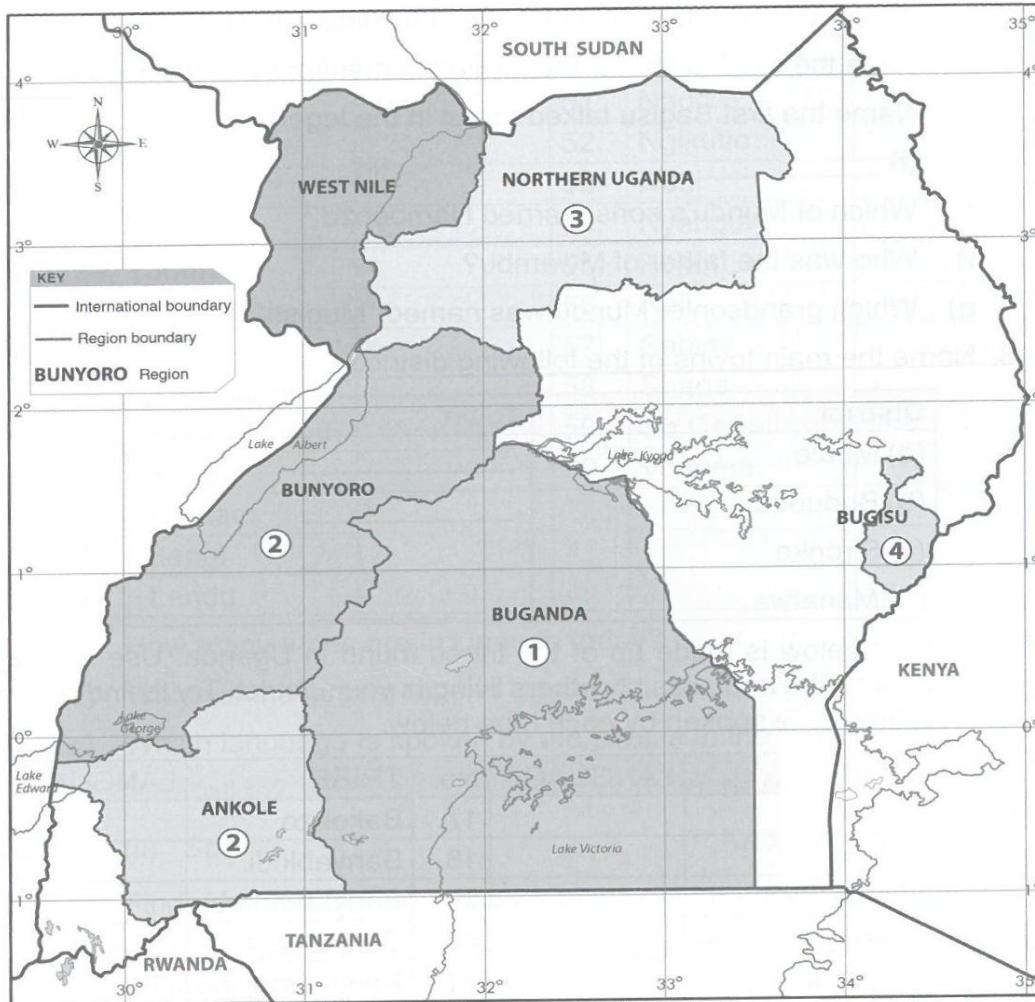
a) school rules.

b) by-laws.

c) good home customs.

d) cultural or traditional dances.

Study the map below and use it to answer the questions about it.



46. Which legends are told in the regions shown on the map of Uganda above?

Region	Legend
1. Central	_____
2. Western Uganda	_____
3. Northern Uganda	_____
4. Eastern (Mbale) Uganda	_____

47. a) In which district of Uganda do the Bagisu live?

b) Name the mountain on which the first Bagisu lived.

own tribe and possibly others living in your district. Try to find out the local language spoken by each tribe below.

No.	TRIBE	LANGUAGE	No.	TRIBE	LANGUAGE
1.	Acholi		17.	Bakozzo	
2.	Aliba		18.	Banyabindi	
3.	Alur		19.	Banyabutumbi	
4.	Aringa		20.	Banyankole	
5.	Bamba		21.	Banyaruguru	
6.	Babukusu		22.	Banyarwanda	
7.	Babwisi		23.	Banyole	
8.	Bafumbira		24.	Banyoro	
9.	Baganda		25.	Baruli	
10.	Bagisu		26.	Basoga	
11.	Bagwere		27.	Basongora	
12.	Bahehe		28.	Batagwenda	
13.	Bahororo		29.	Batoro	
14.	Bakenyi		30.	Batuku	
15.	Bakiga		31.	Lugbara	
16.	Batwa				

d) Why do people immigrate?

51. There are different leaders in our district. They are; political, civic, cultural, religious and voluntary.

a) Give one example of a political leader in a village.

e) Give one example of cultural leaders of different tribes in Uganda.

52. a) Who is the head of the Local Council One (L.C 1)?

b) What age is a person supposed to have in order to become a member of the local council one?

c) How many members make up the local council one?

d) Which member of Local Council One is responsible for;



CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 4

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INSTRUCTIONS

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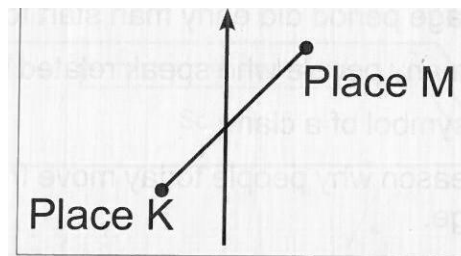
NAME: _____ **INDEX NO.** _____

SECTION A

1. Name the element of a map which interprets map symbols.

2. What name is given to a place where stone age people lived?

3. In which compass direction is place M from place K?



4. Why is Kalangala district having thick forests?

5. Give one way of improving the neatness of a map.

6. Write any one piece of information you can find on a school signpost.

7. Where do people like the magistrates work?

14. What are landforms?

15. In which lake within Uganda is crude oil found?

16. Name one natural resource which is affected by overgrazing.

17. State the importance of sunshine to a crop farmer.

18. Which part of your uniform bears the school motto?

19. Give one reason why people drain water swamps.

20. What is the use of a mallet drawn below to our local communities?



21. From which type of wood do we get matchboxes and paper?

22. What is agroforestry?

31. Why are there many people in market places

32. What is the main economic activity of people who live near Rivers or Lakes?

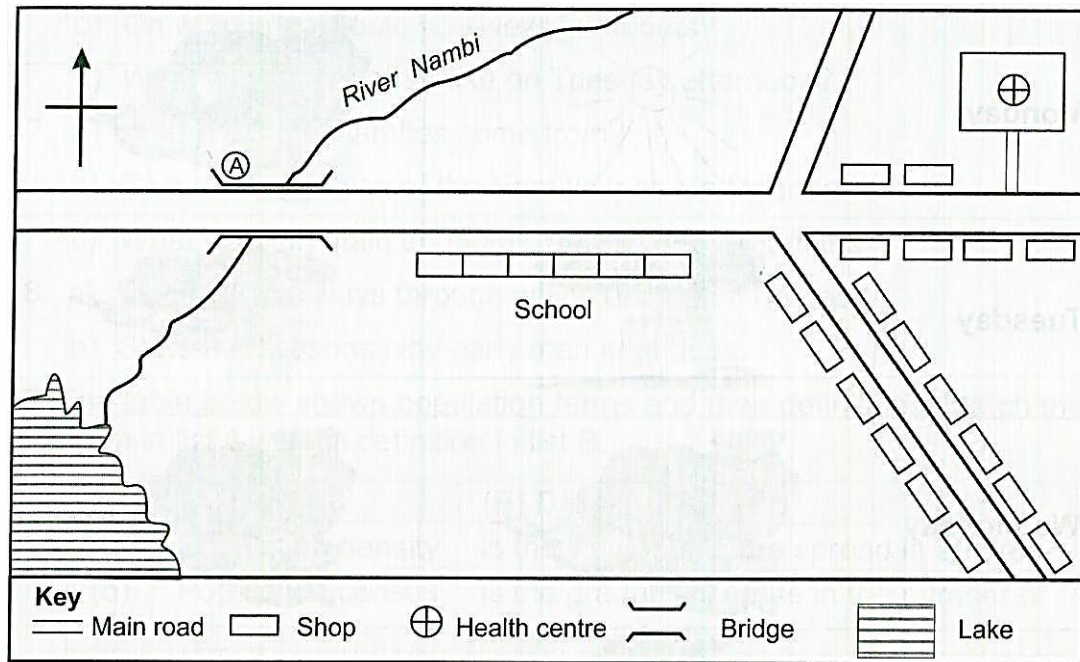
38. **Either:** What message did Angel Gabriel bring to the Virgin Mary?

Or: What message did Angel Gibril give to prophet Muhammad (S.W.A) on Mount Hira?

39. **Either:** Why was Moses sent to Egypt? **Or:** Why did Allah send Musa to Egypt?

SECTION B 40

40. Use the map below to answer the questions that follow.



a) In which compass direction is the lake from the health centre?

b) Why was the feature marked A built?

c) Mention two social services provided in the above represented area.

41.a) What is a slum?

b) State any one activity carried out at Port Bell.

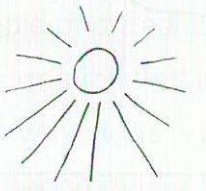
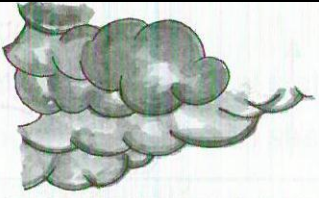
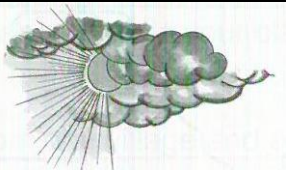
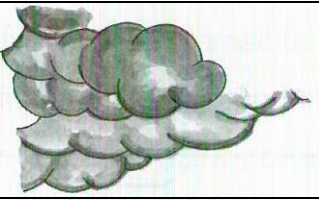
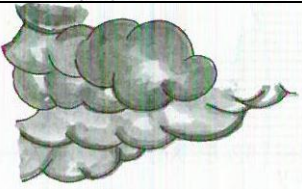
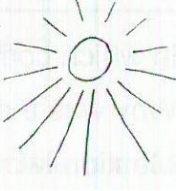
c) Give two ways in which Lake Victoria is useful to the people of Uganda.

44.a) What name is given to a building or groups of buildings in which raw materials are turned into finished products?

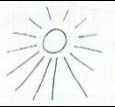
b) Give any two examples of finished products used in your school.

c) Mention one reason why people should grow more cotton.

45. Study the weather chart below and answer the questions that follow.

Day	Morning	Afternoon
Monday		
Tuesday		
Wednesday		
Thursday		
Friday		

KEY

	Cloudy
	Sunny
	Rainy
	Windy

a) What was the weather like on Thursday morning?

b) On which day was the weather cloudy throughout the day?

47. a) Give any two ways through which early man got food, b) State two reasons why early man kept dogs.

48. The table below shows population terms and their definitions. Match the term in list A with its definition in list B.

	A) Terms	(B) Definitions
(a)	Population density	Is the way people are spread in an area.
(b)	Population census	Is the gradual increase in the number of people in an area.
(c)	Population growth	Is the counting of people in a country
(d)	Population distribution	Is the number of people living per square kilometre.

- a) Population density.....
- b) Population census

b) Write any three promises that God made to Abraham.

Or:

a) Who is known as the father of all believers

b) What did Prophet Ibrahim do to show obedience to Allah?

c) Name any two children of Prophet Ibrahim.

51. Either:

a) What is the meaning of "Church"?

b) Give any two reasons why Christians get together in one place.

53.b) Give any three common beliefs among all Christians.

Or:

a) Name the body which heads all Muslims in Uganda.

b) Give any three common beliefs among all Muslims.

54. **Either:**

Jesus as a leader served his followers.

a) Mention any two ways in which Jesus served others.

b) As a young Christian, give two lessons you learn from the actions of Jesus as a leader.

Or:

a) Give one reason why Muslims read Surat al-humaza.

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 5

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Answer all questions
2. Write answers in a good handwriting.
3. All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ **INDEX NO.** _____

SECTION A

6. Give the main activity of the people of Uganda.

7. Why is subsistence farming common in Uganda?

8. Give a reason why the Bantu settled around the shores of Lake Victoria.

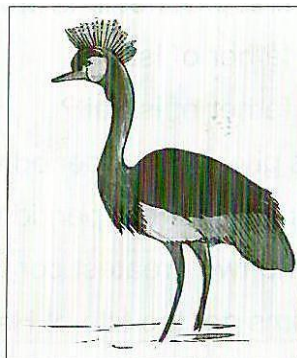
9. Name the largest wild animal in Uganda.

10. Write down one human activity that negatively affects vegetation.

11. Which group of foreigners introduced Christianity in Uganda?

18. Why were the Luo unable to form a kingdom?

19. What does the bird below represent on the Uganda National flag?



20. What was the occupation of the first group of foreigners in Uganda?

21.

31. How did early man obtain food?

32. Name the river that forms a national boundary between Uganda and Tanzania.

33. What title is given to the kings of Wanga Kingdom?

34. Give one skill which the people of long ago taught to their children.

35. How is port Dar-es-salaam important to the economic development of Uganda?

For questions 36-40, answer either Christianity or Islam questions but not BOTH.

36. **Either:** Why did Gideon keep asking God to perform a miracle?

Or: Why do Muslims circumcise males?

37. **Either:** In which book of the Bible is God's story of creation written about?

Or: Who was the first prophet in Islam?

38. **Either:** Who was the father of Isaac?

Or: Who was the father of Ismail?

39. **Either:** What name is given to the period when Christians fast?

Or: What name is given to the period when Muslims fast?

40.

43.a) Identify the national game park in which Lake Mburo is found.

b) Mention any two invisible exports of Uganda.

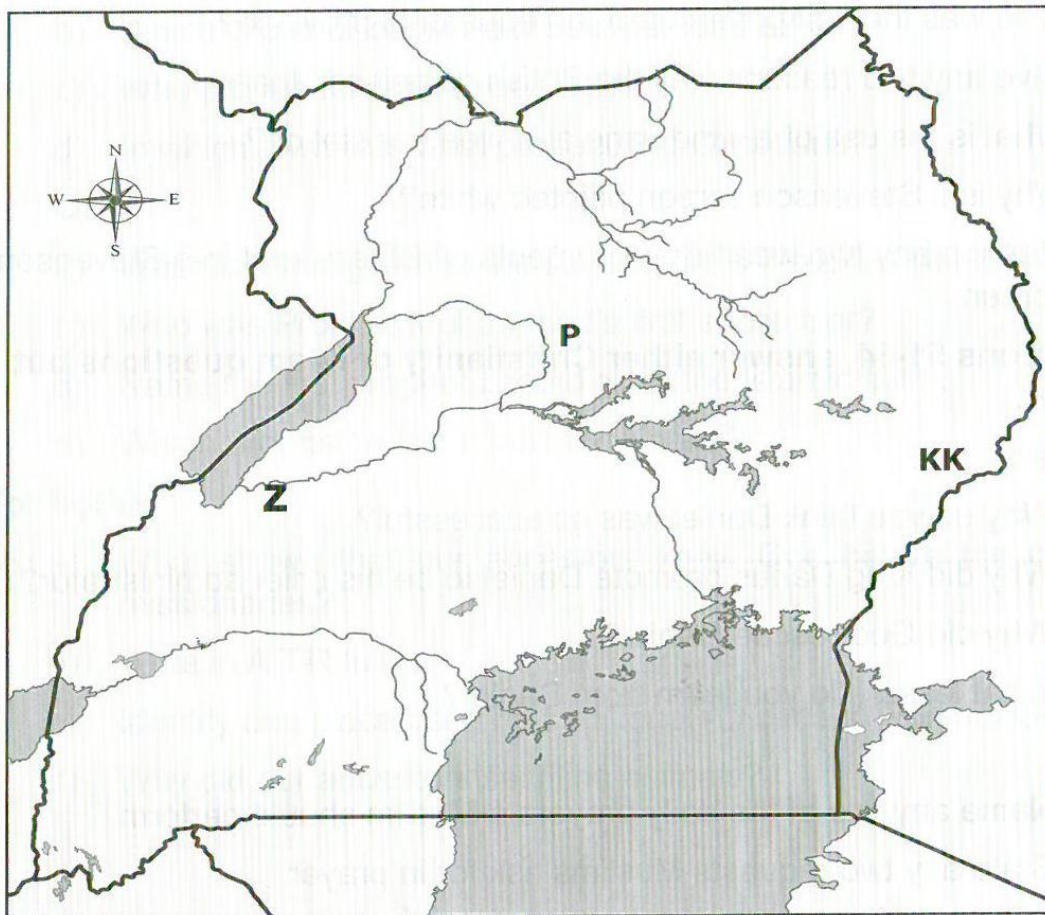
c) Write down any one problem facing tourism in Uganda.

44. a) Why are most rift valley lakes salty?

b) Which arm of the rift valley passes through Nebbi in Uganda?

c) State any two economic uses of lakes to the people of Uganda.

45. Study the map of Uganda and answer the questions that follow.



a) What is the main cash crop grown in area marked with letter KK?

b) Name the first European explorer to see lake marked Z.

c) Why is water transport difficult on river marked P.

d) Using a ruler and a pencil, draw the line of latitude marked 00 on the map above.

46. a) What was H.M Stanley's contribution towards Christianity in Uganda?

b) State two ways how the missionaries developed Uganda.

c) Identify one problem Christian missionaries faced in Uganda.

47. a) Name any two examples of social services used to meet people's needs in our country.

b) Identify any two groups of people who provide social services in our country.

48. a) State one human activity that promotes climate.

b) Identify any two reasons why people carry out deforestation.

c) Give one effect of deforestation to the climate of an area.

49. a) Name the African country which tried to colonise Uganda.

b) Who was the first governor of the equatorial province?

c) Give any two reasons why the British colonised Uganda.

50. a) What is the use of a wind vane at a weather station?

b) Why is a Stevenson screen painted white?

c) Mention any two weather instruments which are kept in a Stevenson screen.

For questions 51-54, answer either Christianity or Islam questions but not BOTH.

51. **Either:**

a) Why do you think Daniel was so successful?

b) Why did King Darius promote Daniel to be his chief administrator?

c) Why did God rescue Daniel?

d) What lesson do you learn from Daniel?

Or:

a) Name any two of the daily prayers a Muslim should perform.

b) State any two requests Muslims ask for in prayer.

52. **Either:**

State four qualities of a good Christian.

Or:

a) What is the meaning of a miracle?

b) Write any three miracles of Prophet Muhammad.

53. **Either:**

a) Who betrayed Jesus Christ?

b) How did Jesus Christ meet his death?

c) Mention any two miracles Jesus performed first and last.

Or:

a) Who was the father of Prophet Muhammad?

b) Why did Prophet Muhammad flee from Mecca to Medina

c) Mention any two things Muslims offer as zakat.

54. **Either:**

a) What name did Paul have before he followed Jesus?

b) Which group of people did Saul persecute?

c) Who prayed for Saul to see again?

d) In which town was Saul persecuting Christians?

Or:

a) What title was given to the successors of Prophet Muhammad?

b) Who was Prophet Muhammad's first successor?

c) Name the first prophet according to the Islamic faith.

d) Which prophet in Islam built the Kaaba?

For both

55. a) What shows that our ancestors knew God before the coming of missionaries?

b) Write in A.T.R full.

c) Identify one place used by traditional Africans to worship God.

d) Why did our ancestors sacrifice animals?

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 6

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

- 4. Answer all questions**
- 5. Write answers in a good handwriting.**
- 6. All drawings should be done using sharp pencil**

NAME: _____ **INDEX NO.** _____

SECTION A

1. What is the main occupation of the people who live along river Nile?

2. State one reason why there are many industries in Kampala today.

3. What is the most important use of Parliament

4. How valuable are natural forests to traders?

5. How important is the Uganda motto "For God and My Country"?

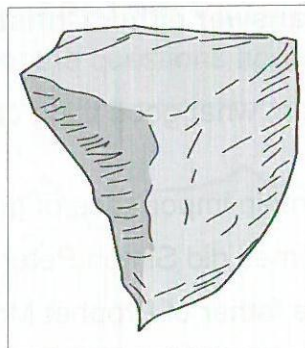
6. What is the average atmospheric condition of a place recorded after a long period called?

7. Name the group of people who live in one area, speak the same language and share customs.

8. Why is it important to measure the speed of wind?

9. Name one lake found outside the Rift valley in Uganda.

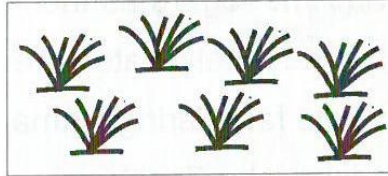
-
10. What can be done to reduce poverty in Uganda?
-
11. What is the importance of the local council chairperson?
-
12. What is the importance of the Uganda Coat of Arms?
-
13. Why does the government encourage Universal Primary Education?
-
14. When did Uganda get her independence?
-
15. State one duty of a good citizen of Uganda.
-
16. What region is made up of Gulu, Lira and Pader?
-
17. What name is given to a home of a king?
-
18. What are the qualities of a good map?
-
19. Name the lake that is shared by Uganda and Democratic Republic of Congo.
-
20. Who designed the independence monument in Kampala in 1962?
-
21. The tool below was used by early man. What is it made of?



22. Give one service provided in a good hospital.

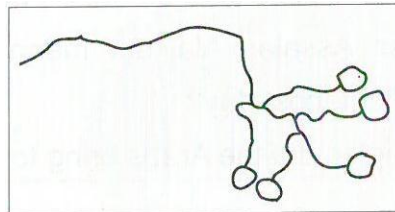
23. How does the story of European explorers help us today?

24. What does the symbol below represent on a map?



25. Write down any one of the cities built on the East African Coast by the Arabs.

26. What was the use of the stone age tool below to the early man?



27. What name is given to all crops which farmers grow for sale?

28. Name the type of cows brought into Uganda by the Bachwezi.

29. Underline the district in Uganda which has a good cool climate like that of Europe.

Kampala, Gulu, Kabale, Masaka.

30. Give one reason why early man ate raw food.

31. Name the bird which is found in the middle of the Uganda National flag.

32. Describe the climate experienced in the central region of Uganda.

For questions 33 to 40, answer either Christianity or Islam questions, but not BOTH.

33. **Either:** As a Christian, what good thing can you do for any sick person?

Or: What is the main importance of giving Zakkat-al- mal?

34. **Either:** How many times did Simon Peter deny Jesus Christ?

Or: Who was the father of Prophet Mohammed (S.W.A)?

35. **Either:** Who is Jesus' Heavenly father?

Or: Name the Holy book used in the Islamic faith.

36. **Either:** Which book is known as "The word of God" among the Christians?

Or: Whom do Muslims regard as the first Prophet?

37. **Either:** What do Christians celebrate on every 25th December?

Or: Why do Muslims fast during Ramadhan?

38. **Either:** Give one reason why Zacchaeus climbed sycamore tree?

Or: Who is the current Mufti of Uganda.

39. Either: Who was a tax collector before he became a follower of Jesus?

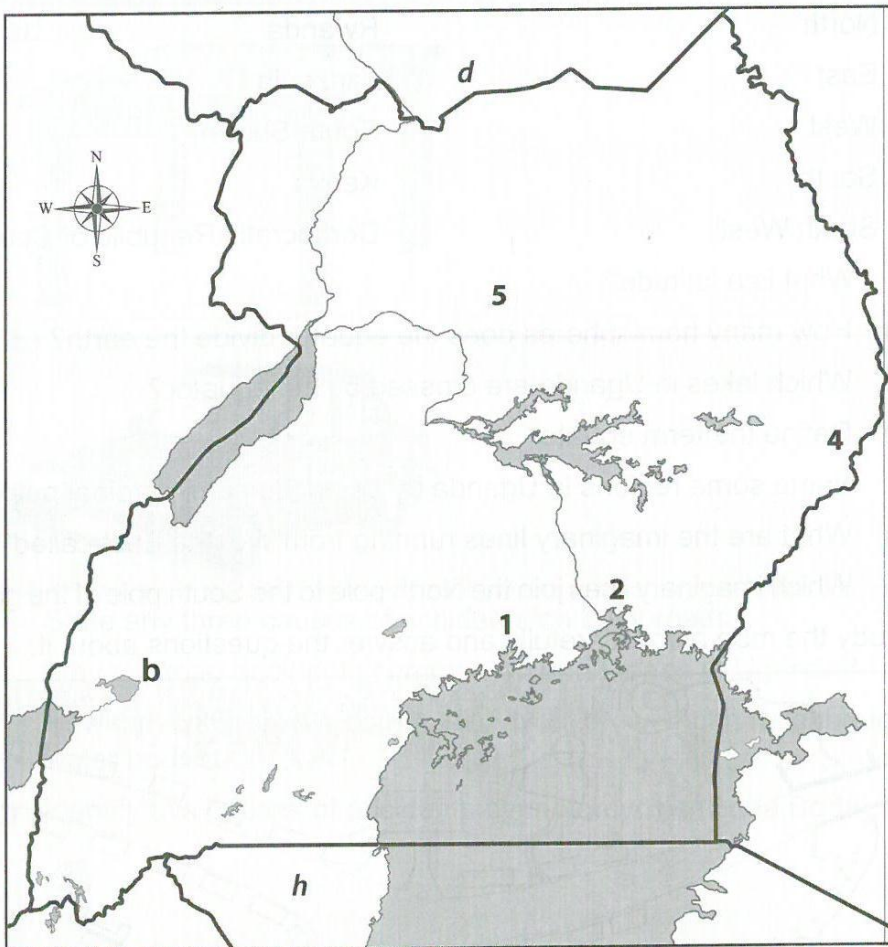
Or: What does "Assalam Alaikum" mean in Islamic greeting?

40. Either What is Pentecost day?

Or: Which religion did the Arabs bring to Uganda?

SECTION B

41. Study the map and answer the questions about it.



a) Which number on the map shows Kampala city?

b) Name the country marked **h**.

c) Which lake does letter **b** show on the map?

42. a) Who was the first great ruler of the Bachwezi?

b) How do the works of the Bachwezi left behind help us to remember them today?

c) Who were the first rulers of the great Bunyoro Kitara Empire?

d) Name the last ruler of the Bachwezi in Uganda's history.

43. Match the following countries with their directions from Uganda.

A

North

East

West

South

South West

B

Rwanda

Tanzani

South Sudan

Keny

Democratic Republic of Congo

44. a) What is a latitude?

b) How many hemispheres does the equator divide the earth?

c) Which lakes in Uganda are crossed by the equator?

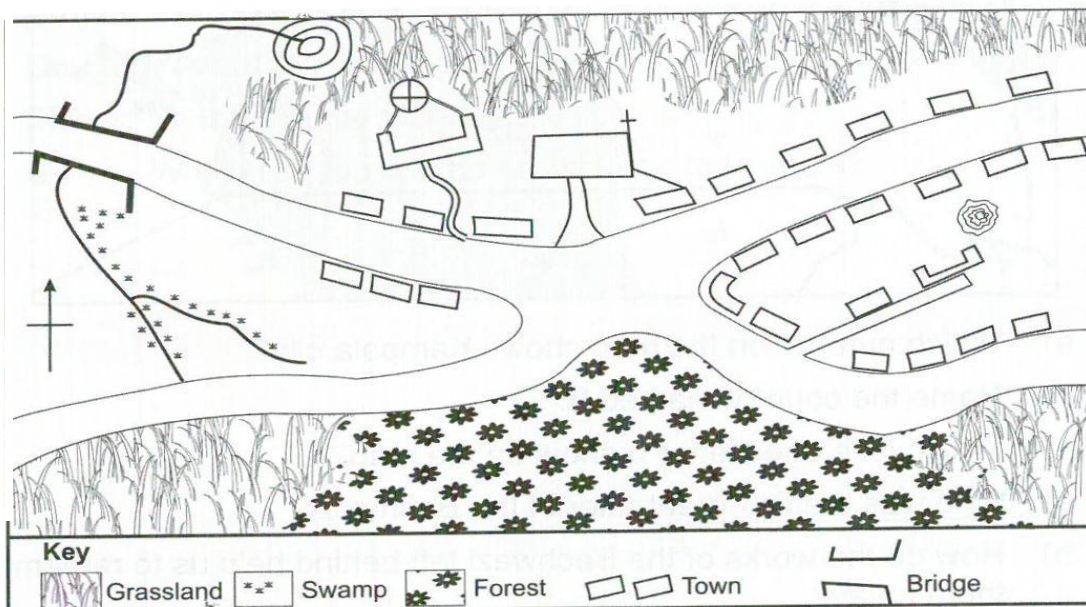
d) Define the term equator.

45. a) Name some regions in Uganda by using the semi-cardinal points.

b) What are the imaginary lines running from West to East called?

c) Which imaginary lines join the North pole to the South pole of the globe?

46. Study the map below carefully and answer the questions about it.



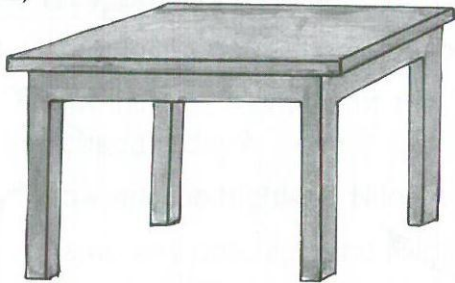
a) Why is there a bridge in the town?

b) In which direction is the forest?

c) Give one reason for grazing cattle near Mayanga town above.

d) How many roads are seen on the above map?

47. Draw maps of the following.

Picture	Map
a) 	
b) 	

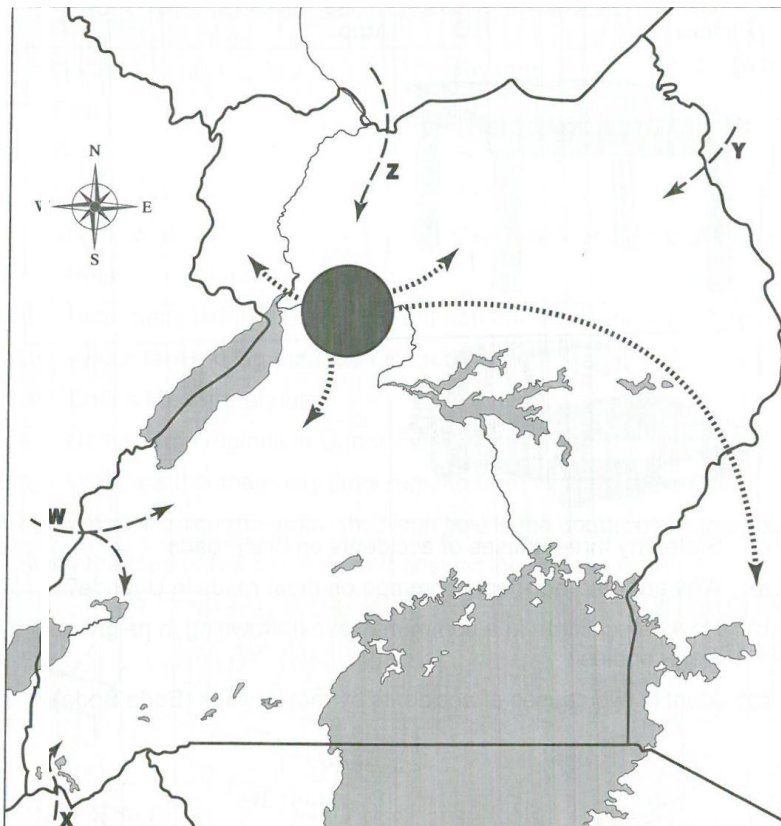
c) State any three causes of accidents on busy roads.

48. a) Why are road accidents common on most roads in Uganda?

b) How can children in a community avoid drowning in neighbouring water bodies?

c) Identify two causes of accidents by motorcycles (Boda Boda)

49. Use the map below to answer the questions about it.



a) What are ethnic groups?

b) Name the region in Uganda where the following ethnic groups are largely found.

Ethnic group	Current region
i) Hamites	Southwestern (Kiruhura)
ii) Bantu	_____
iii) Nilo-Hamites (plain)	_____
iv) Nilotes	_____
v) Sudanic	Northwestern Uganda

50. a) Name the tribe in Uganda whose origin are the Hamites.

b) From which neighbouring country to Uganda are the Hamites living?

c) Why did they migrate?

d) What is the current occupation of the Hamite people in Uganda?

51. a) How did the coming of the Hamites improve on the economy of Uganda today?

b) How are the highland Nilotes similar to the Hamites?

c) Name any one highland Nilotic tribe living in Uganda today.

d) Why do the Hamites practise crop cultivation in Uganda?

52. Name the origins of the following:

a) the Bantu_____

b) the Nilotes_____

c) the Hamites_____

d) the Nilo Hamites (plain Nilotes).

53. Which of the above ethnic groups;

a) formed Kingdoms in the inter - lacustrine region?

b) is the largest ethnic group?

c) established the Babito dynasty in Bunyoro Kitara?

d) include the Kuman, Iteso and Karamajong?

e) was divided because of the spear and the bead?

For questions 54 to 55, answer either Christianity or Islam questions, but not BOTH.

54. Either:

a) Who killed Abel?

b) In which village did Jesus grow up from?

c) Who saw a burning bush and had to remove his sandals according to the Bible?

d) Name Jacob's son who was hated and sold by his brothers to the Egyptian merchants.

Or:

Give any four groups of people who should be excused from fasting during the Holy month of Ramadhan

55. Either:

a) What do you call the meal Jesus had with His disciples before He was killed?

b) Why did God remove Adam's rib?

c) Who was Lazarus' sister?

d) Why was baby Jesus taken to Egypt?

Or:

a) What is the main duty of the following in a Mosque;

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 7

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME:_____INDEX NO._____

SECTION A

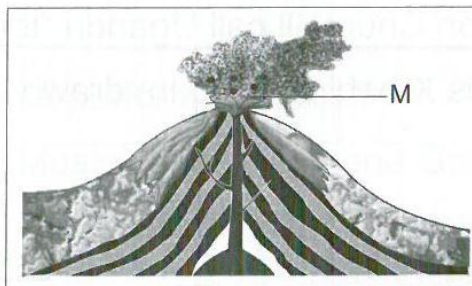
1. What are physical features?

2. State one physical feature where fishing is carried out.

3. Name one way highlands can attract rainfall.

4. Which physical feature is shown in the picture below.

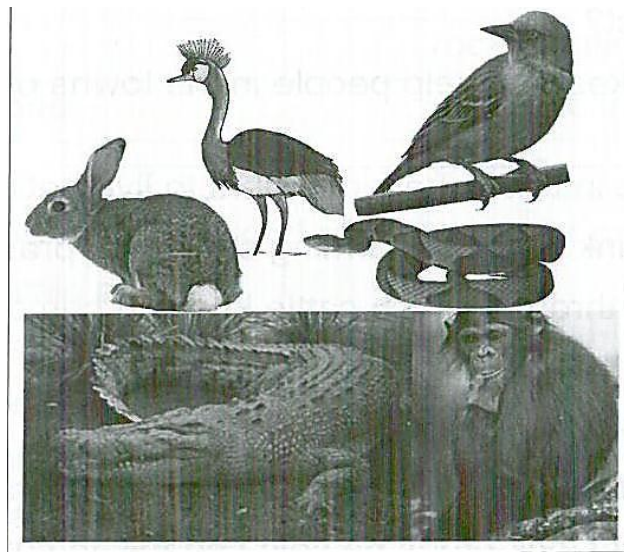
5. Describe what is happening in the diagram below.



6. Which type of mountain can be formed as a result of the above eruption?

7. How are some of the physical features a problem to people?

Study the picture below and use it to answer the questions about it.

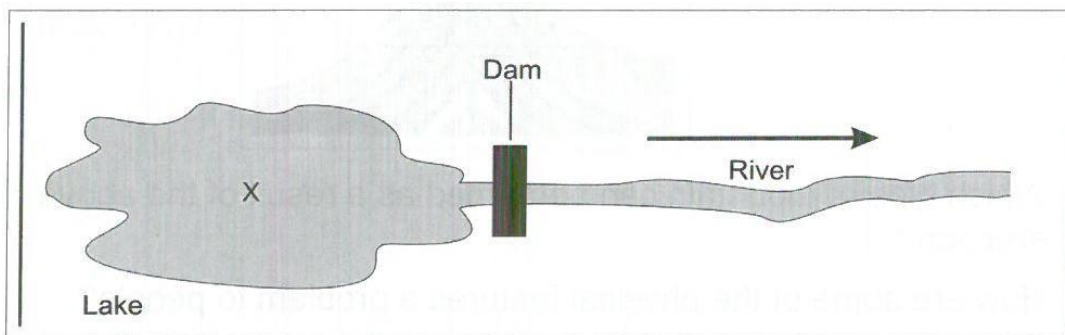


13. Identify the bird used as the National symbol of Uganda.

14. Why was the above mentioned bird chosen as Uganda's emblem?

20. Why did Sir Winston Churchill call Uganda "the Pearl of Africa"?

21. What type of lake is X behind the dam drawn below?



22. How is pastoralism important to people within our country?

23. Name the main pastoralist tribe in Uganda.

24. Apart from getting milk and meat, how are cows important to man?

25. Give one major problem facing pastoralists in Uganda today.

26. How would a beef processing factory help pastoralists nearby

27. Why should the government set up a leather processing plant in Kiruhura district?

33. What is commercial farming?

34. Why should a big cattle market be built in Kiruhura district?

35. Why should livestock drugs be sold cheaply to cattle farmers?

For questions 36- 40, answer Either Christianity or Islamic but not BOTH.

36. **Either:** How was River Jordan important to Jesus' life?

Or: How was the cave at Hira important to Muhammed?

37. **Either:** To whom did God give the Ten Commandments?

Or: To whom did Allah give the book of Injil

SECTION B

41.a) What is tourism?

b) Name any one tourist attraction in Uganda.

c) State two ways in which the tourism industry is important to Uganda.

42. Match the following tourist attractions correctly in List A to list B.

A		B
a) Natural forests		Waterfalls
b) Savanna grasslands		Lakes
c) Rivers		Rock paintings
d) Beaches or resorts		Thick and impenetrable
		Wildlife

43. Why do the following live in the kind of environment given below;

a) gorillas in mountain areas?

b) crocodiles in water?

c) pygmies in forests?

d) sheep in drier areas?

e) goats in urban areas?

44. The following are major tourist attractions in Uganda. Match the items in list in A to the items in list B correctly.

A		B
a) Lake Munyanyage		Tree climbing lions
b) Lake Katwe		Hippo floating
c) Kazinga channel		Flamingo watching
d) Ishasa		Traditional salt mining

45. a) Explain how large swamps around Lake Kyoga are important tourist attractions.

47. a) Who are poachers?

b) Why does government control poaching?

c) Why do poachers hunt animals such as;

i) Leopards? _____

ii) Elephants? _____

48.a) Why is tourism called an industry?

b) Why is tourism called invisible trade?

c) Which bird attracts tourists to Kidepo valley National Game Park?

d) Name one beautiful scenery on Mountain Rwenzori.

49. What makes the following places historical sites:

- a) Fort Lugard? _____
- b) Fort portal? _____
- c) Fort Jesus? _____
- d) Fort Patiko? _____

50. How does tourism;

- a) protect wild game?

- b) provide market for handicrafts?

- c) promote the relationship between countries?

- d) encourage good transport network?

For questions 51-53, answer either Christianity or Islamic questions but not BOTH.

51. Either:

Write briefly about each of the following,

- a) Good Friday:

- b) Pentecost day:

- c) Martyrs' day:

- d) New Year's day:

Or:

Write briefly about each of the following.

- a) Imaam: _____

- b) Swalah: _____
- c) Martyr's day: _____
- d) Shahadat: _____

52. Either:

- a) Who were the first Anglican Missionaries to Uganda?

- b) Name the first two Catholic Missionaries to arrive in Uganda.

Or:

- a) Which Arab trader introduced Islam into Uganda?

- b) Apart from spreading Islam, mention other things the trader named above taught Ugandans?

53. Either:

- a) State the message taught by each of the following to their followers,

(i) John the Baptist: _____

(ii) Isaiah: _____

- b) Mention any two types of baptism that John the Baptist talked about.

Or:

Give four reasons to explain why going for a pilgrimage (Hijja) is important to Muslims. _____

For Both:

54. a) Give two ways in which prophets are important.

b) Name any two prophets in Christianity.

c) Write down three prophets in Islam.

55. a) What is a sin?

b) Name any two sins committed in our community.

c) What causes people to sin?

Use your ruler and find out:

1. How many centimetres is the length **A - B**?

2. Find out the length from **E - D**.

3. Measure and find out the length of **F - G** and **H - I**.

4. Which part of Uganda is;

- a) wider? _____

- b) narrower? _____

5. Using the letters on the map above, which parts of Uganda are further in the;

- a) North? _____

- b) South? _____

6. Write down the local place where Uganda derives her name.

7. Name any four powerful states which were combined by the British to

8. Which state was the most wealthier and powerful?

9. Which states grew out of Bunyoro-Kitara?

10. Name the King of Buganda who asked for the coming of the European Missionaries.

11. Why did the kingdom of Buganda become rich and powerful in the nineteenth century?

12. Which African country sent her army to overthrow the Kabaka of Buganda?

13. Name the European explorer who wrote a letter on behalf of Kabaka Mutesa I asking for Missionaries to come to Buganda.

14. Why did the Kabaka ask for practical working Missionaries?

15. Why did Kabaka Mutesa I want the British's support?

16. Which group of Missionaries arrived in Uganda first?

17. Who among the Missionaries in Buganda was a practical man?

18. Who were the first White Father Missionaries to arrive in Buganda?

19. Name any of the four religious groups in Buganda which had support from abroad.

Use the table below to answer the following questions.

UGANDA MARTYRS EXECUTED IN 1885-1887

Name	Denomination	Mode of execution	Place of Execution	Date
Balikuddembe Yosefu	Catholic	Beheaded	Nakivubo	Nov15, 1885
Kaggwa Andereya	Catholic	Beheaded	Munyonyo	May 26, 1886
Ngondwe Ponsiano	Catholic	Beheaded	Ttakajjunge	May 26, 1886
Ssebugwawo Dennis	Catholic	Beheaded	Munyonyo	May 26, 1886
Bazzekuketta Antanasio	Catholic	Dismembered	Nakivubo	May 27, 1886
Gonza Gonzaga	Catholic	Beheaded	Lubowa	May 27, 1886
Mulumba Matiya	Catholic	Dismembered	Old Kampala	May 27, 1886

Mawagali Nuwa	Catholic	Speared	Mityana	May 31, 1886
Lwanga Kalooli	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	June3, 1886
Banabakintu Lukka	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Buuzabalyaawo Yakobo	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	June3, 1886
Gyaviira	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
KibuukaAmbrosio	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Kiriggwajjo Anatooli	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Kiriwawanvu Yakobo	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	June3, 1886
Kiwanuka Achileo	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Kizito	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Ludigo Mukasa Adolofu	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Mugagga	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Sserunkuuma Bruno	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Tuzinde Mbaga	Catholic	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Muzeeyi Jean-Marie	Catholic	Beheaded	Mengo	Jan 27, 1887
Kakumba Makko	Anglican	Burned	Busega	Jan 31, 1885
Lugalama Yusuf	Anglican	Burned	Busega	Jan 31, 1885
Sserwanga Nuwa	Anglican	Burned	Busega	Jan 31, 1885
Mukasa Musa	Anglican	Speared	Munyonyo	May 25, 1886
Mbwa Eriya	Anglican	Castrated	Mengo	May 27, 1886
Muddu -Aguma	Anglican	Castrated	Mengo	May 27, 1886
Muwanga Daudi	Anglican	Castrated	Namanve	1886
Kiyizzi Kibuuka	Anglican	Castrated	Mityana	May 31, 1886
Mayanja Katoogo	Anglican	Castrated	Mityana	May 31, 1886
Muwanga	Anglican	Castrated	Mityana	JuneS, 1886
Kadoko Alexandra	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Kifamunyanja	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	June 3, 1886
Kiwanuka Giyaza	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Kwabafu	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886

Mubi-Azaalwa	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Munyagabyangu R	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Muwanga Njigija	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Nakabandwa Danieli	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Walukaga Nuwa	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Wassa	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
Kiiza Fredrick	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	June 3, 1886
Lwakisiga Mukasa	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	JuneS, 1886
_wanga	Anglican	Burned	Namugongo	June 3, 1886

20. Why did Kabaka Mwanga order for the killing of the Christians?

21. How were the first Uganda martyrs killed?

22. Name the three Anglican martyrs who were killed in 1885 at Busega.

23. Who was the first Catholic Ugandan martyr?

24. Where was Lwanga Karoli burnt from?

25. Write any Uganda Christian martyr who was beheaded at Munyonyo in 1886.

26. Which letter on the map shows Fort Luba's?

27. Name places B,C,D,E shown on the map.

28. Why did Kabaka Mwanga order for the killing of Bishop Tucker Hannington?

29. Name any one Christian denomination in Uganda.

30. Which European Christian Missionary built the first mission station at Rabai?

31. State any of the cash crops that was introduced into Uganda by Missionary N.K Borup.

32. State one economic contribution of Missionaries to the present Uganda.

33. Name one group of Missionaries who replaced the White Fathers in Uganda.

34. Which Missionary helped to build Mengo Hospital?

35. Give one way in which Missionaries tried to reduce poverty in Uganda.

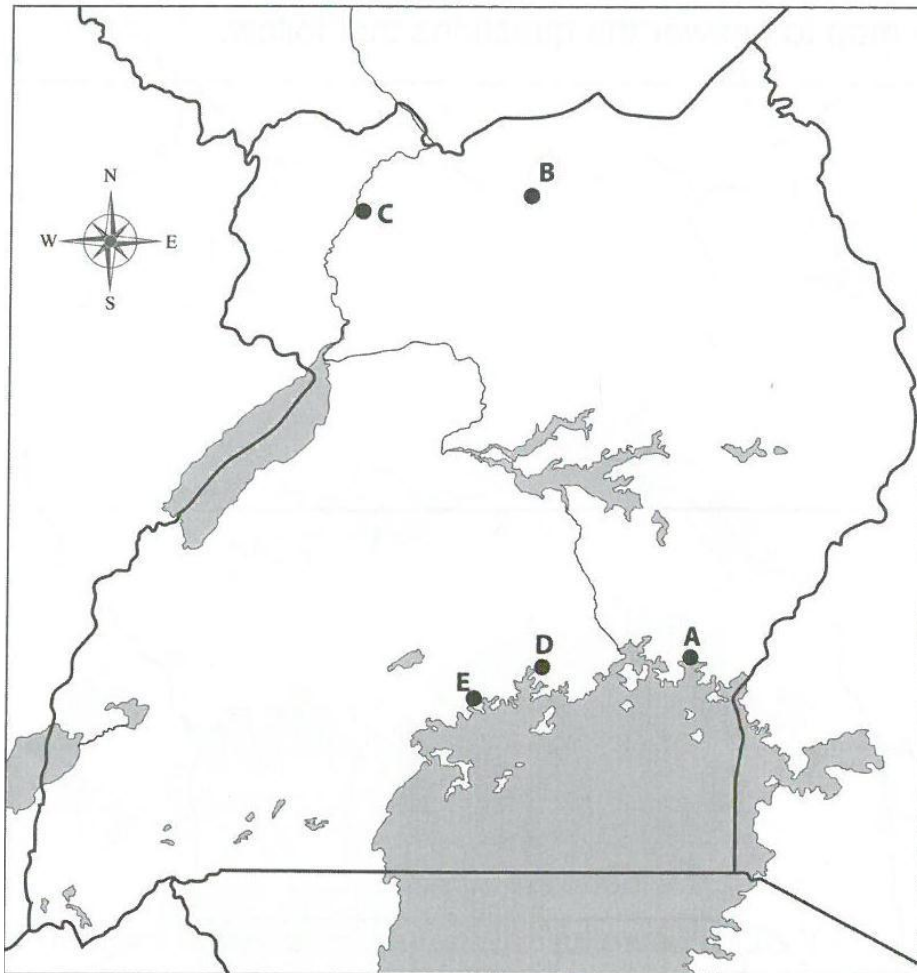
36. How is the Church in Uganda today trying to make us better people?

37. Who canonised the Uganda Martyrs?

38. How should Uganda show respect to Uganda Martyrs?

SECTION B

39. Use the map to answer the questions that follow.



- a) Show the salty lake with letter Von the map.
-
- b) What major activity is practiced by the people living in area marked letter **SSSS**?
-
- c) Name the latitude marked **AB**.
-
- d) Which river is a tributary of river *P* shown on the map?
-

40. What do the following represent on the coat of Arms;

- a) shield and spear? _____
- b) crested Crane? _____
- c) drum? _____
- d) Kob? _____

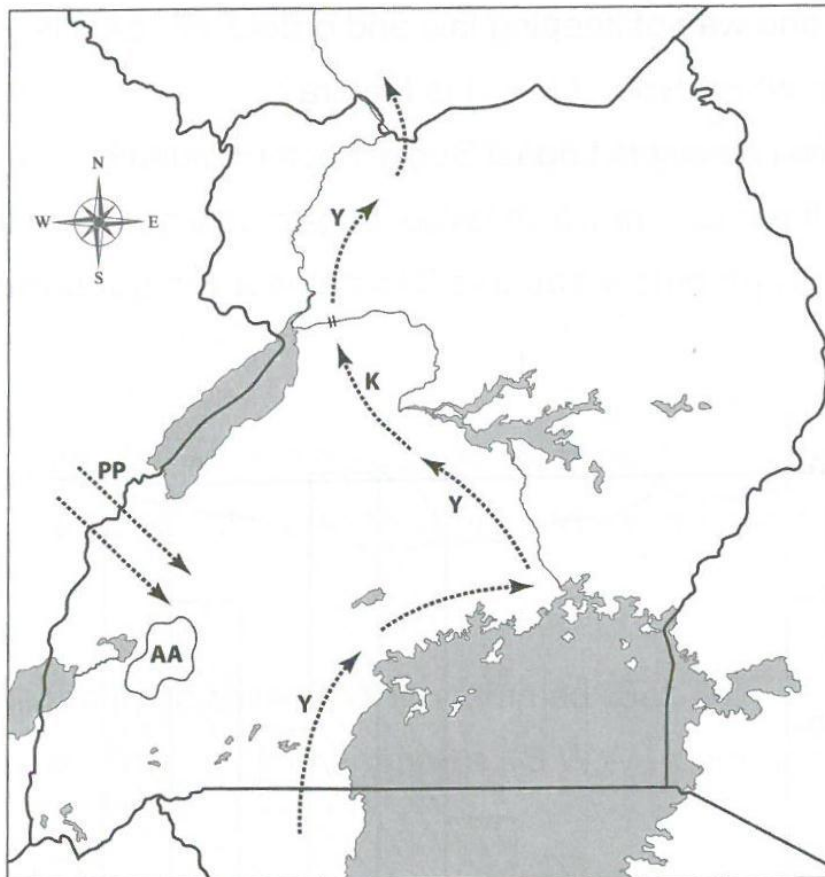
41. a) What is the motto of Uganda as a country?

c) How many stanzas (parts) does the Uganda National Anthem have?

c) When was Uganda's National Anthem first sung?

d) Who composed the Uganda National Anthem?

42. Use the map below to answer the following questions.



a) Name the European Explorer who followed route **YY**.

b) Name the title used for Kings in the area marked **AA**.

c) Name the tribal group of people who came into Uganda through the route marked **PP**.

d) Who was the first European to come across the falls marked **K?**

43. Name the type of transport which is the:

a) quickest. _____

b) cheapest. _____

c) slowest. _____

d) most flexible. _____

44. Give one example of a tribe that belongs to each of the following tribal groups in Uganda.

a) Bantu _____

b) Nilotics _____

c) Hamites _____

d) Nilo Hamites _____

45. a) Name the leader of the Luo-Babito.

b) Who designed the Uganda National Flag?

c) Who signed the 1900 Buganda Agreement on behalf of the British?

d) During the 1900 Buganda Agreement, the Buganda land was divided between the British and the Baganda. Which land was given to the British?

46. a) Why should citizens pay tax?

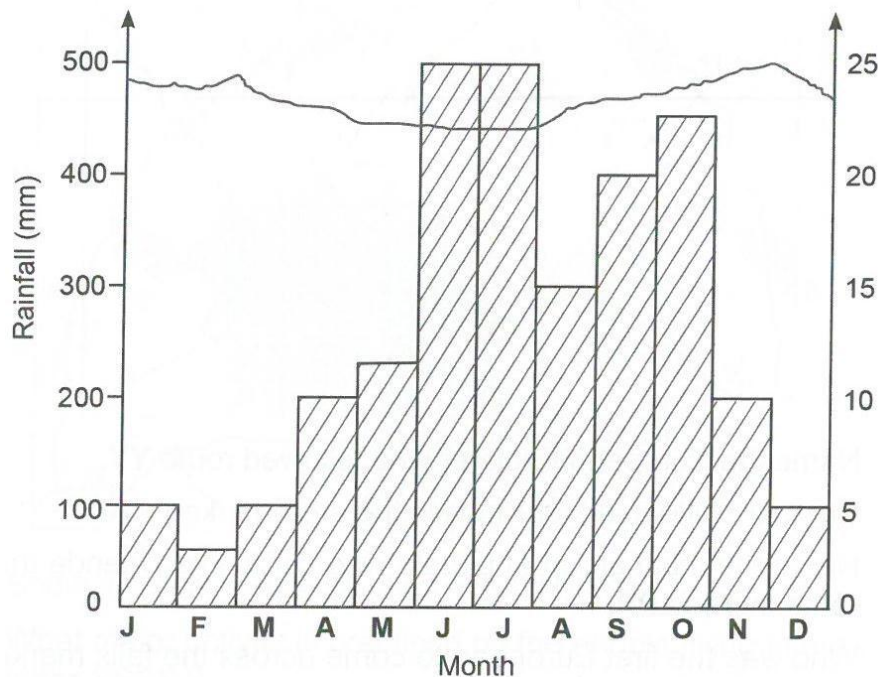
b) Give one way of keeping law and order.

c) Under which type of forest is Mabira?

47. a) In which district is Lugazi Sugar Factory found?

b) Give three factors which favour Lugazi as a good site for the factory.

Study the bar graph below and use it to answer the questions that follow.



48. a) Name the driest month of the year at this station.

b) What is the amount of rainfall recorded in December?

c) Which is the wettest month of the year at the station?

d) Find the average rainfall received at the station.

49. a) How were Ankole kings important to people?

b) What name was given to Kabalega's strong army?

c) Name the King of Buganda who disliked the missionary activities.

d) Name one type of tax which was introduced by the 1900 Buganda Agreement.

50. Write down what you know about the following.

a) Natural resources: _____

b) Goods: _____

c) Money: _____

d) Budget: _____

For questions 51 to 53, answer either Christianity or Islamic questions, but not BOTH.

51. **Either:**

a) What is celebrated by Christians on the following days:

(i) Christmas Day? _____

(ii) Good Friday? _____

b) Name the day when the Apostles received the Holy Spirit.

c) Who said, "I am the way, the truth and life, no one goes to the Father except by me"?

Or:

a) Name the three children of Muhammad (S.W.A).

b) What is Prophet Muhammad's (S.W.A) journey from Mecca to Medina called?

52. Either:

a) What does the name "Emmanuel" mean?

b) What happened to Jesus Christ in a place called Gethsemane?

c) Which is the greatest commandment to Christians according to Jesus Christ? _____

d) Who betrayed Jesus Christ?

Or:

Write three of the pillars of Iman.

53. Either:

a) Who said, "This is my dear son. I am very pleased with Him"?

b) Name Simon's brother with whom he fished.

c) What was Jesus Christ's method of preaching?

d) In whose name did the disciples heal the sick?

Or:

a) Give two reasons why Islam took long to spread in Uganda.

b) Name three goods which the Arabs brought to East Africa.

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 9

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME:_____INDEX NO._____

SECTION A

1. How do we call the state of the atmosphere at a given place and time?

2. What do we call the aspects of weather?

3. What branch of Social Studies deals with past events?

4. Who is a Meteorologist?

5. What is a school?

6. Name the imaginary line marked 0° running from the North to the South pole.

7. Uganda is crossed by the equator. What is the equator?

8. Why are places that are crossed by the equator hot?

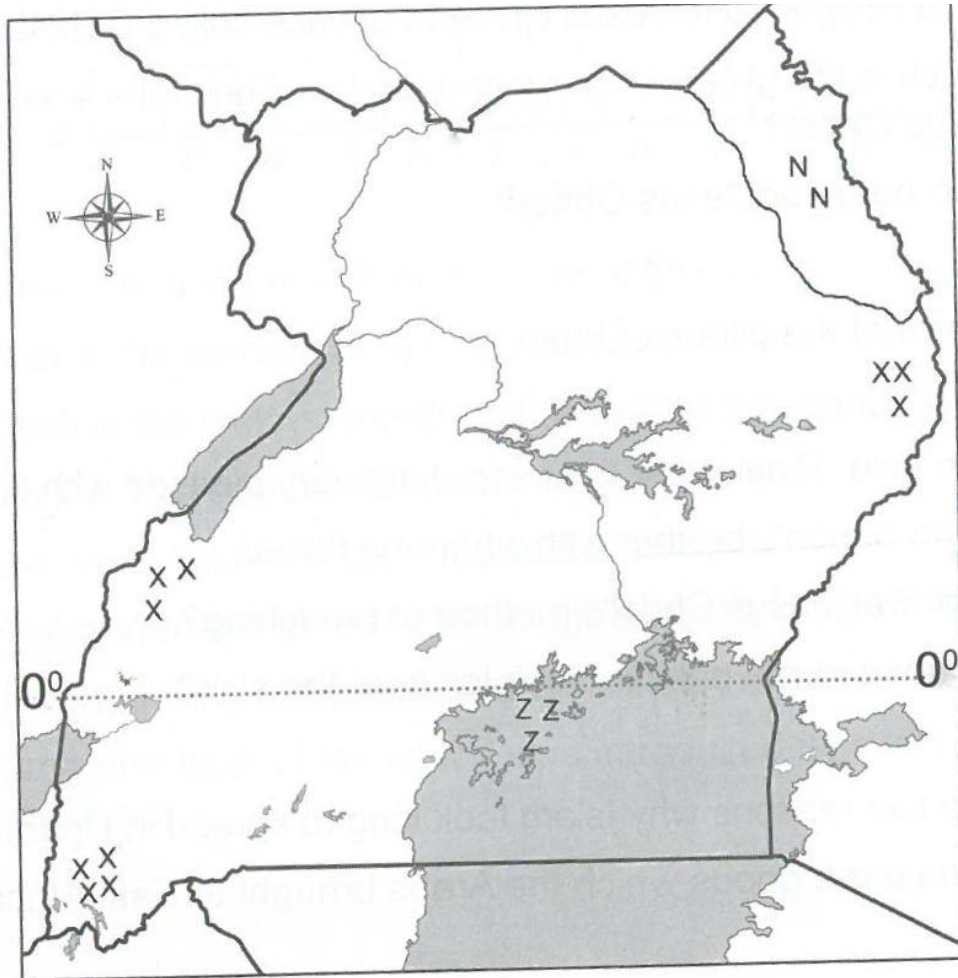
9. What is the equinox?

10. In which way does Lake Victoria influence Uganda's climate?

11. Where is Uganda's altitude the highest?

12. Name one type of climate in North-eastern Uganda.

Use the map below to answer questions that follow.



13. Use an atlas and find out all the districts crossed by 0° in Uganda.

14. Name the imaginary line which divides the world into two equal parts shown on the map.

15. Which relief features make Uganda's climate cool?

16. Identify the commonest type of rainfall received in areas of Bundibugyo, Kisoro and Elgon.

17. Find out the common type of rainfall within the forests.

18. Why is the North-east of East Africa dry?

19. What equatorial climate is received in Uganda?

20. Why are forests able to grow on the shores of Lake Victoria?

21. Why do you think the people living in Kabale wear thick clothes?

22. What type of climate is hot and wet throughout the year?

23. Why is arabica coffee commonly grown in highland areas of Uganda?

24. How does the clearing of natural forests affect the rainfall distribution of an area?

25. Into how many hemispheres does the equator divide the world?

26. What does the term "hemisphere" mean?

27. Name the line of longitude at which the date changes.

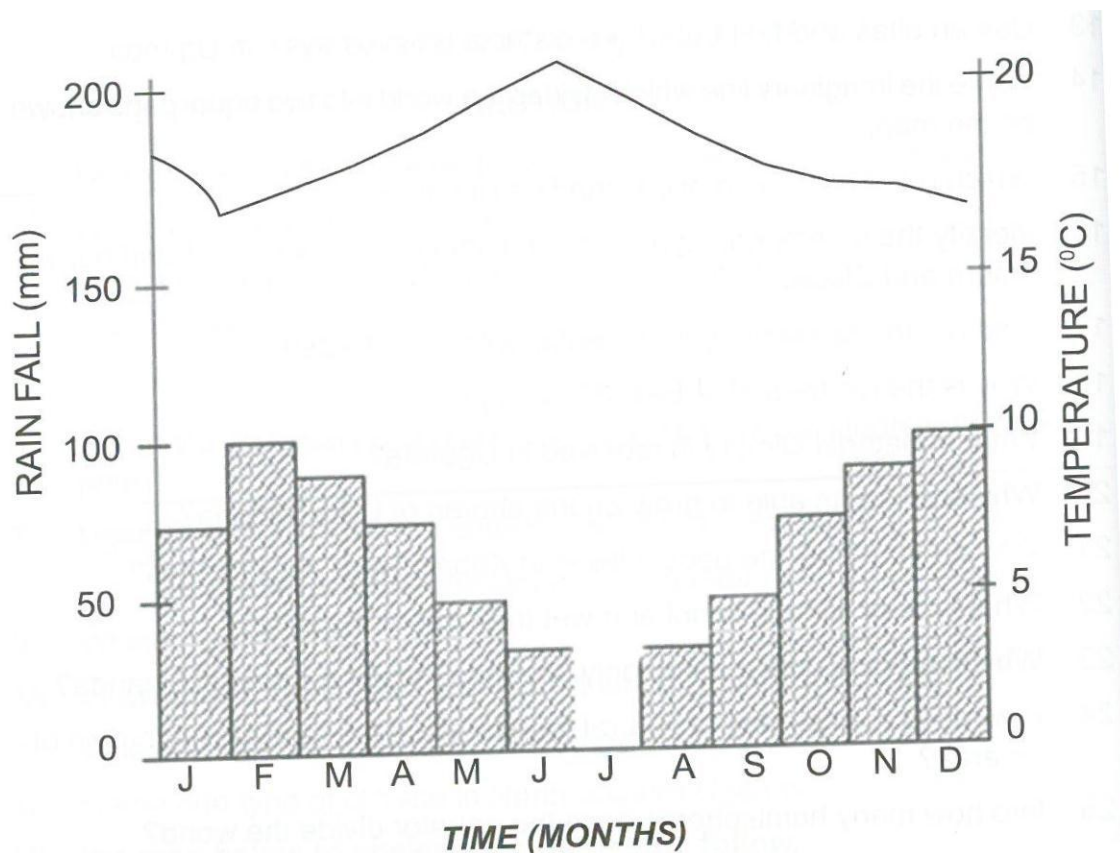
28. Describe the climate of East Africa and state one reason for the answer.

29. Name any one element of climate.

30. How does the weather affect people's ways of dressing when it is very cold?

31. How does the weather affect people's ways of dressing when it is very hot?

32. What is the difference between weather and climate?



33. Find out the highest average rainfall on the graph.

34. In which month was there no rainfall at all?

35. Find the lowest average temperature recorded at the station.

36. Identify a place which records weather as shown above.

For questions 37-40, answer either Christianity or Islamic questions but not BOTH

37. **Either:** What should a Christian do when he or she breaks any commandments?

Or: Who delivered the message from Allah to prophet Muhammad (S.W.A)?

38. **Either:** Give any one way in which commandments are important in the Christian faith.

Or: Define the Sharia Law.

39. **Either:** How is Pentecost Day different from Palm Sunday?

Or: How is Shahadat different from Zakat?

40. **Either:** Match list A with list B items correctly:

a) Workers in a vineyard	Showing kindness to people with problems
b) The sower	forgiving others

c) Prodigal son	How the word of God is received by people
d) Good Samaritan	God is always fair in rewarding people

Or: Match the books in list A with the correct prophet in list B.

A	B
Quran	Jesus (Isa)
Torah (Taurat)	Daudi (David)
Bible (Injil)	Moses (Musa)
Psalms (Zabul)	Muhammad

SECTION B

41. Identify the element of weather which:

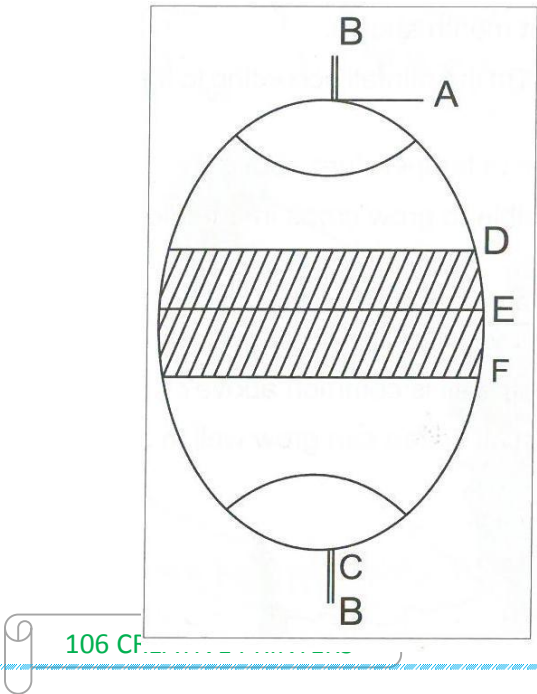
- a) influences settlement patterns in Uganda.

- b) is the source of heat or light.

- c) supports the growth of tropical rainforests.

- d) distributes rainfall.

Use this figure of Earth and its axis to answer the following questions



a) Which letter shows Earth's axis?

b) What does letter A show?

c) Name the line marked E

d) On which imaginary point does the earth rotate?

42. a) How does the rotation of the earth affect Uganda?

b) How long does the earth rotate?

c) What is the revolution of the earth?

d) What is the effect of the revolution of the earth?

43. Uganda has a modified equatorial climate.

a) Give one characteristic of the equatorial climate.

b) Which type of rainfall is common in equatorial areas?

c) Give one process of the rainfall above.

d) How does the sun cause this type of rainfall?

44. Study the table below and use it to answer the questions that follow.

Month	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
Temp °C	26	26	27	27	25	25	25	26	26	27	27	27
Rain mm	65	90	160	260	230	120	80	80	80	100	120	120

a) Find the wettest month on the table.

b) Find the driest month shown.

c) What happens to the rainfall according to the table when temperatures are high?

d) Find the range in temperature above.

45. a) Why is it possible to grow crops in a fertile place according to the table above?

b) Suggest the natural vegetation that can be found in the place according to the table above.

c) What type of rainfall is common above?

d) Why do you think coffee can grow well in such an area?

46. Match list A with B items correctly.

List A	List B
Districts	Types of climate
a) Kotido	Semi-arid climate
b) Mbale	Equatorial climate
c) Wakiso	Tropical climate
d) Masindi	Mountain climate

47. Explain the terms below.

- a) Equator: _____
- b) Latitude: _____
- c) Longitude: _____
- d) Tropical region: _____

48. State the economic activity done in the climatic area below:

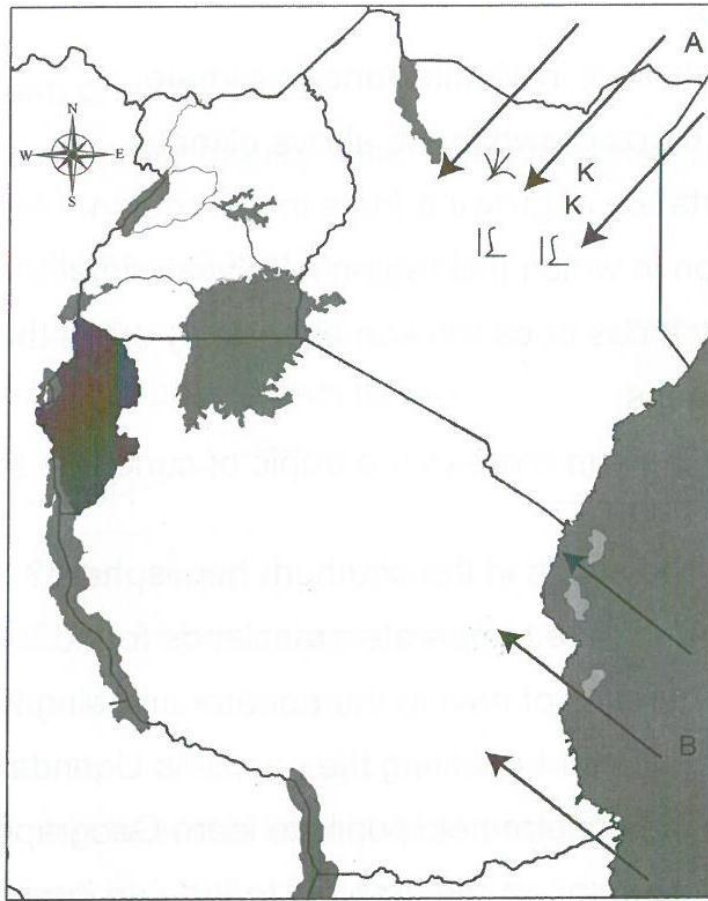
- a) Equatorial or tropical rainforest.

- b) Savanna grasslands.

- c) Semi-arid areas.

- d) Mountainous areas.

49. Use the map below to answer the question about it.



- a) Name the direction of the wind showed by the arrows,
(i) marked B: _____
(ii) marked A: _____
- b) Why is the shaded area around Lake Victoria receiving heavy rainfall?

- c) Why are the Islands within Lake Victoria heavily forested?

- d) Explain why area marked **KK** on the map is a semi-desert.

- e) Why do the Islands of the East African Coast receive heavy rain fall?

50. a) Name two major deserts found in Africa.

b) Which desert is;

(i) the hottest in the world?

(ii) cool in Africa?

c) How is large- scale farming carried out in desert areas of Africa?

51. a) Identify any two major dams which were built to store water for large -scale farming in the Sahara desert.

b) Write down the crops grown in the mentioned areas above.

c) How possible is it to use river Nile to develop large-scale farming in the North-eastern part of Uganda?

d) State one major advantage of using irrigation method of farming.

52. a) Identify the:

(i) animals kept in Mediterranean climate,

(ii) main crops grown in the above climate,

(iii) importance of growing fruits in this region,

(iv) season in which this region receives rainfall.

53. a) How many times does the sun apparently cross the equator?

b) What happens;

(i) when the sun crosses the tropic of cancer to the northern hemisphere?

(ii) when the sun is in the southern hemisphere?

c) Where in Africa are temperate grasslands found?

54. a) State two benefits of having the equator crossing East Africa.

b) How is the equator benefiting the people in Uganda?

c) How does the equator help pupils to learn Geography?

d) Why is the equator on the map of Uganda an imaginary line?

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 10

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. Identify a map feature used to prevent overcrowdness.

2. Give one importance of culture to the people living in a community.

3. How does River Nile contribute to the economic development of East Africa?

4. Why do people of Kapchorwa rear donkeys?

5. Why did the Arabs come to Uganda?

6. Which means of transport is suitable for transporting fish overseas?

7. Which physical feature covers the largest parts of Uganda?

8. Mention one social need of people living in a community.

9. State one effect of planting more forests.

10. How is a scale important on a map?

11. State one cause of road accidents in Uganda.

12. Apart from Kampala, name one district near Lake Victoria.

13. What is a "landlocked country"?

14. Name one country neighbouring Uganda that is not crossed by the equator.

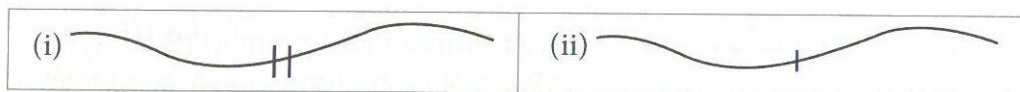
15. Identify one use of a compass.

16. Apart from keeping our money safe, state one other use of a commercial bank.

17. Why were kingdoms restored in Uganda?

18. How are longitudes and latitudes important to a map-reader?

19. Identify the map symbols shown below.



20. Which cash-crop is used in the making of clothes?

21. Give three reasons why people cut down trees.

22. Name the swampiest lake in Uganda.

23. Identify one cause of street children in Kampala City.

24. Give one way vegetation is important to people.

25. How do most people in hilly areas control soil erosion?

26. Give the major cause of the migration of the Nilotics from Southern Sudan.

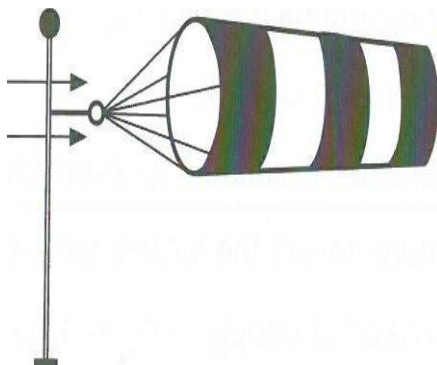
27. Mention one month when the sun is overhead by the equator.

28. Mention one product of livestock farming.

29. Who is in charge of children's affairs at the village level?

30. Mention one natural disaster that results in the displacement of people.

Use the diagram given below to answer questions 31-32.



31. Name the instrument shown above.

32. Give the use of the above instrument.

33. How important is high skilled labour to Uganda?

34. Why did H.M Stanely call Mountain Rwenzori the Mountains of the Moon?

35. Mention any one social function of marriage introduction.

For questions 36-40, answer either Christianity or Islam questions but not BOTH.

36. **Either:** Where was Jesus Christ born?

Or: Where was Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A) born?

37. **Either:** Give the meaning of Exodus.

Or: What is Islam?

38. **Either:** Identify any one writer of the gospel books.

Or: Name any one caliph of Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A).

39. **Either:** How is the Holy Spirit important in the life of Christians?

Or: Why do Muslims remember Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A)?

40. **Either:** How is baptism important to Christians?

Or: Why do Muslims praise Allah?

SECTION B

41. a) Name the commonest type of fish caught in Uganda.

b) Give one method used when catching fish in Uganda.

c) How do most people in Uganda preserve fish?

d) State one danger of fish smoking to vegetation.

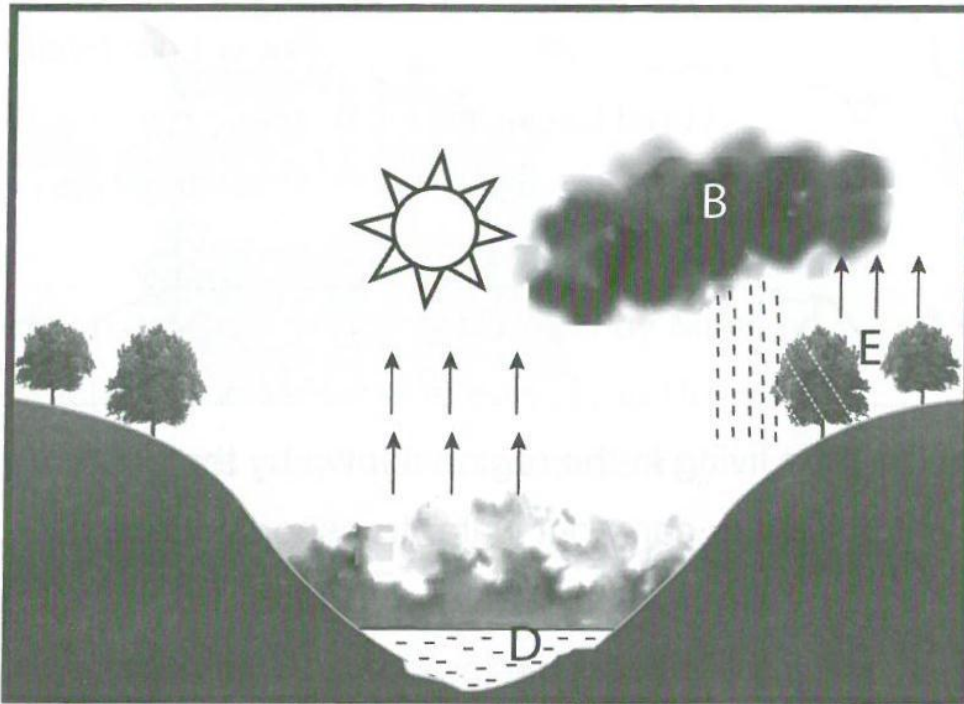
42. a) State one reason why only a few people read newspapers.

b) How are radios important to people?

c) Mention one communication device that can be used to access internet services.

d) How are modern means of communication better than traditional ones.

Study the diagram below and answer question 43.



43. (a) Name the type of rainfall shown in the diagram above.

(b) How does the features marked D contribute to the formation of the above type of rainfall.

c) What process is marked by letter E?

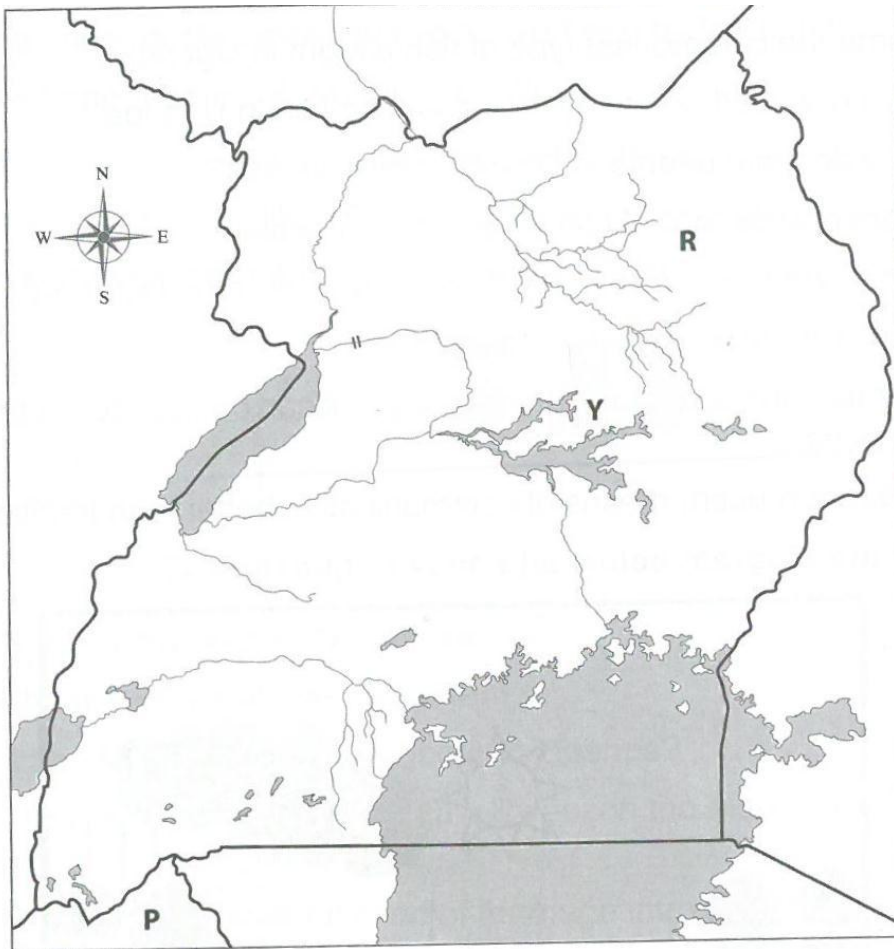
d) By what process are clouds marked B formed?

44. (a) What is a family

b) Why do most people prefer a nuclear family to extended family?

c) Write tow advantages of living in a family.

45. Study the map below and answer question 45.



a) Name the tribe living in the region shown by the arrow R.

b) Why is it difficult to carry out water transport on lake marked Y?

c) Mention the ethnic group that entered Uganda through route marked R.

d) Suggest one effect of Bantu migration to Uganda.

46. a) What is weather forecasting?

b) How do farmers benefit from weather forecasting?

c) Suggest one danger of too much wind.

d) Mention one type of wind you know.

47. a) Mention the two types of resources.

b) Suggest two uses of land to man.

48. a) Mention one way of promoting law and order in a district.

b) State one cause of insecurity in a community.

c) Give two ways the police maintains law and order.

49. a) Name one tool the early man used for hunting.

b) Give one way the discovery of fire improved the early man's ways of life.

c) Apart from hunting, how else did early man get his food?

d) State one event that enabled man to start living a settled life.

50. a) Give two ways lakes are economically important to people.

b) Identify one major factor that hinders navigation on major rivers in Uganda.

c) Which water body joins Lake Victoria to Lake Albert?

For questions 51-55, answer either Christianity or Islam questions but not BOTH.

51. Either:

a) Who led the Israelites out of Egypt?

b) State any one problem the Israelites faced on their way to the promised land

c) What was the name of the promised land?

d) Why is Joshua remembered during Exodus?

Or:

a) List down any one prayer performed by Muslims

b) On which day do Muslims attend Juma Prayers?

c) Why do Muslims pray? (Give two reasons)

52. Either:

a) Explain the term "faith".

b) What showed that Abraham had faith?

c) Suggest any one lesson learnt from the story of Abraham.

d) What is likely to happen to a person who does not have faith in God?

Or:

a) What term refers to the belief in Allah?

b) State any two ways Prophet Ibrahim showed faith in Allah.

c) In which way is faith important to the people of Allah.

53. Either:

a) Why do you think Jesus sent his Holy Spirit to protect his disciples?

b) Write down the fruits of the Holy Spirit.

Or:

a) State any two causes of sin.

b) What are the results of sin?

54. Either:

a) Give any two ways the Bible is important to us.

b) Name the two parts of the Bible.

Or:

a) State any two ways the Qur'an is useful to us.

b) How do Muslims show respect to the Qur'an?

55. For both

a) Who is a leader?

b) State any two qualities of a good leader.

c) How are leaders chosen at your school?

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 11

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME:_____INDEX NO._____

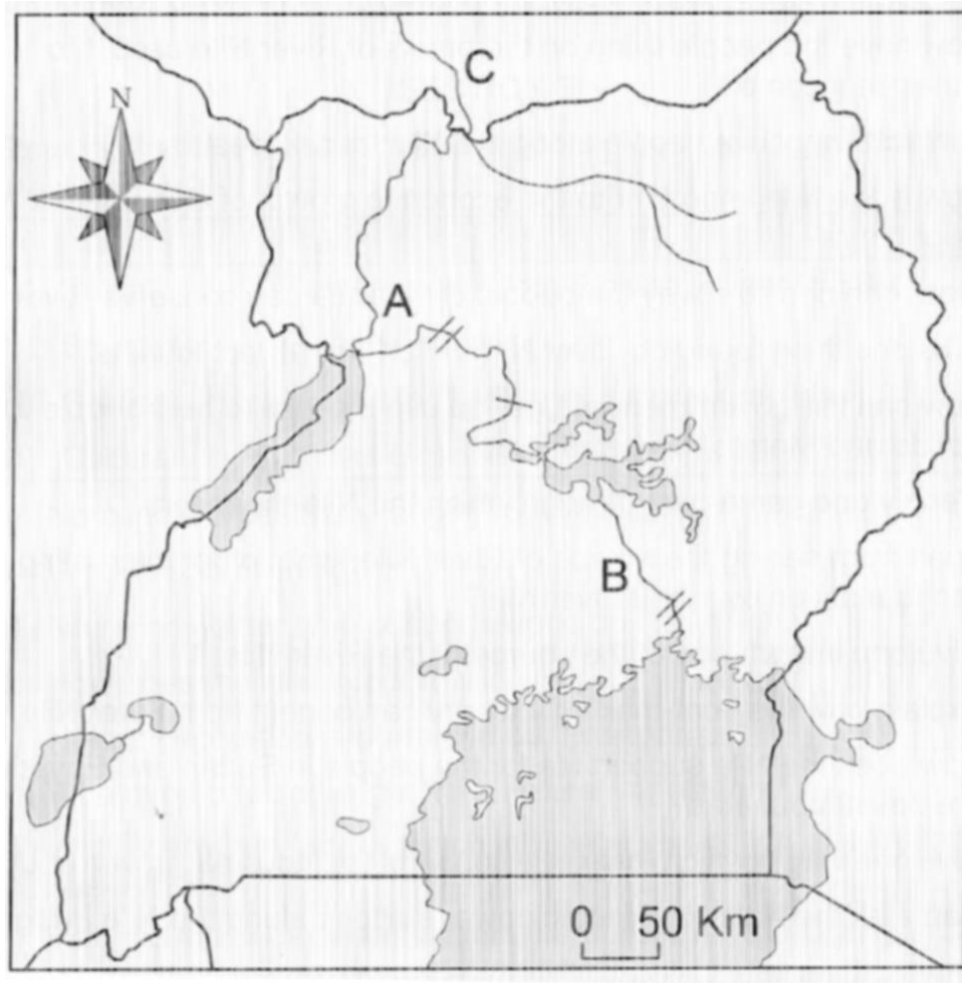
SECTION A

1. Name the longest river in East Africa.

5. From which lake is the source of River Nile?

6. In which district of Uganda did the European explorer stand to watch the source of River Nile?

Study the map below and answer the following questions about it.



7. Name the part of River Nile marked **B**.

8. What name is given to the Nile marked **A**?

9. Which part of River Nile is shown by letter **C**?

10. Tick the lake on the map which is the source of River Nile.

11. What is the Nile Valley?

12. A part from Uganda, which other countries belong to the Nile Valley?

13. Find out the main type of fish caught from River Nile along part 8.

22. How is the Nile important to the economic growth of Uganda and her neighbours?

23. State one possible way the people of Uganda can conserve River Nile.

24. Give one thing found on River Nile which can attract tourists.

25. How can the government of Uganda use the Nile to help people in Kotido and Moroto live better lives?

-
26. Identify one game park through which the Nile meanders.
-
27. Apart from seeing the source of River Nile, what other interesting things can tourists enjoy about river Nile?
-
28. Give one importance of the source of the River Nile.
-
29. Explain how the boat-making industry can benefit from River Nile.
-
30. How does the Nile support life for the people in Sudan and Egypt which are desert countries?
-
31. Give one way in which River Nile supports the industrial growth of Uganda.
-
32. Name all the National Electric power stations along the Nile in Uganda.
-
33. Why is River Nile called "White Nile"?
-
34. Which European explorer travelled along the Nile from its mouth in order to find its source?
-
35. What does the name Murchison Falls on the Nile, remind Ugandans?
-
36. State one reason why River Nile is a great resource to the government of Uganda today.
-
-

For questions 37- 40, answer either Christianity or Islamic questions but not BOTH.

37. **Either:** Name the helper Jesus promised his disciples.

Or: What do Muslims remember during the Idi Adhuha?

38. **Either:** What is the church?

Or: What is Islam?

39. **Either:** Where was Jesus buried?

Or: Where was Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A) buried?

40. **Both:** How have religious organisations helped Uganda to grow in spiritual terms?

SECTION B

41. State the importances of River Nile to the people of Uganda in the terms given below.

A	B
a) Social	Generates Hydro Electric Power (HEP)
b) Economic	Used for fishing
c) Political	Used for traditional cultural practices
d) Cultural	Links Uganda to other countries.

42. a) Name the largest fish caught from River Nile.

b) What is sport fishing?

c) Name any other type of sports done on River Nile.

d) How does the Nile support wild life?

43. a) How is vegetation important in our environment?

b) What type of wood is got from natural vegetation?

c) Identify any two factors which influence vegetation distribution in East Africa.

44. a) How did the escarpments affect the building of the Uganda railway?

b) List four lakes found in the Eastern arm of the Rift Valley.

c) State any one result of the Uganda railway.

45. List down any four identities of ethnic groups.

46. a) Define democracy.

b) Give any two functions of democracy.

c) Identify any one challenge of achieving democracy.

47. Match the names on List A with the phrases in List B.

List A	List B
a) Alexander Mackay	Chief Engineer of the Uganda railway.
b) Sir Gerald Portal	Rabai mission station.
c) George White House	Brought the first printing press to Uganda.
d) Ludwig Krapf	Declared Uganda a British protectorate.

48. a) Give any one way in which game parks are important to Uganda.

b) Suggest one way how the government of Uganda can improve on the tourism industry.

c) Identify any two problems faced by the tourism industry in Uganda.

49. a) What does the term population density mean?

b) Identify any two problems of having a high population in an area.

c) Calculate the population density of an area whose population is 400,000 and has a total area of 2,000 square kilometers.

50. a) Apart from Nyero Rock painting, list down two storage sites in Uganda.

b) Give any two ways how the Bachwezi contributed to the economic development of Uganda.

51. a) Identify any one type of political election.

b) How are the following important;

(i) By-elections?

(ii) Presidential elections?

c) Why is it important for a farmer to study the weather forecasts?

52. a) Identify any one animal on the Uganda Coat of Arms which shows that the country is rich in wild life.

b) What does the crested crane represent on the Uganda Coat of Arms?

c) Where do the two animals below live;

(i) Kob?

(ii) Crested crane?

For questions 53 - 55, Answer either Christianity or Islamic questions but not BOTH.

53. Either: a) What do the following symbolise during the communion;

(i) leavened bread?

(ii) wine?

b) Which apostle is best remembered for the following:

(i) denying Jesus Christ three times?

(ii) doubted Jesus Christ's resurrection?

Or: a) What is Zakat?

b) Why do Muslims pay Zakat?

c) Identify any two groups of people who are meant to receive Zakat.

54. Either: a) Why did Jesus Christ perform miracles during his teaching?

b) Give any three ways in which Jesus Christ cared for his followers.

Or:

a) What do you understand by Sunnah *prayers*?

b) Why are Sunnah prayers useful to a candidate?

c) What time of the day is Dhuha prayer performed?

55. **Either:** a) Write down any two requests in the Lord's prayer.

b) State any two ways in which we communicate to God.

Or: a) What are Taraweeh prayers?

b) State three importances of Taraweeh and Idd prayers.

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 12

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. In which part of Africa is the region called East Africa?

2. How many countries are neighbouring East Africa?

3. Which member countries of East Africa are crossed by the equator?

4. Name one country which neighbours East Africa in the south.

5. What does the term landlocked mean?

6. Identify any landlocked country in the East African Community.

7. How do landlocked countries of East Africa access the seaports?

8. In which way does East Africa benefit from lakes such as Victoria?

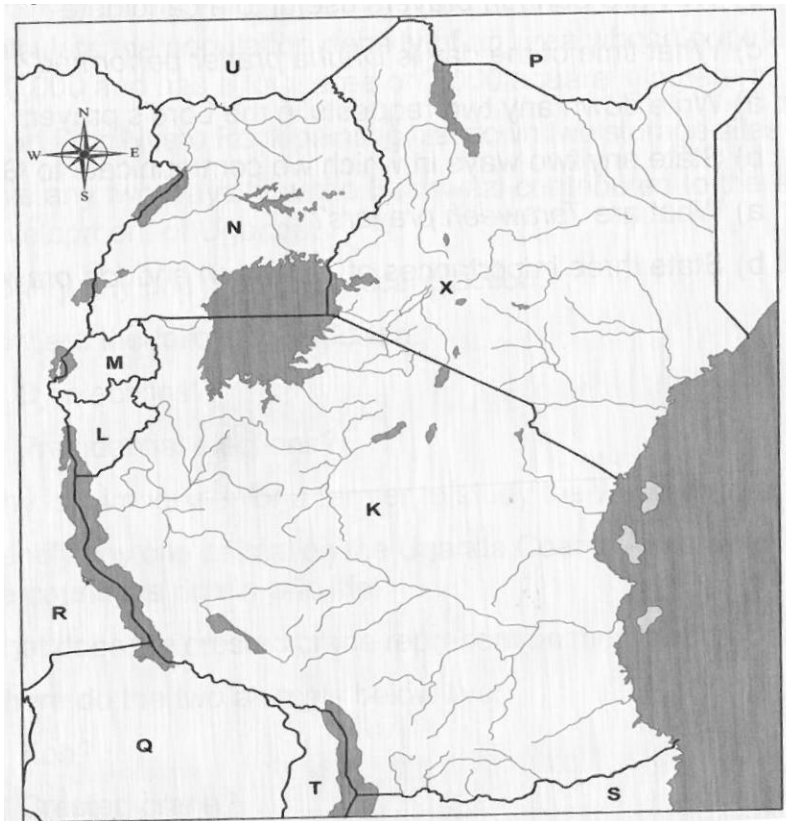
9. Which country has a shore line along the East Coast of Africa?

10. Why do you think that the crops grown in East Africa are the same?

11. How does Lake Tanganyika benefit some East African countries?

12. State one similarity between the people of East Africa.

Study the map of East Africa below and use it to answer the following questions.



13. Name all the countries shown on the map above.

14. Shade your own country on the map above using a colour of your choice.

15. Identify the ocean on the Eastern side of Kenya and Tanzania.

16. Why will the people in country **X** see the sun in the morning before those in country **M**?

17. Write all the islands shown in the Indian ocean on the map.

18. Name the line of latitude that crosses the region above.

19. Name the country marked **M**.

20. What is the largest ethnic group of country **M**?

21. State the language which is widely spoken by most people in country **M**.

22. Identify the largest religion in country **M**.

23. Who were the first colonial rulers of country **M**?

24. Apart from the Hutu, name the other two tribes living in country **M**.

25. Name the largest lake found in country **M**.

26. What was the result of the Berlin conference of 1884 to country **M**?

27. Who became the colonial rulers of Rwanda after the World War 1?

28. When did Rwanda gain independence and separated from Burundi?

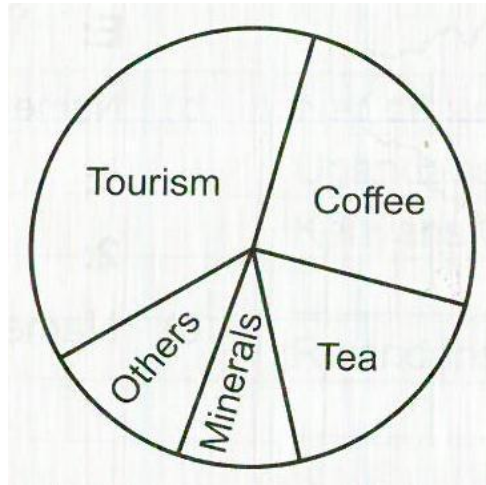
29. Give any one similarity between the people of country **M** and Uganda.

30. State one advantage of a high population density to Rwanda.

31. How have the people of country **M** tried to use their fertile land to fight against poverty?

32. State one problem Rwanda faces due to its geographical location.

Study the pie chart below and use it to answer questions about Rwanda's Economy in 2011



33. What is the leading foreign exchange earner for Rwanda?

34. Name the leading cash crop of Rwanda shown on the graph.

35. Give one reason why tea grows well in Rwanda.

36. What is the most attractive wild animal in Rwanda's Volcanoes National Park?

37. Name other tourist attractions apart from Nyungwe Forest Chimpanzees and Rwenzori Colobus Primates.

38. Why is cotton an important mineral in Rwanda?

39. Give one problem facing both Rwanda and Burundi as mountainous countries.

40. Lakes Burera and Ruhundo have Hydroelectric Power (HEP) stations for the country's electricity. State the importance of Hydroelectric Power (HEP) to Rwanda's economy.

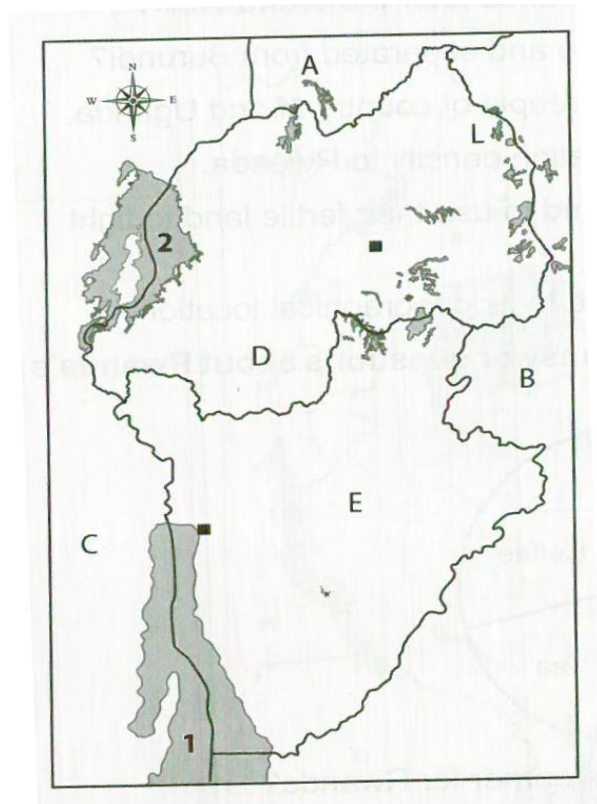
41. a) State three problems caused by the Rwanda's political history.

b) Give three problems facing Rwanda because of being a landlocked country.

c) Name Rwanda's first International Airport.

d) Identify one form of transport which is not yet built in Rwanda.

Use the map below to answer the questions about it.



42. Name all the countries marked.

A: _____

B: _____

C: _____

D: _____

43. a) Name the capital cities in countries.

D: _____

E: _____

b) Name lakes.

1: _____

2: _____

c) Name River L.

44. a) What is population density?

b) Rwanda's population density is among the highest in Africa. Explain what this statement means.

c) Apart from Kigali which is the largest city, name three other important towns.

45. a) Rwanda has its National Anthem "Rwanda Nziza" try to find out its meaning.

b) Find out what, "unity, work, patriotism, means in Kinyarwanda."

c) Name the countries which are linked to Rwanda by road.

d) In which country are the cities of Goma and Bukavu found?

e) How does Rwanda access the port of Mombasa?

f) Who is the current President of Rwanda?

46.a) Write all the landlocked countries within the Great Lakes Region of Eastern Africa.

b) Which country neighbours Burundi in the North?

c) On what lake is the city of Bujumbura found?

47. Which countries in the Great Lakes Region of Eastern Africa;

a) formed the Kingdom of Rwanda-Urundi?

b) were colonised by Germany?

c) were ruled as a UN Trust Territory?

48. When did these countries gain independence;

a) Kenya?

b) Tanzania?

c) Rwanda?

d) Burundi?

49. How can the citizens of the following countries under the East African Community be called?

Country	Her citizens
Uganda	Ugandans
_____	Kenyans
Tanzania	_____
_____	Rwanda
Burundi	_____
South Sudan	_____

50. a) What is the administrative capital of Tanzania?

b) Which is the largest city of Tanzania?

c) Identify the national language of Tanzania.

d) Which other language is used for official business in Tanzania?

e) Name the major seaport for Tanzania.

51. a) Which two states united to form the United Republic of Tanzania?

b) From which European country did Tanzania gain her independence?

c) Write down the motto of the United Republic of Tanzania.

52. a) Why is Tanzania known as one of the oldest inhabited areas on Earth?

b) Name the main religion practised on the islands of Zanzibar and Pemba.

c) Who made Zanzibar City a coastal slave trade centre?

d) Write briefly about,

(i) Tippu Tip; _____

(ii) Mirambo: _____

(iii) Msiri: _____

53. a) Write COMESA in full.

b) Write the two member countries of COMESA in East Africa.

c) State one advantage of COMESA.

54. Write down how the following can help the member states of the East African Community to develop economically;

a) pooling resources together.

b) regional political stability.

c) efficient means of transport.

d) modern large scale farming.

55. Match these countries with their colonial powers in List A and List B.

List A	List B
Great Britain	Rwanda
Belgium	Tanzania
Germany	Uganda

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 13

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

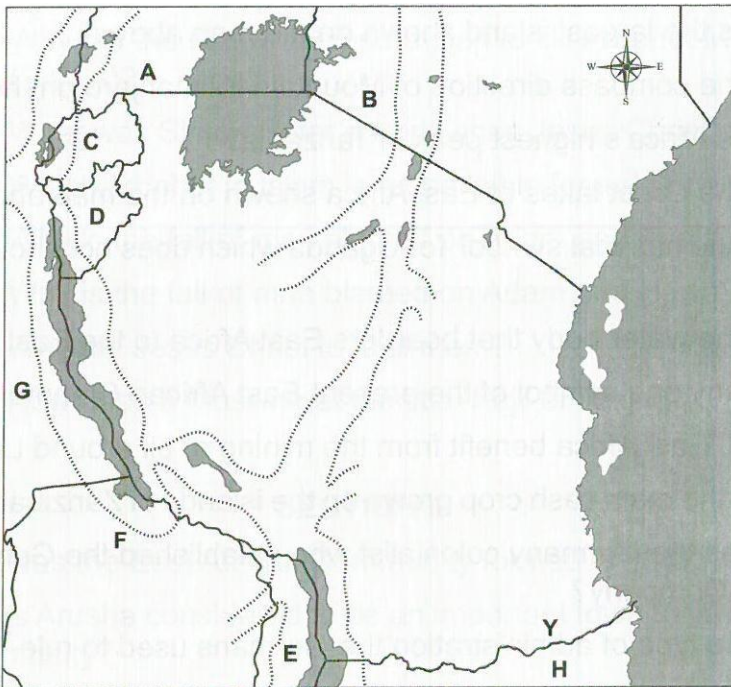
Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

Study the map of the United Republic of Tanzania below and answer the questions about it.



1. Name the neighbouring countries to Tanzania marked **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

2. Identify the neighbours of Tanzania marked:

E _____ **F** _____ **G** _____ **H** _____

3. Name all the islands shown along the coast.

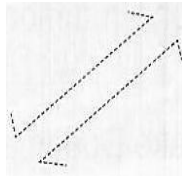
4. In which hemisphere is Tanzania?

5. Using letter T, mark Dodoma on the map.

6. Use this symbol ▲ to show the position of Mountain Kilimanjaro.

7. Which is the longest lake in Africa shown on the map?

8. What does the symbol below represent on the map?



9. Write down all the lakes found within the western branch of the Rift valley on the map.

10. Identify lakes within the eastern branch of the rift valley shown on the map.

11. Which river on the map above separates Mozambique from Tanzania?

12. Look for a map of East Africa physically and write down ten (10) rivers found in Tanzania.

13. In which direction is Uganda from Tanzania?

14. Which is the largest island shown on the map above?

15. Name the compass direction of Mountain Kilimanjaro on the map.

16. Which is Africa's highest peak in Tanzania?

17. Name the Great lakes of East Africa shown on the map above.

18. Name one national symbol for Uganda which does not show the crested crane.

19. Name the water body that borders East Africa to the East.

20. Name any one symbol of the present East African Community.

21. How will East Africa benefit from the mining of oil around Lake Albert?

22. Identify the main cash crop grown on the islands of Zanzibar and Pemba.

23. Who was the Germany colonialist who established the Germany East African Company?

24. State the type of administration the Germans used to rule Tanganyika.

25. Why did the people in Tanganyika (Tanzania) resist the German rule?

26. Why did the Germans dislike Chief Mkwawa?

27. Which cash crop was introduced to Zanzibar and Pemba islands by Seyyid Said?

28. How is the crop above important to the people who live on the islands above?

29. How is Tanzania helping Uganda to reach the coast?

30. What was slave trade as it was practised on Zanzibar island?

31. Why did the European explorers use Tanzania to access Uganda but not through Kenya?

32. How does Serengeti National Park contribute to the fame of East Africa?

33. How does the speaking of one common language help the people of Tanzania?

34. Why was it necessary to make Dodoma the administrative city of the Republic of Tanzania?

35. Why is Julius Nyerere remembered as a great nationalist in Africa?

For questions 36-40, answer either Christianity or Islamic questions but not BOTH.

36. **Either:** What is 'lent' as applied in the Christian faith?

Or: What is Jihad?

37. **Either:** In which way did Jesus Christ show his power?

Or: Why did the idol worshippers plan to kill Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A)?

38. **Either:** What was Simon Peter's work when Jesus Christ called him?

Or: Which prophet in Islam is responsible for judgement?

39. **Either:** Why is the fall of man blamed on Adam and Eve?

Or: Why is the fall of man blamed on Adam and Hawa?

40. **Either:** Why did Jesus Christ love sinners?

Or: How does a Muslim get the title 'Haji' or 'Hajat'?

SECTION B

41. a) Why was the East African Community formed in 1967?

b) Why is Arusha considered to be an important town to the East African Community?

c) State one reason why the East African Community collapsed in 1977.

d) Name any one organ of the East African Community.

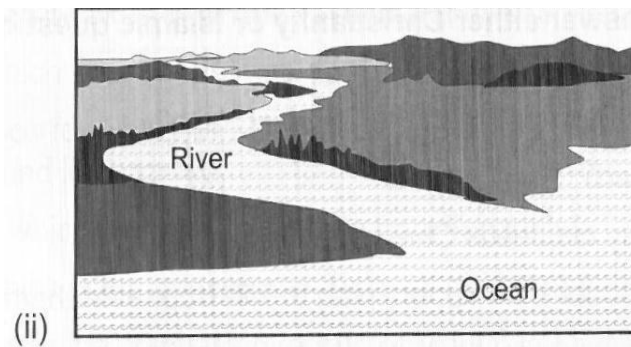
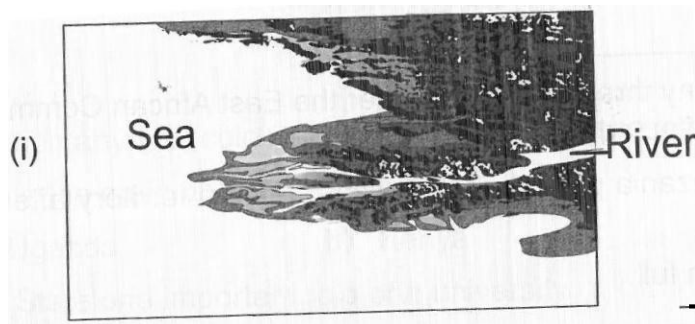
42. Use an atlas and find out;

a) all the rivers in East Africa that flow into the Indian Ocean.

b) find out rivers in East Africa which end in a delta.

c) Name any one river that ends in an estuary on the East African Coast.

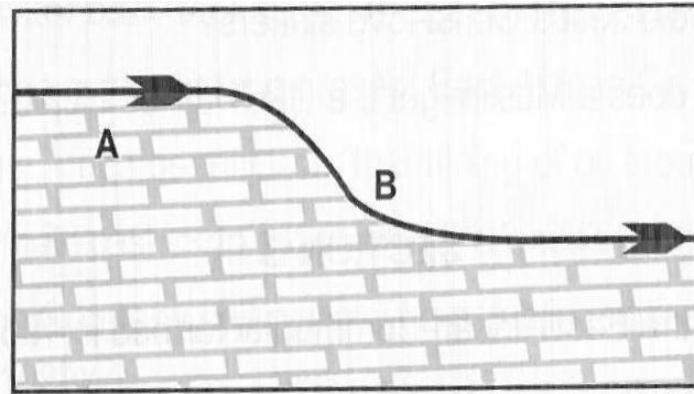
43.a) Identify each of the following features of a river as a waterfall, a delta, an estuary.



b) State one economic importance of waterfalls to a country.

c) Kalambo falls are the second highest falls in Africa. How are these falls important to the government of Tanzania?

44. Study the figure below about a river and answer the following questions.



a) (i) Which letter shows the waterfalls?

(ii) Why is part A not good for sailing?

b) Identify how the river above is important to a country.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

45. East Africa is rich in wildlife. Name the largest wildlife park in;

a) Rwanda: _____

b) Tanzania: _____

c) Kenya: _____

d) Uganda: _____

46.a) Write down any three countries under the East African Community which were affected by World War 1

b) Why was Tanzania placed as a British mandate territory after World War1?

c) Write TANU in full,

d) Who is the current president of the United Republic of Tanzania?

e) Who led Tanganyika (Tanzania) to independence?

47. What do you know about the following facts in the United Republic of Tanzania;

a) the deepest lake in Tanzania?

b) the largest lake in Tanzania?

c) the highest mountain in Tanzania?

d) the largest mineral export of Tanzania?

48. a) What makes Zanzibar, Pemba, Ugunja and Mafia islands?

b) Which cash crops are produced on Zanzibar and Pemba islands?

c) Tick three valuable minerals in Tanzania from this list: Gold, Diamond, Coal, Coltan, Uranium, Natural gas.

d) Arrange in order the leading producing countries of gold in Africa. Begin with the leading producer Tanzania, Ghana, South Africa.

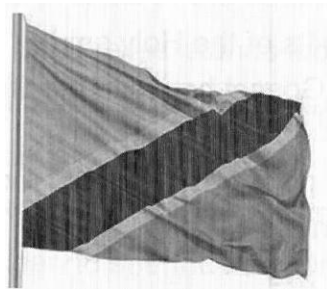
e) Why is gold so much valuable in the world?

49. (a) Songo Songo Island is in the Indian ocean off the delta of Rufiji. It is the site for natural gas in Tanzania. State the importance of this gas to people in Dar-es-Salaam city.

b) Why is the Ngorongoro conservation area very important to Tanzania's economy?

c) State two problems caused by prolonged drought in Tanzania.

d) Which country has the National flag drawn below?



50. Mention any four colours of the National flag above.

51. Name the main universities of;

a) Uganda _____

b) Kenya _____

c) Tanzania _____

d) State one important role of a university.

For questions 52-55, answer either Christianity or Islamic questions but not BOTH.

52. Either:

a) How do people become members of God's family?

b) Write the three persons in one God.

Or:

a) What is the importance of Friday to a Muslim?

b) Why did Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A) leave Mecca to go to Medina?

c) What reward is given to a person who sincerely repents to Allah?

d) Who delivered the message from Allah to Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A)?

53. Either:

a) Write the two great commandments that Jesus Christ taught.

b) How did Daniel benefit from being honest?

c) How can we express our faith at school?

Or:

a) Give one reason why Allah created Adam.

b) In which way was the creation of Adam different from that of other creatures?

c) How did Adam sin against Allah?

d) What punishment was given to Hawa when she sinned against Allah?

54. Either:

a) Mention any two gifts of the Holy spirit.

b) State the first two Gospel books in the Bible.

Or:

a) State two types of people who should receive Zakat

b) Why should Muslims pay Zakat?

For both

55. a) In which one way is the Christian faith similar to the Islamic faith?

b) State any one quality of a religious person.

c) Identify one way through which religious groups are helping the people of Uganda.

d) Write one problem religious groups are finding in giving services.

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 14

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. How does one become a citizen of Uganda?

2. State one cause of low population in some districts of Uganda.

3. State one solution to high population density.

4. What is the advantage of budgeting?

5. Why are Gipir and Labongo remembered today?

6. How are the Batembuzi important in our history?

7. Who was the first ruler of the Batembezi?

8. State one main problem faced by farmers in hilly areas of East Africa.

9. What was the main reason for Toro's break-away from her mother kingdom?

10. Why is there Hydro-electric Power station near Jinja town?

11. Name one district which is used for pastoralism.

12. State one main reason why it is not easy to use machines in the growing of crops in East Africa.

13. Which country of East Africa has a large scale plantation of oil palms?

14. Name South Sudan's neighbours to the South.

15. How are the water falls on River Nile between Lake Kyoga and Lake Albert important?

16. Which is the leading agricultural product of the highlands of Mbale?

17. State the main economic product of the equatorial forests.

18. In which Ocean are the Seychelles islands located?

19. Why did the government abolish graduated tax in Uganda?

20. Name the commercial city of Tanzania.

21. Where in East Africa is the oldest Stone Age site found?

22. Who was the first European to see the kingdom of Buganda?

23. Which group of foreigners introduced the growing of cloves and coconuts on the islands of Pemba and Zanzibar?

24. Name the British Administrator who declared Uganda a British protectorate in 1894.

25. How has democracy helped the people of East Africa?

26. Give one reason why lake Nalubaale was named Victoria by the Europeans.

27. In which city are the headquarters of the East African Development Bank?

28. State the importance of generating enough Hydro-electric Power (HEP) in East Africa.

29. What is the main importance of the 0° longitude which passes through Ghana?

30. Name the major export crop from the member states of the East African Community.

31. Which is the leading economic activity of Uganda, Kenya and Tanzania?

For questions 32 to 39, answer either Christianity or Islamic questions but not BOTH.

32. **Either:** What was God's last creation?

Or: Who is considered the father, of the faithful in Islam?

33. **Either:** Mention three different ways in which Jesus Christ showed love to his people.

Or: Name any one group of people that qualifies to get Zakat.

34. **Either:** In what way can you show love to your neighbours?

Or: In what year was Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A) born?

35. **Either:** On which mountain did God make a covenant with His people?

Or: Which prophet in Islam is famous for endurance and faith?

36. **Either:** Which sacrament did Jesus Christ make on the Holy Thursday?

Or: Give one similarity between Islam and Christianity.

37. **Either:** State any one difference between Traditionalists and Christians.

Or: In which way did lady Khadijah help in spreading of Islam?

38. **Either:** What was the main importance of Noah's Ark?

Or: How is Islam helping Uganda to grow?

39. **Either:** Who was the king in Judea when Jesus Christ was born?

Or: What is *Ramadhan*?

SECTION B

40. a) State two main causes of desertification in Uganda.

b) List two main methods through which people living in dry areas can get water for domestic use.

41. a) Give two reasons why Europeans were interested in Africa.

b) Name two countries which took part in the colonisation of East Africa.

42. a) Name the leader of the IBEACo who suggested that the Uganda Railway should be built.

b) Give one reason why the Uganda Railway was built.

c) Give the major reason why Indian Coolies were brought to build the Uganda Railway.

d) Give one problem faced by the Coolies in the Nandi land.

43. a) Give two reasons why the British used Indirect Rule in Uganda.

b) Why were the agents used by the British not liked by the people of Uganda?

c) Name the African Kingdom which was popularly known as the land of the blacks.

44. Match list A with list B correctly about their national motto.

List A	List B
a) Kenya	For God and My Country
b) Uganda	Freedom and Unity
c) Rwanda	Harambee
d) Tanzania	Unity, Work and Patriotism

45. a) Draw symbols used to stand for each of the following on a map;

(i) dam

(ii) railway

b) On a map, what is used for finding out;

(i) position of a place?

(ii) direction of a place?

46. a) Name two European powers that took part in the Scramble for East Africa.

b) Give any two results of the final Scramble for East Africa.

47. a) What is verbal communication?

b) Give any three functions of a post office to the people of Uganda.

48. Write one main role played by each of the following organisations.

a) UWESO: _____

b) Red Cross: _____

c) UNEPI: _____

d) UNICEF: _____

49. a) Who is a citizen of a country;

(i) by birth?

(ii) (ii) by descent?

b) Give any two things a good citizen is expected to do for his/her government.

c) Identify two main duties of the Speaker of Parliament.

50. a) Why is tourism important to our country?

b) Give two ways the government can take to improve on the tourism Industry.

c) Name the area where mountain gorillas are tracked in the Great Lakes region.

51.a) Name one kingdom which once belonged to the former Bunyoro-Kitara Empire.

b) Outline two characteristics which are common to the Bantu Kingdoms in East Africa.

c) Why do some people believe that kingdoms are very important?

For questions 53 - 54, answer either Christianity or Islamic questions but not BOTH. :

52. **Either:** Name the first four disciples called by Jesus Christ.

" **Or:** Who are excused from fasting in Islam?

53. **Either:** Write down any four ways how Jesus Christ cared for his people.

Or: State four qualities we should learn from Prophet Muhammad.

54. **Either:** Name four ways a Christian can be a good example to other people in a community following Jesus Christ's examples.

Or: Why do Muslims;

a) carry out ablution?

b) remove shoes before entering a mosque?

c) read the Qur'an?

d) pay Zakat?

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 15

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. Identify one component of climate.

2. Why is the tropical region hot throughout the year.

3. What is climate change?

4. Explain how human activities like burning of fossils affect climate change.

5. What term is used to refer to increased global temperatures?

6. Which gas is absorbed from the atmosphere by forests and vegetation?

7. How do people in Uganda contribute to climate change?

8. How can one prevent the rapid changing of climate?

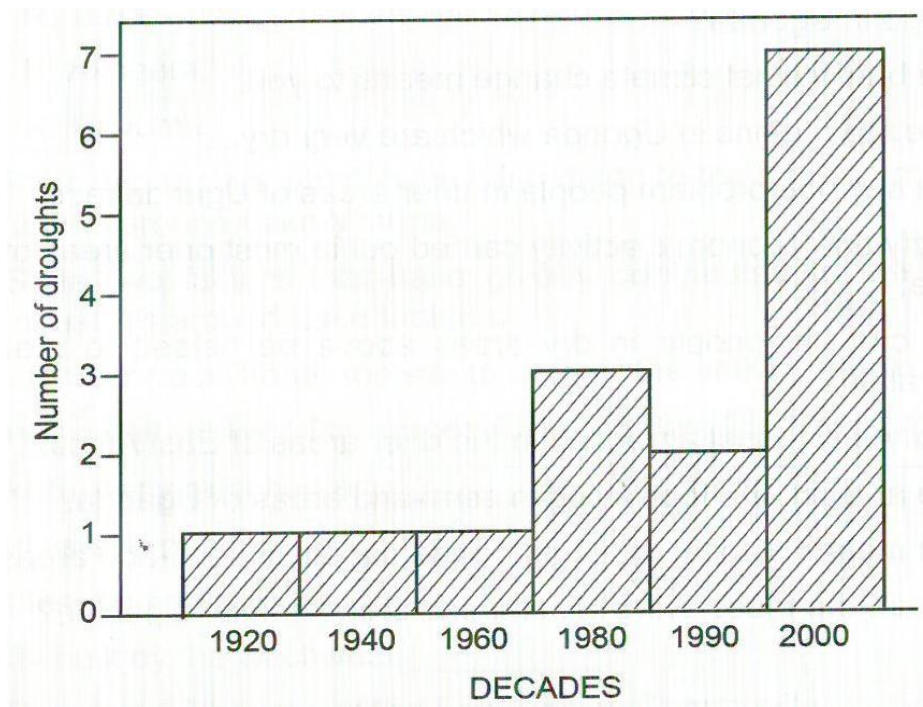
9. State one problem of heavy industries towards climate change.

10. What problem is caused by too many motorcycles and vehicles used in urban areas of East Africa?

11. Why do you think ice caps on Mountain Rwenzori and Kilimanjaro are melting?

12. What are droughts?

A Bar graph showing drought in Uganda



13. How many droughts occurred in Uganda between 1920-1940

14. Which decades show increased droughts in Uganda?

15. Give two causes of drought in Uganda.

16. Suggest one way of preventing the problems of droughts in Uganda.

17. What is likely to happen to food production if droughts are not controlled in the nearby future?

18. How is burning of firewood dangerous to the environment?

19. Why are forests in Uganda becoming smaller in number?

20. Which gas is released into the atmosphere when trees are cut and burnt?

21. Why should people of all ages avoid burning waste?

22. Write down examples of resources which may be affected as a result of increased population.

23. State one problem of less rainfall to a nation.

24. Explain how loss of forests can be dangerous to many people in Uganda.

25. Why do you support the idea of family planning and reproductive health?

26. Give one reason why clearing land by fire is bad.

27. Why should the government of Uganda encourage waste recycling?

28. Why is it important to plant more trees and stop cutting down forests?

29. As a child, what measures can you take to reduce the causes of climate change in Uganda?

30. Write briefly what climate change means to you.

31. Name the regions in Uganda which are very dry.

32. State any one problem people in drier areas of Uganda face.

33. Identify one economic activity carried out in most drier areas of East Africa.

34. How can the people in dry areas above be helped to practise crop cultivation?

35. Identify any tourist attraction in the drier areas of East Africa.

36. State at least one tribe living in semi-arid areas of Uganda.

37. What means of local transport do the people in semi-arid areas use?

38. Why are the tribes living in semi-arid areas nomadic people?

—

SECTION B

39. a) State any two ways in which the swamps are being destroyed in Uganda.

b) Give any two reasons why swamps should be protected.

40. a) Name any two ways in which a farmer can increase income for his country.

41. b) Which method of farming would you recommend to a farmer in;

i) steep hills?

ii) very dry land?

42. . a) What type of coffee is commonly grown in highland areas of Uganda?

b) Give any two reasons why the type of coffee you have named in (a) above grows well in those areas .

c) State one main problem that affects coffee farmers in Uganda.

43. Match list A with B items correctly

List A (River)	List B (Mouth)
a) R. Nile b) R. Rufiji c) R. Tana d) R. Akagera e) R. Ruvuma	L. Victoria Mediterranean Indian Ocean

a) State two factors which have contributed to the loss of natural forests around Lake Victoria.

b) State two factors that have greatly contributed to the growth of industries around Lake Victoria.

44. Select the correct Stone Age site to answer the activity below;

Stone Age sites: Bigo Byamugenyi, Sango Bay, Olduvai Gorge, Nyero.

a) Skillful early men hunter

b) Artists and painters

c) Oldest human beings lived

d) City built by the Bachwezi

45. a) Give three functions of the East African Community.

b) Why did Kabaka Mwanga order for the death of converts at Namugongo?

46. How important were the following people in East Africa's history;

i) Mirambo?

ii) Nyungu ya Mawe?

iii) Chief Mkwawa?

iv) Benedicto Kiwanuka?

47. Match list A with list B items:

List A	List B
a) Uganda Kob b) Spears c) Drum d) Sun	shows abundant sunshine, symbolises national unity, symbolises Uganda's abundant wildlife, a symbol to defend our independence.

48. Name ways how the East African highlands are important in terms of;

- i) climate _____
- ii) agriculture _____
- iii) tourism _____
- iv) industry _____

49. a) Give two advantages of Universal Primary Education (U.P.E).

b) Mention two problems which the schools are facing as a result of Universal Primary Education (U.P.E).

In numbers 50 to 53, answer Either the Christianity or Islamic questions but not BOTH:

50. Either:

a) Who baptised Jesus Christ?

b) Which was the first miracle to be performed by Jesus Christ?

c) Which prayer did Jesus Christ teach his disciples?

Or: List down the five pillars of Islam.

51. Either:

a) Which Apostle betrayed Jesus Christ?

b) In which way did the apostle named above meet his death?

c) Name the place in which the apostle named in (a) above was buried.

Or:

52. a) When are the following types of prayers performed;

i) Fajr prayer?

ii) Zuhr prayer?

b) What is the ninth month on the Islamic calendar?

c) What is Hegira (Hijrah) in Islamic History?

53. **Either:**

a) Who told Mary that she was going to be the mother of Jesus Christ?

b) Name the king who wanted to kill all male babies at the time of Jesus Christ's birth?

c) To which African country was Jesus taken?

d) Why was Jesus Christ sent to Earth by God?

Or: a) Give four important events which take place in the month of Ramadhan

54. For Both

Explain what each of the following words means;

a) Judgement

b) Missions

c) Mass

d) Zakat

e) Qur'an

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 16

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. In what compass direction can a pilot take to fly from Entebbe to Kigali?

2. Mention one country in East Africa that is found in the Northern hemisphere.

3. Name the major cash crop produced by the Republic of Rwanda.

4. Which country borders Rwanda to the North?

5. Why do people living in Uganda see the sun earlier than those living Democratic Republic of Congo?

6. Why didn't the Masai and Karimajongs form kingdoms?

7. Why are the Miombo Woodlands of Central Tanzania not suitable for livestock farming?

8. Name the first foreign religion to be introduced in East Africa.

9. How can arid areas of East Africa be made suitable for crop farming?

10. Give one reason why River Nile is economically important to the people of East Africa.

11. Name the Germany administrator who declared Tanganyika a Germany colony.

12. How has the government of Uganda tried to solve the problem of illiteracy?

13. In which one way does the increase in population affect the environment in an area?

14. Why is Lake Kyoga most swampy?

15. Name one tribe in East Africa which raided the Indian coolies during the construction of the Uganda Railway.

16. Which two parts made up the "Equatoria province"?

17. Mention the Stone Age period in which fire was discovered.

18. State one disadvantage of bad roads to tourism in East Africa.

19. Why is the Stevenson Screen important at the weather station

20. What type of rainfall is received in coastal areas of East Africa?

21. How did Egypt try to change the life of Ugandans?

22. How is Mount Kilimanjaro similar to Mount Elgon in terms of formation?

23. Identify the flag which was replaced by the Uganda National flag in 1962.

24. Give the meaning of the colours of the Uganda flag.

25. In which way are the people of East Africa similar?

26. Why are tropical rain forests of East Africa described as "Ever green"?

27. Looking at Uganda's population, why are there fewer people in Kalangala islands?

28. Briefly write one reason why it is difficult to carry out terrace farming in Northern Uganda.

29. Why were the Bantu looking for areas with fertile soils during their time of migration?

30. Name any one kingdom that was found in the interlacustrine region of East Africa in Kenya.

31. Uganda has always had a deficit budget. Write down one disadvantage of such a budget.

32. Mention one duty of every citizen in Uganda.

33. Give any one use of formal education.

For questions 34-40 answer Either Christianity Or Islamic but not BOTH

34. **Either:** Why do Christians receive baptism?

Or: Why is circumcision practiced by muslims?

35. **Either:** Which commandment helps us to avoid the AIDS scourge?

Or: Which Islamic pillar caters for the poor?

36. **Either:** State one reason why Jesus Christ taught using parables.

Or: Give one reason why the Meccan pagans hated Prophet Mohammed (S.W.A).

37. **Either:** According to the Bible, who is considered as the first martyr?

Or: Who was the first Prophet according to the Islamic faith?

38. **Either:** Why did Cain kill Abel in the book of Genesis?

Or: What is the importance of Idd-el-fitr to Muslims.

39. **Either:** What does Jesus Christ's resurrection teach His followers?

Or: Who was prophet Muhammad's (S.W.A) first wife?

40. **Either:** What did the Good Samaritan do in the Bible?

Or: Which Islamic pillar serves as that of the Good Samaritan?

SECTION B

41. a) Write down one role of National Forestry Authority in Uganda.

b) Outline any three values of forests in an area.

42. a) What does the term "Population explosion" mean?

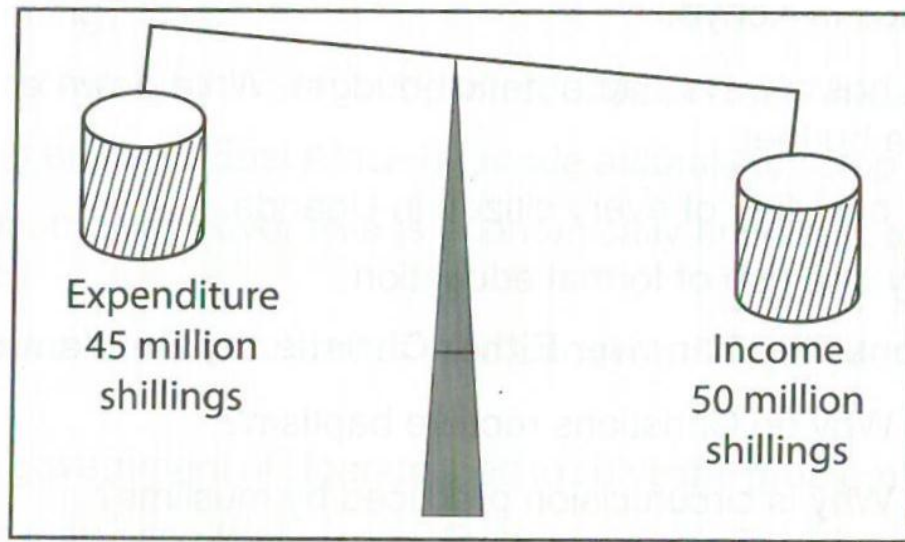
b) Identify any two factors that may lead to a high population density.

43. a) Give one advantage of road transport.

b) Why was the Uganda Railway called so?

c) Identify any two social problems met by the builders of the Uganda Railway.

44. Study Mr. Mukasa's budget below and answer the questions.



a) What is a budget?

b) Name the two parts of a budget.

c) What type of budget is shown above?

45. a) Mention one contribution of traditional leaders to the people of Uganda.

b) Match the following names in List A with the sentences in List B correctly.

List A	List B
i) Kabaka Ssuuna II	Extended the British rule in Eastern Uganda.
ii) Chief Mirambo	His soldiers were called Ruga Ruga
iii) Omukama Kabalega	He was exiled to the sychelles Island.
iv) Semei Kakungulu	He received the first Arabs in Uganda in 1884.

46. a) Which two types of taxes were introduced in Uganda during the 1900 Buganda agreement?

b) Who signed the Buganda Agreement on behalf of the British?

c) Why was Sir Daudi Chwa II unable to sign the agreement of 1900?

47. Match A with B items correctly.

A

- i) Pokot .
- ii) Lugbara
- iii) Bahima
- iv) Bagwere

B

- Bantu
- Plain-Nilotes
- Sudanic
- Hamites

48. a) Why do you think political parties were formed in Uganda?

b) Why was Kabaka Mutesa II exiled to Britain in the 1950's?

c) Why are the following remembered in the development of East Africa;

i) Indians

ii) British

49. a) Name any two Stone Age Sites found near Lake Victoria.

b) Which archeologist discovered the skull of Early Man in East Africa?

c) Give one way in which fire is useful to man today.

50. a) List down any two elements of weather.

b) Write down the type of rainfall which is attracted by the following;

i) mountainous areas

ii) swampy and forested areas

51. Define the following terms in relation to the history of East Africa.

a) Nyamwezi

b) Ntemi

c) Ruga-Ruga

d) Yao

52. a) In which part of Kenya was the kingdom of Wanga?

b) Which ethnic group formed Wanga kingdom?

c) Name the leader of Wanga.

e) Which great lake of East Africa was the kingdom of Wanga?

For questions 53-55, answer Either Christianity or Islamic but not BOTH.

53. Either:

a) How did God create the universe?

b) Write any two reasons why God created Adam.

Or:

- a) Write down any three types of people who should get Zakat.

- b) Mention any one reason why Muslims pay Zakat.

54. Either:

- a) What is a prayer?

- b) Write down any two reasons why Christians pray.

55. For both

State any four qualities of a God-fearing person.

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 17

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. State the date, month and the year Uganda got independence.

2. What are some of the factors that led to Uganda's independence?

3. What is Uganda's major symbol for independence?

4. How has the attainment of independence benefited Uganda?

5. From which country did Uganda receive her political independence?

6. In which way did Uganda fight for her independence?

7. How does the Parliament of Uganda prove our independence?

8. State one other symbol of independence apart from the National flag.

9. On which date was the Uganda National flag hoisted for the first time?

10. Who received the instruments of Uganda's independence from the Colonialists?

11. Which colonial official handed over the instruments of independence?

12. Identify the two political parties which formed alliance to gain power.

13. On the independence monument below, what does the woman represent?



14. Why does the mother hold the child upwards?

15. Where in Uganda is the above monument built?

16. Which kingdom opposed the idea of the East African Federation?

17. What did the idea of the East African Federation mean?

18. Who was Uganda's first President after independence?

19. Who was the first Executive Prime Minister of Uganda.

20. What is a coalition?

21. In which part of Uganda were the 'lost counties'?

22. Why was the Legislative Council (LEGCo) formed?

23. Who was responsible to nominate members of the Legislative Council?

24. Identify the first three Ugandans to be nominated on the Legislative Council.

25. How did Ugandans like Ignatius Musaazi struggle for Uganda's independence?

26. Why did the British Governor deport Kabaka Sir Edward Mutesa?

27. How was Kabaka Sir Edward Muteesa enabled to return in 1955?

28. How important was Keith Hancock in the return of the kabaka?

29. What do you understand by this term Nationalism?

30. Name the first Chief Minister of Uganda.

31. What is government?

32. How does Uganda's National Anthem promote national unity?

33. Write another term used to refer to national symbols.

34. What message does the National Anthem give to all Ugandans in the second stanza?

35. How do you promote "brotherhood" as a citizen of Uganda?

36. Which colours does the crested crane have as shown on Uganda's national flag?

37. Why is the crested crane drawn on the national flag standing on one leg?

SECTION B Study the table of the Presidents of Uganda since 1962.

President	From year	To year
Sir Edward Muteesa	Oct9, 1962	May 24, 1966
Dr. Apollo Milton Obote	May 24, 1966	Jan 25, 1971
Idi Amin Dada	Jan 25, 1971	April 11, 1979
Prof. Yusuf Lule	April 12, 1979	June 19, 1979
Godfrey Lukongwa Binaisa	June 19, 1979	May, 1980
Paulo Muwanga	May, 1980	Dec, 1980
Dr. Apollo Milton Obote	Dec, 1980	July 27, 1985
General Tito Okello Lutwa	July 27, 1985	Jan 25, 1986
General Yoweri Kaguta Museveni	Jan 26, 1986	

38. a) How many Presidents has Uganda had since independence?

b) How does one become a president of Uganda?

c) What is the term of office for a President of Uganda?

39. a) According to the table above, who;

(i) has ruled Uganda twice?

(ii) is the current President of Uganda?

(iii) ruled Uganda for a very short time?

(iv) was the first President?

40. a) What is the study in which the rights and the duties of citizens are taught?

b) Give one right of a citizen.

c) State three duties of the government to her citizens.

41. Explain how each kind of freedom below is important to citizens.

a) Freedom of Speech

b) Freedom to Vote

c) Freedom of Worship

d) Freedom of Press

42. Outline the importance of the following features on the National Coat of Arms;

a) The motto: For God and my country:

b) The Sun:

c) The Blue stripes of water:

d) The shield and spears:

43. a) What is the capital city of Uganda?

b) Which town in Uganda served as Uganda's first capital during the colonial rule?

c) Give one major function of a capital city.

44. Write in full the following political parties;

a) UNC: _____

b) UPU: _____

c) UPC: _____

d) DP: _____

e) FDC: _____

f) UPM: _____

g) NRM: _____

45. Why is it a duty of a citizen to do each of the following;

a) pay tax?

b) take children for immunisation?

c) vote?

d) keep law and order?

46. Why does the government do the following duties for her citizens?

a) construct roads

b) establish courts of Law

c) build schools, colleges and universities

d) maintain police force

47. a) What is democracy?

b) Which Europeans started democracy?

c) In which way is democracy good to Uganda?

d) State one way in which democracy is a problem.

48. Mention the ministry which has the responsibility to provide;

a) Education

b) Internal security

c) Health and medical care

d) Farm tools or equipment.

49. How are the following important to government;

a) Radio stations?

b) Television stations?

c) Newspapers?

d) Means of transport?

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 18

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. How do people and goods move from one place to another?

2. Name the type of transport used by people of long time ago.

3. Identify any one form of communication used long ago.

4. Name the human ancestor believed to have lived at Olduvai Gorge in Tanzania.

5. Which term is meant for upright man?

6. Why is the origin (cradle) of human race traced in East Africa?

7. What are the material remains of early people called?

8. What is the digging and study of the remains of the early people called?

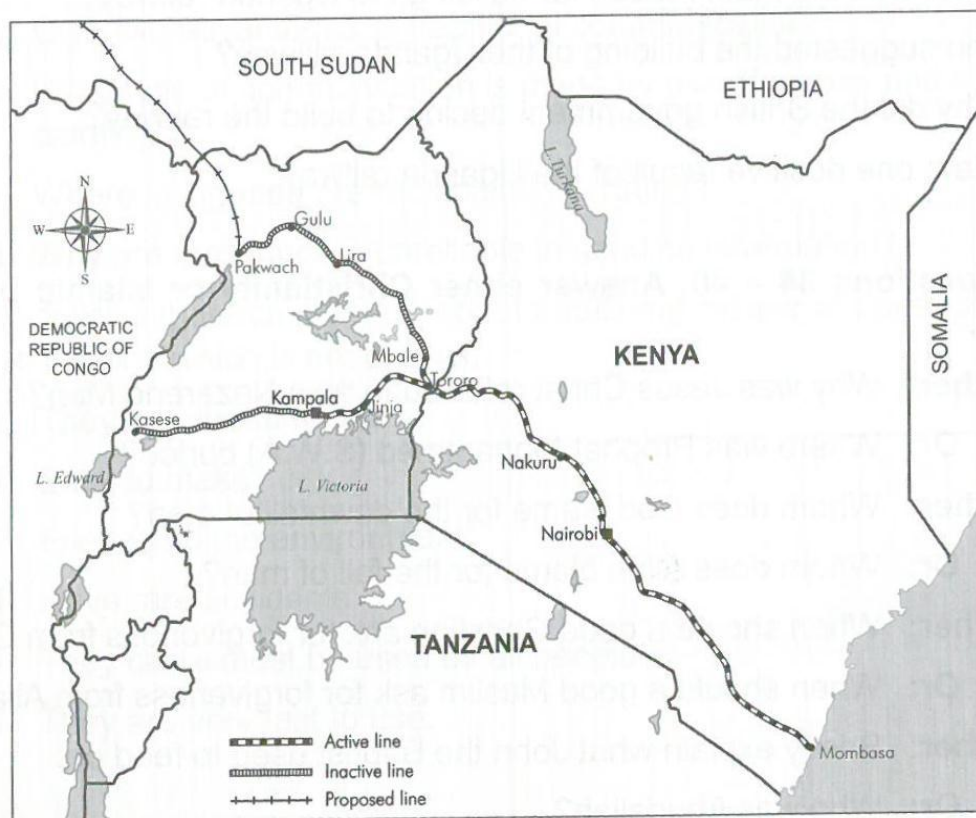
9. In which way was man able to live in old stone age?

10. Why did the early people chase and scare wild animals to maddy areas?

11. In which stone age did the early people start painting pictures?

12. Identify the ethnic group of East Africa which came from the Cameroon highlands.

13. Use the map below and name the main cities shown on the route from the Indian ocean.



14. Give one advantage of the means of transport shown on map above.

15. What are historical sites?

16. How important are canoes as traditional means of transport?

17. State one problem of using modern means of communication in Uganda.

18. State one disadvantage of depending on rafts on water.

19. Why would you prefer a motorboat to a canoe for water transport?

20. State one problem of using stepping stones to cross over shallow water bodies.

21. State one advantage of animal transport.

22. Name one animal used for transport.

23. Identify one disadvantage of animal transport.

24. Why is a tarmac road referred to as an all-weather road?

25. Why are there many roads in East Africa than railways?

26. Give one danger of using roads in East Africa.

27. State any example of goods transported by trains in East Africa.

28. Which form of transport is the fastest?

29. Identify the earliest form of transport used in East Africa.

30. What was the main reason for building the Uganda railway?

31. Who suggested the building of the Uganda railway?

32. Why did the British government decide to build the railway?

33. State one positive result of the Uganda railway.

For Questions 34 - 40, Answer either Christianity or Islamic but not BOTH.

34. **Either:** Why was Jesus Christ referred to as a Nazarene Man?

Or: Where was Prophet Mohammed (S.W.A) buried?

35. **Either:** Whom does God blame for the downfall of man?

Or: Whom does Allah blame for the fall of man?

36. **Either:** When should a good Christian ask for forgiveness from God?

Or: When should a good Muslim ask for forgiveness from Allah?

37. **Either:** Briefly explain what John the Baptist used to feed on.

Or: Who was Abudallah?

38. For both:

How do you talk to God?

39. For both: Write down one social evil in our communities.

40. Either: What lesson do you learn from Jesus Christ?

Or: What lesson do we learn from Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A)?

SECTION B

41. a) What is communication

b) What are traditional means of communication?

c) What is verbal communication?

d) What is non-verbal communication?

42. a) What type of communication is made through alarms?

b) State any one disadvantage of sending information by alarming.

c) How is horn blowing important in our local set up?

43. a) Give one advantage of smoke as a means of communication.

b) Give one disadvantage of using smoke to communicate.

c) Write two other traditional ways of giving information.

44. a) Give two advantages of traditional communication.

b) What type of communication is made by use of smoke and rock paintings?

c) Where in Uganda are rock paintings found?

d) Why are messengers unreliable in sending information?

45. The following statements are about traditional means of transport. Mark X to the one which is not correct.

- ☐ They are cheap to use.
- ☐ Easy to make.
- ☐ Friendly to the environment.
- ☐ Have rare accidents.
- ☐ They can almost be used by all people.
- ☐ They are very fast to use.

46. a) Identify the office which is responsible for sending letters or mails.

b) How are letters carried from one place to another?

c) From which box are letters dropped?

d) What should a letter have before posting?

e) Write P.O. Box in full.

47. a) Explain how a Primary Five learner can pay water bills without going to the bank.

b) What is telecommunication?

c) Why is Alexander Graham Bell remembered in modern communication?

48. Mass media refers to mass communication.

a) Write down three means of mass media used in Uganda today.

b) Identify three main uses of mass media to a nation.

49. a) Find out the people who introduced each of the following means of transport;

i) the bicycle:

ii) the first car in Uganda:

b) Who introduced the steamship services to East Africa?

50. Which mass media in Uganda is;

a) mostly used?

b) bought daily?

c) mostly used in urban areas?

d) least used in remote areas?

e) used to send information easily and faster to many people the same time?

51. How has the following modern communication helped to give information easily and faster;

a) internet:

b) mobile phones:

c) television:

d) facebook:

52. What does the government consider before;

a) building a road

b) building a railway line

c) buying government vehicles

d) putting in place air transport

53. Explain how modern communication has helped in fighting for the people below;

a) refugees

b) war victims

c) emigrants

d) children

54. Transport and communication are very important sectors in the development of any country. Give the economic importance of each of the following to Uganda;

a) Ports for example Butiaba:

b) Entebbe International Airport:

c) Port of Mombasa:

d) Roads

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 19

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. What is the direction of Tanzania from Uganda?

2. How is a title important to any map reader?

3. How can farming be made possible in Semi-arid areas?

4. How do forests support wild animal conservation?

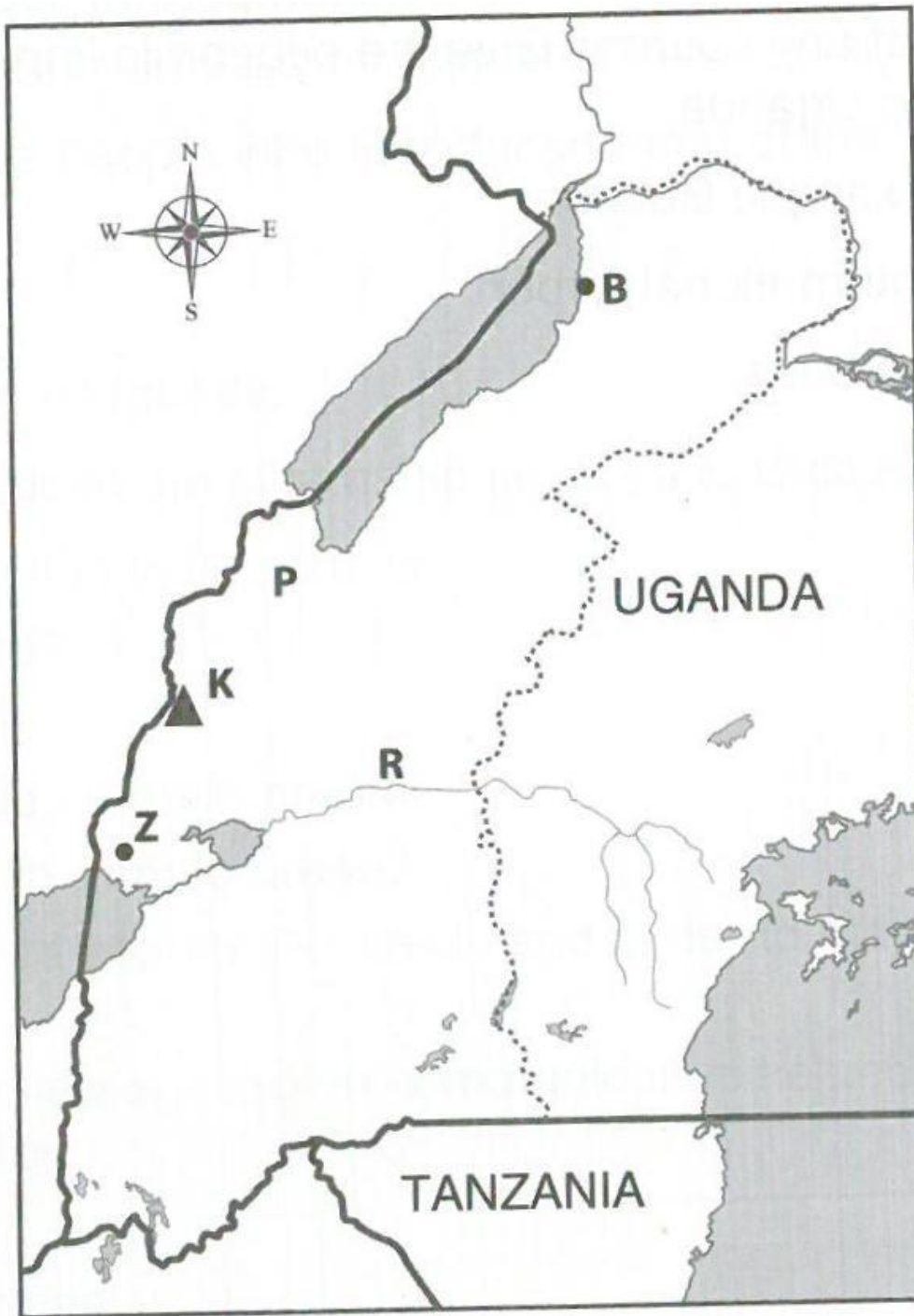
5. Why is the Police important in our country?

6. Why did the Bantu settle in the areas around the great Lakes?

7. Why did the people of long ago migrate?

8. Why do the trees in the Equatorial region grow very tall?

Study the map below and answer the questions.



9. a) Show Kalangala on the map above by shading it with letter **KK**.

b) How is the port marked **B** important to Uganda?

c) Which mineral is used in the making of cement at AC?

d) Name the highest mountain in Uganda where copper ore is mined.

e) How is Lake Katwe at Z useful to Uganda?

f) Name the river marked R.

g) How many lakes can you see on the map?

10. Which body organises elections in Uganda?

11. How are markets important in our communities?

12. Name one National Game Park found in Kasese district.

13. Who is the highest civil servant in a ministry?

14. Which title is given to the ruler of Iteso?

15. Why is a dry season important to a farming community?

16. Why do farmers dig terraces in hilly areas?

17. In which way are the Karimajongs similar to the Masai?

18. Give one advantage of an extended family.

19. In which way has man destroyed the environment?

20. How does altitude affect the climate of Uganda?

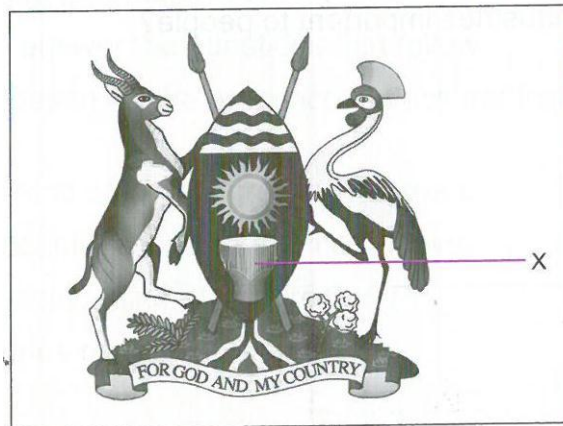
21. How are health centres important in our communities?

22. Why do people carry out different economic activities?

23. What name is given to the fairly raised flat topped piece of land?

24. Why does River Nile flow northwards?

25. What does the symbol marked X below symbolise on the Uganda Coat of Arms?



26. Which is the official language used in Uganda?

27. Which problem is James likely to face while reading a map without a scale?

28. How is fish farming important to people?

For questions 29- 31, answer Either Christianity Or Islamic but not BOTH.

29. **Either:** Why did God save only Noah and his family?

Or: Why did Allah save only Nuuhu and his family

30. **Either:** What important event took place on river Jordan?

Or: What is *Janna*?

31. **Either:** What was Simon Peter doing before Jesus Christ called him?

Or: What message did Prophet Mohammed (S.W.A) receive from Angel Jibril?

SECTION B

32. a) What is a landlocked country?

b) Name any one example of a landlocked country near Uganda.

c) Mention any two problems faced by landlocked countries.

33. a) How are lakes in rift valleys important to Uganda? (Give two)

b) Mention any two examples of rift valley economic activities in Uganda.

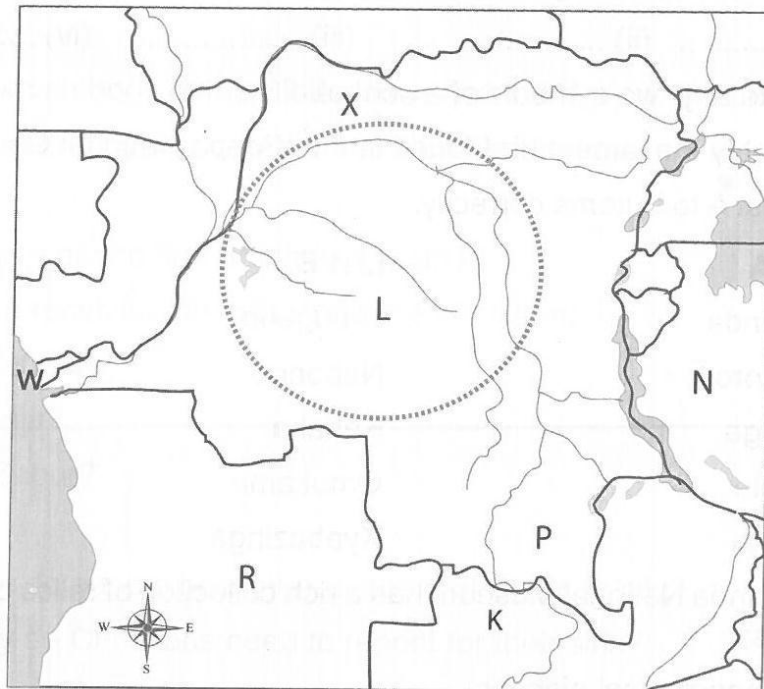
c) How were basin lakes formed?

34. a) How is mining important to the economy of a country?

b) Why do people in your country trade?

c) How are industries important to people?

35. Use the map below to answer the questions that follow.



a) Name the physical features marked;

i) **X**: _____

ii) **W**: _____

b) What is the main economic activity done by the people living in area marked "K"?

c) Name the sea port marked W.

Use the map to answer the questions that follow.

36. a) State one reason for the presence of thick tropical rain forests in the region L

b) Identify the kind of forests growing in area L.

c) Name the country shown in the map above.

d) Write the leading mineral from region P.

37. Name the countries marked.

K: _____ L: _____

R: _____ W: _____

38. Name any two neighbouring countries of the Democratic Republic of Congo shown on the map.

i) _____ ii) _____

39. Identify four landlocked countries shown on the map above.

i) _____ (ii) _____

(iii) _____ (iv) _____

40. a) State any two symbols of a school.

b) Identify the largest bird found in the Kidepo National Game Park.

41. Match list **A** to **B** items correctly.

List A

Buganda
Bunyoro
Busoga
Ankole
Wanga

List B

Omugabe
Nabongo
Kabaka
Omukama
Kyabazinga

42. The Uganda National Museum has a rich collection of relics of the country such as;

- archaeological pieces
- traditional weapons
- musical instruments
- tools
- art and crafts.

a) What is archeology?

b) Write down three stone age sites in Uganda.

c) Which traditional weapons are kept in the Uganda National museum?

d) Which place in Uganda is the venue for national art festivals?

43. a) Why is the Prime Meridian called Greenwich?

b) Name one country in East Africa crossed by the Equator.

c) Which country neighbours Uganda in the;

i) Eastern_____

ii) Northern_____

For questions 44-46, answer Either Christianity Or Islamic but not BOTH

44. Either:

a) In which book of the Bible do we find the story of creation?

b) Mention any two books of the New Testament.

Or:

45. a) Who was the first prophet in Islam?

b) Who received the following books in Islam;

i) Qur'an? _____

ii) Injir? _____

iii) Zabur? _____

46. Either:

a) How do people become members of God's family?

b) Why do Christians need to repent for their sins?

Or:

a) How do Muslims become member of Allah's family?

b) Why do Muslims need to repent for their sins?

47. For Both:

a) Mention any two similar beliefs between Muslims and Christians.

b) Give two similar ways in which both Christians and muslims respect God.

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 20

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. Why do many people live on mountain slopes of Elgon?

2. What do we call the natural make-up of land?

3. Name the chief slave market which existed in East Africa.

4. How is a doctor helpful to our community?

5. Under which Ministry do we find Local Councils?

6. Who is the highest officer in the Uganda's judicial service?

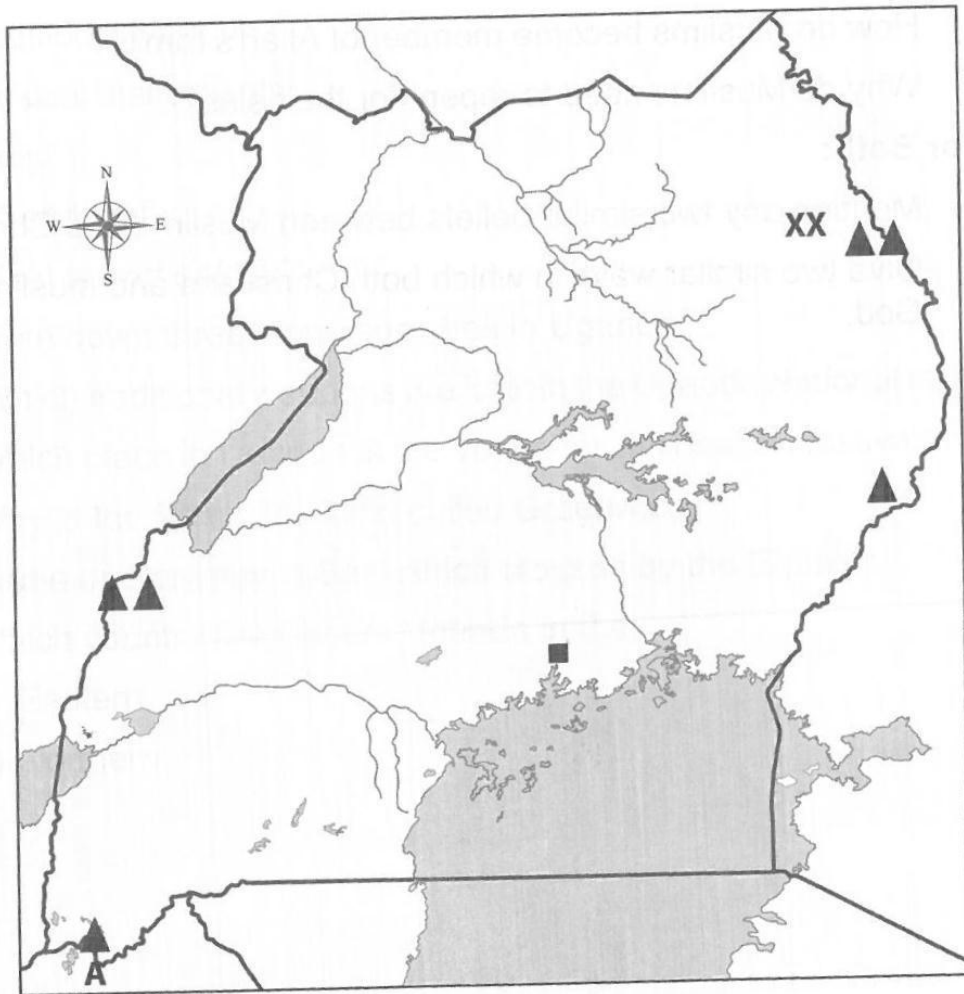
7. Name a Pope who has ever visited Uganda.

8. What do mountaineers do?

9. Name the highest mountain ranges of the Rwenzori after Speke and Baker.

10. Why did H.M. Stanley name Rwenzori 'the mountains of the moon'?

11. How are the Rwenzori ranges and the mountain gorillas important to Uganda?



12. Give the directions of mountain A from the capital.

13. Name the main mineral deposit in the Rwenzori mountain ranges.

14. Match the minerals below with their products.

Minerals	Products
Phosphates	Electric wires
Copper	Fertilizers
Limestone	Cement
Gold	Trophies

15. How did copper mining develop Kasese town?

16. Give one problem facing Hima due to the Hima cement factory.

17. Identify the mineral in the North-east part of Uganda.

18. Why should a pipeline be built to the Albertine region?

19. How do minerals help the growth of industries?

20. Name one resource in the western part of Uganda that will make the country rich.

21. Why do mineral-rich areas need railway transport?

22. How is the swamp around a lake important in terms of tourism?

23. What is the highest mountain peak of Moroto?

24. State the advantage of plantational farming.

25. What plantation crop is grown in Kalangala?

26. What type of lake is found on top of Mountain Elgon?

27. Name the physical feature in which we find Lake Albert and Edward.

28. Name the rock paintings in Uganda.

29. Why is there snow on Mount Rwenzori and Mount Kenya?

In questions 30 to 36 answer Either the Christianity OR Islamic question, but not BOTH.

30. **Either:** What does the suffering and death of Jesus Christ on the cross remind Christians?

Or: What is the importance of Taif in the Islamic faith?

31. **Either:** Give one reason why the Jews were against Jesus Christ.

Or: Give one reason why the people of Mecca were against Prophet Mohammed (S.W.A).

32. **Either:** What is the importance of repentance to a Christian?

Or: What is Tayammum in Islamic faith?

33. **Either:** Why do Christians receive Holy Communion?

Or: How do Muslims get the tittle of 'Hajji' or 'Hajjaf'?

34. **Either:** What is the importance of Mount Sinai in the Christian faith?

Or: How important is Mount Hira in Islamic faith?

35. **Either:** What was the "promised land"?

Or: Why did Prophet Mohammed (S.W.A) leave Mecca to go to Medina?

36. **Either:** Why was baby Jesus Christ taken to Egypt?

Or: How did the journey of Prophet Mohammed (S.W.A) to Medina help in the spread of Islam?

SECTION B

37. a) Why did Sir Samuel Baker build Fort Patiko?

b) Who built a fort at Wadelai?

c) Who resisted Sir Samuel Baker's colonial plans in;

i) Bunyoro? _____

ii) Buganda? _____

38. Name the countries which share boundaries with Uganda in the;

a) North _____

b) West _____

c) East _____

d) South-West _____

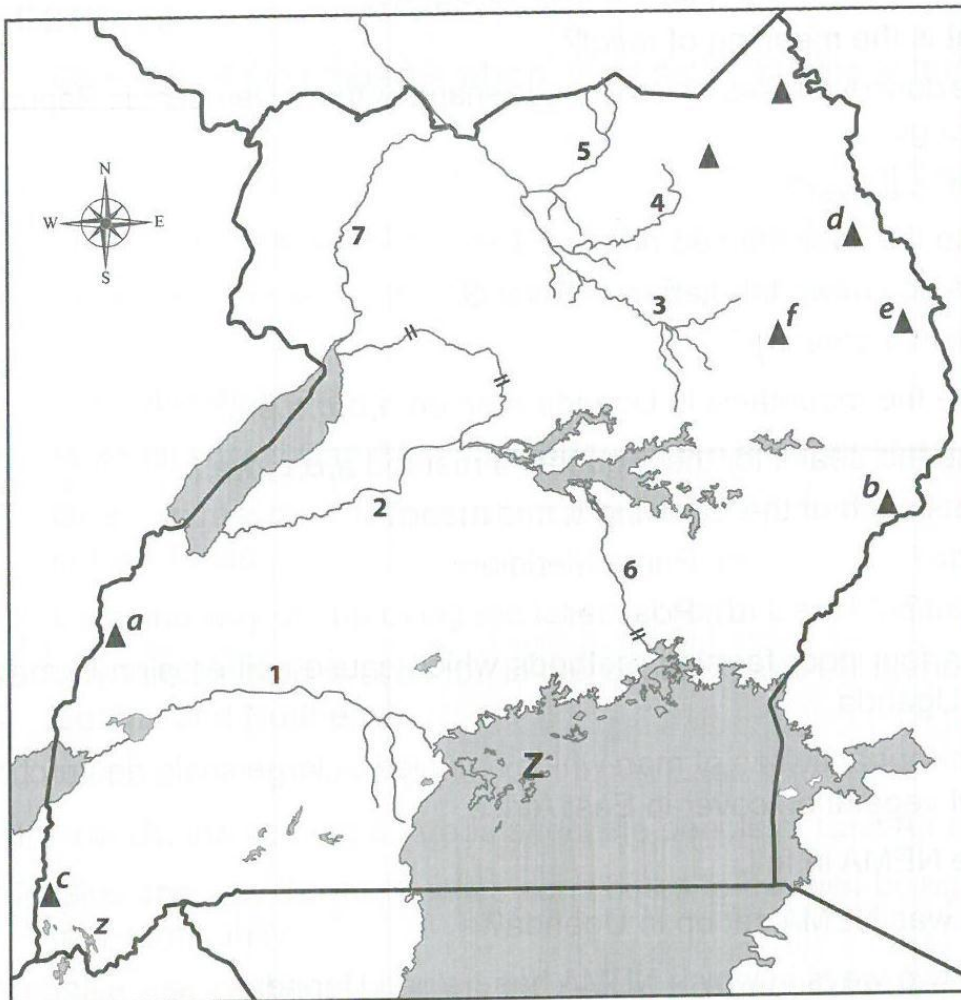
39. a) What is a plateau?

b) Name three regions in Uganda with a low plateau.

40. a) Which part of the East African Rift valley passes via Lake Albert?

b) State three problems common in the rift valleys stated above.

41. Use this map to answer the following questions correctly.



a) Give a suitable title to this map.

b) Name the island districts shown in Lake Victoria with Z.

c) How does Lake Victoria prove that it lies at a higher altitude than Lake Kyoga?

d) Name the river marked Number 6.

42. a) Which European explorer reached the source of the river shown by No.6?

b) Why did the Europeans want to find the source of the river above?

c) Where does the Victoria Nile begin?

d) Where does the Victoria Nile end?

43. a) Name the three falls marked on the map above.

b) State the economic importance of the falls above to the Ugandan government.

44. a) Name the deepest lake in this country above shown by letter Z.

b) How important is the lake above to Uganda?

c) What is the meaning of relief?

- d) Write down two lakes which Uganda shares with the Democratic Republic of Congo.

45. a) What is a river?

- b) Name the river marked number 3.

- c) Write down two tributaries of River 3.

- d) What is a tributary?

46. a) Name the mountains in Uganda marked **a,b,c,d,e,f**.

- b) Name the peaks for the mountains marked **a,b,c,d,e,f**.

47. What does each of the following terms mean?

a) Altitude? _____

b) Equator? _____

c) Prime Meridian _____

d) Poacher _____

48. List down four poor farming methods which cause soil erosion in many parts of Uganda.

49. List down four activities of man which have led to large scale destruction of natural vegetation cover in East Africa.

50. a) Write NEMA in full.

b) Why was NEMA set up in Uganda?

c) Give two ways in which NEMA has helped Uganda.

51. a) What is Family Planning?

b) Give any two ways in which Family Planning Association of Uganda has helped the country.

c) Why are some people in Uganda against Family Planning activities?

d) Why do you think Family Planning is needed in Uganda?

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 21

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. Give one of the problems which affect cattle farming in the mountainous areas of East Africa.

2. State one importance of lakes to farmers who live near them.

3. Identify any one disadvantage of living in wetland areas.

4. Why was it easier for the British to rule Buganda and not West Nile?

5. What is the similarity between the Motto of Uganda and the first verse of the National Anthem?

6. In which way is Carl Peters important in the history of East Africa?

7. Give one reason why there are many different types of natural vegetation in East Africa.

8. Give one way of improving the labour force in East Africa.

9. Why are landslides common in the Eastern parts of Uganda but not in Central and Northern?

10. Name any Regional organisation for all East African countries.

11. How did the coming of Arabs affect the people of East Africa?

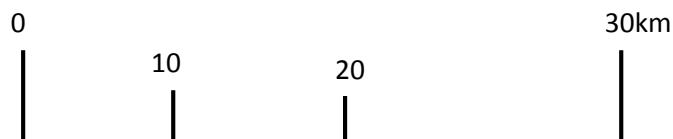
12. Give one way in which police contributes to the well-being of the people in a community.

13. Give one contribution made by Semei Kakungulu in the colonisation of Uganda by the British.

14. How important is the rain gauge at a weather station?

15. Which ethnic group occupies the Northeastern part of Uganda?

16. Why is the symbol below important on a map?



17. In which way is the formation of Mountain Elgon different from that of Mountain Rwdnzori?

18. How does a cement factory affect the people living near it?

19. Mention any possible way in which the government can help the people in rural areas to increase agricultural produce.

20. In which way does peace promote development in a country?

21. Why is it difficult to carry out crop farming in North-eastern Kenya?

22. State one reason why controlling population increase is difficult.

23. Which explorer contributed to the colonisation of Uganda?

24. State the importance of political parties in Uganda today.

25. On which river is Bujagali National Power Station?

26. How is the harvesting of coffee in Uganda different from the harvesting of cocoa in Ghana?

27. Give one way in which the African Union (A.U) is trying to help African countries solve the problem of civil wars.

28. How is Lake Victoria contributing to the growth of industries in Uganda?

29. What is the difference between an extinct volcano and an active volcano?

30. Name the major crop grown in the Kilombero Irrigation Scheme in Tanzania.

31. Why did Egypt try to colonise Uganda?

32. Give one problem the builders of the Uganda Railway faced in the Tsavo area.

33. State one reason why dairy farming is common in the highlands of Uganda.

34. Give one danger caused by heavy rainfall.

35. State one reason why the Equator is marked 0°.

In questions 36 to 39 answer Either the Christianity Or Islamic question, but not BOTH.

36. **Either:** Why did God create Eve?

Or: Why did Allah create Hawa?

37. **Either:** Why do Christians believe in the Holy Spirit?

Or: Give two reasons why muslims believe in angels.

38. **Either:** What is the difference between Cana and Canan?

Or: Give one way in which Yusuf's dream was fulfilled.

39. **Either:** In which way does God communicate to his people?

Or: How do Muslims show respect to a mosque?

SECTION B

40.a) Name one Missionary who contributed to the economic development of Uganda.

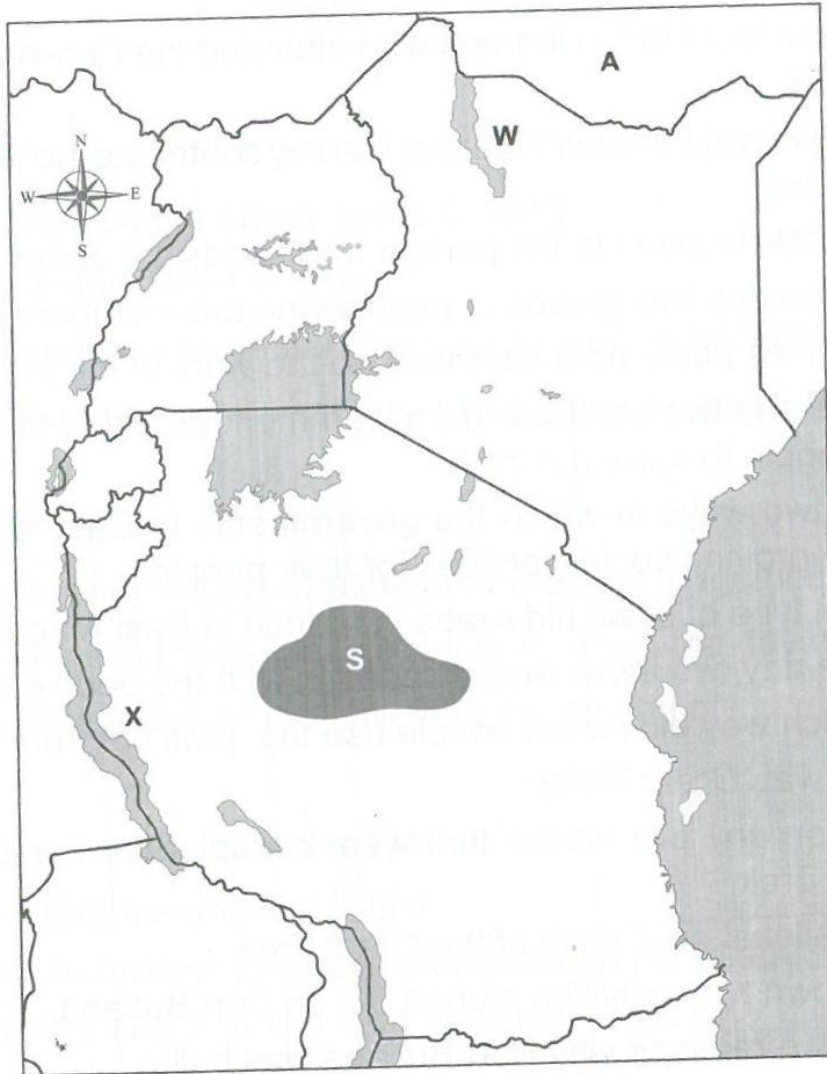
b) How did the missionary named above contribute to the economic development of Uganda?

c) Give two ways in which the missionaries improved the health of the people of Uganda.

41.a) Define an industry.

b) Give four factors that have made the Republic of South Africa a leading industrial country in Africa.

42. Use the map below to answer the questions that follow.



a) Name the country A.

b) Give one reason for low population in the area marked S.

c) State one economic activity that is carried out in the lake marked X.

d) Give one similarity in the formation of Lakes X and W.

43. a) Give one way in which Lake Tana is important to the Blue Nile, b) Explain the meaning of these words:

(i) tributary of a river

(ii) mouth of a river

(iii) distributary of a river.

44. Match the following mountains correctly.

Group A	Group B
Mt. Rwenzori Mt.	active volcanic mountain
Kilimanjaro	an extinct volcanic mountain
Mt. Mufumbiro	the highest mountain in Uganda
Mt. Kenya	the highest mountain in Africa

45. a) Mention two African leaders who attended the Pan-African Congress in 1958.

b) Give two ways in which Marcus Garvey contributed to the development of Africa.

46. a) What title is given to the person who heads the Judiciary in Uganda?

b) Mention any two groups of people who are members of the judiciary.

c) How does parliament contribute to the work of the judiciary?

47. a) Name any two services the government provides that make it easy for people to carry out trade.

b) Give two ways in which the governments of East African countries are improving social services for their people.

48. a) Which type of cows did Arabs introduce in East Africa?

b) Name any two items Arabs traded in with the people of East Africa.

c) In which way did Acholi people use the guns got from slave trade?

49. a) What was Great Trek?

b) Mention any two places that were occupied by the Dutch after the Great Trek.

c) Give atleast one result of the Great Trek.

50. a) List down two activities carried out on Port Butiaba.

b) Give two reasons why Port Butiaba was built.

51. a) Apart from growing crops, give one other activity carried out by man to support his family.

b) Mention two ways in which man benefit from growing crops.

c) Give one problem facing dairy farming in Uganda.

For numbers 52 to 54, answer either the Christianity or Islamic questions but not BOTH.

52. Either:

a) What does the word Gospel mean?

b) Name any two people who wrote the Gospel.

c) What guided the people mentioned above to write the Gospel?

Or: Write the meaning of each of the following words in Islamic faith.

a) Kaaba

b) Saum

c) Umra

d) Imam

53. Either:

a) Who led the Jews to arrest Jesus Christ?

b) Why was Jesus Christ arrested?

c) Give one reason why Jesus Christ was taken to Pontius Pilate.

d) Why did Pontius Pilate wash his hands when he gave Jesus Christ to the Jews.

Or:

a) State the duty of Angel Israafeel on the day of judgement.

b) Mention any two things that will happen before the day of judgement.

c) Why will Allah judge all the believers on the day of judgement?

54. Either:

a) Which son of Adam killed his brother?

b) Name the brother who was killed.

c) Why was the brother you have mentioned in (b) killed?

d) Give any one way in which God punished the killer.

Or:

55. Give any four things which a person who is fasting is advised to do by Prophet Muhammed (P.B.U.H).

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 22

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

SECTION A

1. Identify any one important natural resource in Uganda.

2. Name any one seaport that handles Uganda's imports and exports.

3. Why is a windsock important on Entebbe airport?

4. How is a forest utilised by the people around it?

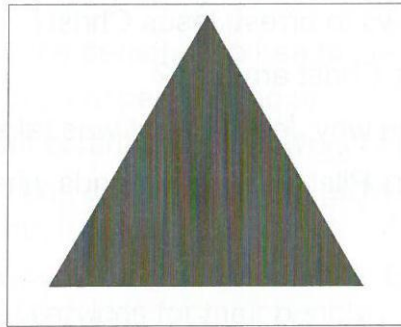
5. Why did the Bantu settle in the Great lakes region?

6. Name the country found in the Eastern part of East Africa.

7. State one reason that led to the expansion of Buganda Kingdom during the 18th Century.

8. State one way people in Uganda are misusing swamps.

9. Draw a map symbol for a hill below.



10. Which type of coffee is grown on the slopes of Mountain Mufumbiro?

11. Name the part of River Nile found between Lake Victoria and Lake Albert.

12. Which National Game park is located in Karamoja area?

13. How are the Baganda, Bagisu, Banyankole similar?

14. How was the only block type of mountain found in Uganda formed?

15. Why do many people migrate from villages to towns in Uganda today?

16. Give one reason that makes farmers in mountainous areas to terrace their land.

17. Who were the original inhabitants of the Great lakes region before the coming of the Bantu ethnic group?

18. Mention the culture that resulted from the intermarriage of Arabs and the Bantu people.

19. Why did the Karimojong practice nomadic pastoralism?

20. Who was the first governor of the Equatorial province?

21. Name one tribe in Uganda that belongs to the highland Nilotes.

22. Suggest one reason why the Bachwezi rule is still remembered.

23. Give one advantage of formal education.

24. Mention one method the early man used to obtain food.

25. Which organisation was responsible for sending most explorers to Uganda?

26. Why did H.M. Stanley sail around Lake Victoria?

27. What is a census night?

28. Why was Speke and Grant sent to Uganda in the 1860's?

29. Suggest any one advantage of having better social service delivery.

30. What is the direction of Gulu town from Kampala city?

31. Give one way through which a person can become a citizen of Uganda.

32. Explain the term vegetation.

33. Why is tourism called an invisible industry?

34. Mention any one item that attracts tourists to Uganda.

35. Which water body joins Lake Edward to Lake George?

In questions 36- 39, answer either Christianity or Islamic question, but not BOTH.

36. **Either:** State the miracle that Jesus Christ performed at Cana in Galilee

Or: Mention any one food which is a taboo to the Muslims.

37. **Either:** Why do Christians celebrate Ash Wednesday?

Or: Why do Muslims celebrate Idd-el-fitri?

38. **Either:** Name the son of Jacob who was sold by his brothers to the Egyptians.

Or: Who was the son of Ibrahim that Allah asked for sacrifice?

39. **Either:** Which apostle of Jesus did not believe in the resurrection of Jesus Christ?

Or: Who was the successor of Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A)?

SECTION B

40. Give any two reasons why man drains wetlands in Uganda.

41. a) Name one economic activity carried out on lakes.

b) Outline two uses of lakes and rivers to the people of Uganda.

c) How was Lake Katwe formed?

42. a) Give the main reason why explorers came to Uganda.

b) Write down any two problems explorers faced in Uganda.

c) Why was Stanley sent to Uganda for the second time in 1874?

43. a) Write all the five big lakes in Uganda according to their sizes beginning with the smallest.

b) Name two lakes in Uganda which were formed through;

(i) Down warping

(ii) Lava -damming.

c) Which is the deepest lake in Uganda?

44. Match the sentences in List A with words in list B correctly.

List A	List B
(i) Famous for early man pictures	(a) H. M. Stanley
(ii) He welcomed the first missionaries to Uganda	(b) Sir Edward Mutesa I of Buganda
(iii) Is the largest ethnic group in Uganda	(c) Nyero rock painting
(iv) Wrote a letter to invite missionaries to Uganda	(d) Bantu
(v) Was the first European to see Lake Nalubaale	

45. a) Which British Official exiled Sir Edward Mutesa II 1953?

b) Who signed the Namirembe agreement on behalf of Buganda?

c) Why was the Namirembe Agreement of 1953 signed between Britain and Buganda?

46. a) List down any two cardinal points of a compass. ;

b) Give the importance of a compass direction for a map reader.

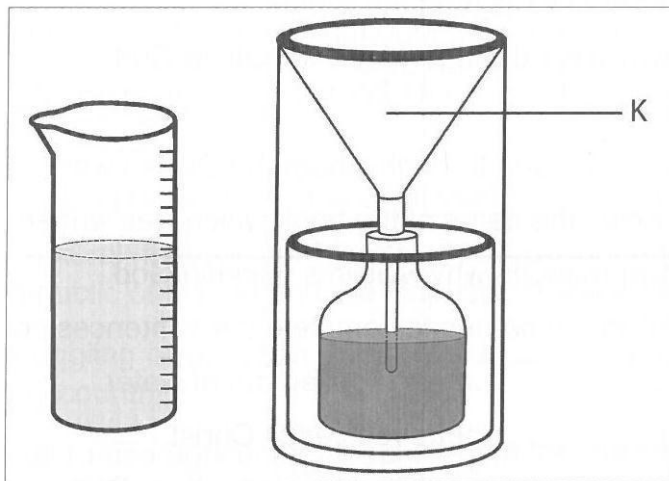
c) Apart from a map reader which other people use a compass daily?

47. a) Why was early man's body hairy?

b) How useful was fire to early man?

c) How useful was the stone tool to early man?

48. Study the diagram below and answer question 49



a) Name the instrument above.

b) Why is the instrument placed 30 cm above the ground?

c) Name the part labelled with letter K.

d) Give the function of the above instrument at a weather station.

49. a) Mention any two reasons that caused migration of ethnic groups to Uganda.

b) Where did river-lake Nilotes settle first in Uganda?

c) Write down any one tribe in Uganda that belongs to the river-lake Nilotes.

50. a) Who was the first King of the Bachwezi?

b) Suggest any three things that were brought by the Bachwezi to Uganda.

51. a) Mention any two problems faced by animals in game parks.

b) Suggest any two ways in which the government can encourage tourists to come to Uganda.

In questions 52 - 54 answer either Christianity or Islamic questions but not BOTH.

52. **Either:**

a) Name the book in the Bible which was written by King David.

b) Why do Christians read the Bible?

c) Give two ways through which we talk to God.

Or:

a) Name the person through whom the Qur'an was revealed.

b) Write down the name of the book which was written by Prophet Musa.

c) Give two reasons why Muslims worship God.

53. **Either:** Fill in the names to complete the sentences correctly.

a)means pulled out of water.

b)betrayed Jesus Christ.

c)was killed by his brother, Cain.

d)accepted to sacrifice his son, Isaac.

Or: Fill in the names to complete the sentences correctly.

a)mother of Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A).

b)revealed the Quran to Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A).

c)was the first wife of Prophet Muhammad.

d)is the fasting period of Muslims.

54. **For Both**

a) Give two ways in which the church and the mosque are trying to assist people in your community.

b) How do Ugandans benefit from the work of the following organisations?

(i) UNICEF _____

(ii) Red Cross _____

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 23

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. Why do you think some one will find it easy to read a map which has a key?

2. Name the mountainous country neighbouring East Africa.

3. Why is it important to have a very good and accurate weather station at a school?

4. How does transport promote the Tourism industry in East Africa?

5. Mention one natural feature that forms a natural boundary between Democratic Republic of Congo and the Republic of Rwanda.

6. How is the smuggling of goods in and out of Uganda dangerous to the economy of any country?

7. Why is it difficult to use agricultural machinery in the districts of Kabale, Kisoro and Mbale?

-
-
8. What problem is created by mountainous features to East Africa?
-
9. How do we call the organ of government which includes the President?
-
10. Why do you think that very few people in rural areas use television as a means of communication across East Africa?
-
-
11. Which neighbouring country to East Africa is very rich in minerals?
-
12. How is the presence of a forest in an area very important to farmers?
-
13. Name the Nilotic tribe found in Kenya.
-
14. Where are law breakers kept to become better citizens in Uganda?
-
15. How useful was the Royal Geographical Society to the Europeans who came to East Africa?
-
16. Why did the local Chiefs and Kings want slavery to continue in East Africa?
-
-
17. Why is it difficult to carry out population census every year?
-
-
18. Write E.A.C.S.O in full.
-
-
19. State one advantage of trade between different countries.

20. What are inland ports.

21. What are seaports.

22. Which main port is on Lake Tanganyika?

23. Give one main cause of Mau Mau?

24. How can the extension of electricity supply to rural areas save the environment?

25. Why did the early man fail to live in caves before the discovery of fire?

26. Why does cotton and coffee appear on the Uganda National Coat of Arms?

27. Why is transport an important factor for the growth of industries in Uganda?

28. State one reason why rebellions were staged in East Africa during colonial rule.

29. Why do people in your home area clear away swamps?

30. How dangerous is lack of education?

31. Name the water body that borders East Africa near Lake Turkana.

32. Give one reason why most game parks are found in Savannah grasslands.

33. What causes day and night?

34. Why did Buganda oppose the formation of the East African Federation during the British rule?

35. How is mountain Rwenzori similar to Mount Usambara in terms of formation?

For questions 36-39, answer Either Christianity Or Islamic but not both.

36. **Either:** What is Lent?

Or: What is Ramadhan?

37. **Either:** Which sacrament washes away the original sin?

Or: Which is the first and greatest pillar in Islam?

38. **Either:** How did man break his relationship with God?

Or: How did man break his relationship with Allah?

39. **Either:** Why did Mary and Joseph go to Bethlehem?

Or: Why did Prophet Mohammed (S.W.A) make a flight from Medina to Mecca?

SECTION B

40. a) What is History?

b) Why was the early man called a Stone Age man?

c) How did early man discover fire?

d) State one way in which fire was useful to the early man.

41. a) Why is rural-urban migration common in Uganda today?

b) How can the government of Uganda discourage rural-urban migration?

42. a) Write EAC in full?

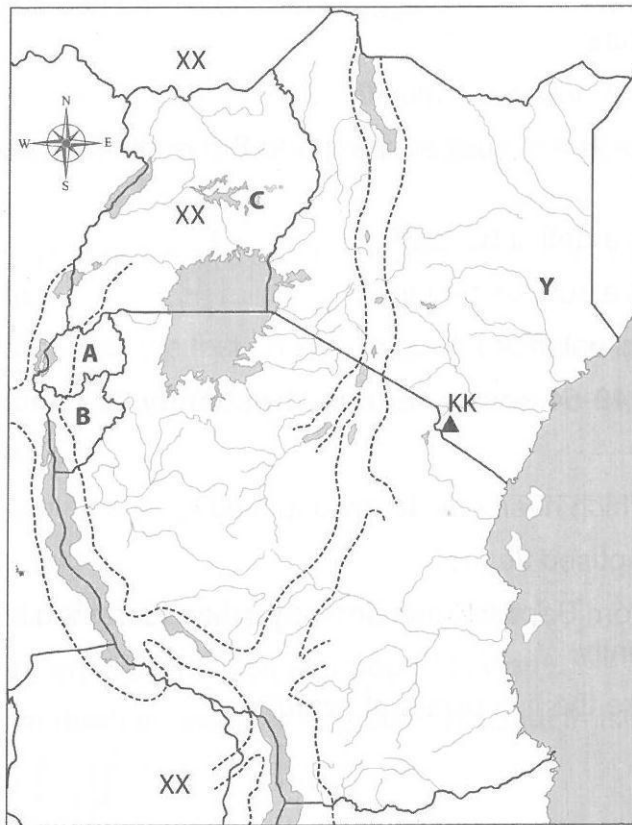
b) Who heads the Legislature arm of the East African Community?

c) List down the three arms of government.

43. a) Which factors influenced the settlement patterns of the Bantu ethnic group?

b) Who were the first group of people to come to Uganda?

44. Below is a map of East Africa. Study it carefully and answer the questions about it.



a) Name the lake marked C.

b) What compass direction is Lake C from B?

c) How are the countries marked **XX** disadvantaged in terms of location?

d) Name the tribe of people who live around the slopes of mountain marked "KK"

45. a) Identify the longest river in Kenya **Y**.

b) Why does the river marked **Y** flow into the Indian ocean?

c) How is the government of Kenya using river **Y** to better life for her people?

d) Name the largest rice growing scheme in Kenya

46. Show and name four ways in which big rivers are used by tourists to bring in income to East Africa.

47. a) What is a budget?

b) Why should we budget?

c) How is budgeting useful?

d) What problem does one get when he or she has spent more than he or she has?

48. a) What is a national budget?

b) Who reads the budget speech to the parliament on the President's behalf?

d) What is a deficit budget?

d) What is a surplus budget?

e) Define a balanced budget.

For questions 49-54 answer Either Christianity Or Islam but not both

49. Either:

a) From which river was Jesus baptised?

b) Who baptised Jesus?

c) Apart from Baptism, mention any other sacraments found in Christianity.

Or: What are the five pillars of Islam?

50. Either:

a) Write briefly about:

i) St. Perpetua _____

ii) St. Mbagwa Tuzinde _____

b) i) Who was the father of Mbagwa?

ii) Why was St. Perpetua murdered?

Or: a) State any one importance of a prayer to a Muslim.

b) Give the first obligatory prayer said by Muslims daily.

c) Give one condition that Muslims must fulfill before performing a prayer.

51. Either:

a) Mention one way in which Jesus is present among Christians today.

b) "I am the way, the truth and the light" Who said these words?

c) To whom were the above words said?

d) Why do Christians honour "Good Friday"?

Or:

a) Give any two reasons why Muslims should pay Zakat.

b) Name any two types of Zakat given by Muslims.

52. Either:

a) What name is given to a story of religious teaching with hidden meanings?

b) In the parable of the lost sheep, what do the following represent:

i) shepherd?

ii) Lost sheep?

iii) Ninety nine sheep?

Or:

53. a) How did Ibrahim show his obedience to Allah?

b) List down any two qualities of a good Muslim.

c) Apart from Ibrahim, mention any other prophet in Islam.

54. Either: Match list A with list B

List A	List B
Gabriel	preached about social justice and repentance
Amos	brought good news of Jesus' birth.
Thaddaeus	preached the good news to the Gentiles
Paul	was an apostle

Or:

a) Give two reasons why Islam took long to spread in East Africa.

b) How did his journey to Medina help the spread of Islam?

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 24

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. Why does a country use a constitution?

2. Why is the government creating more districts in the country?

3. Why do the Bagishu practice circumcision among men?

4. Why is Olduvai Gorge important in the history of the people of East Africa?

5. Give one reason why swamp vegetation needs to be conserved.

6. Mention the weather instrument used to measure maximum and minimum temperature.

7. Name the National Game Park which is crossed by the Kazinga Channel in Uganda.

8. Of what importance is the Great East African Rift Valley?

9. How do winds regulate the temperatures of a given place?

10. Why is River Achwa said to be a tributary of River Nile?

11. Give one problem affecting the mining industry in Uganda.

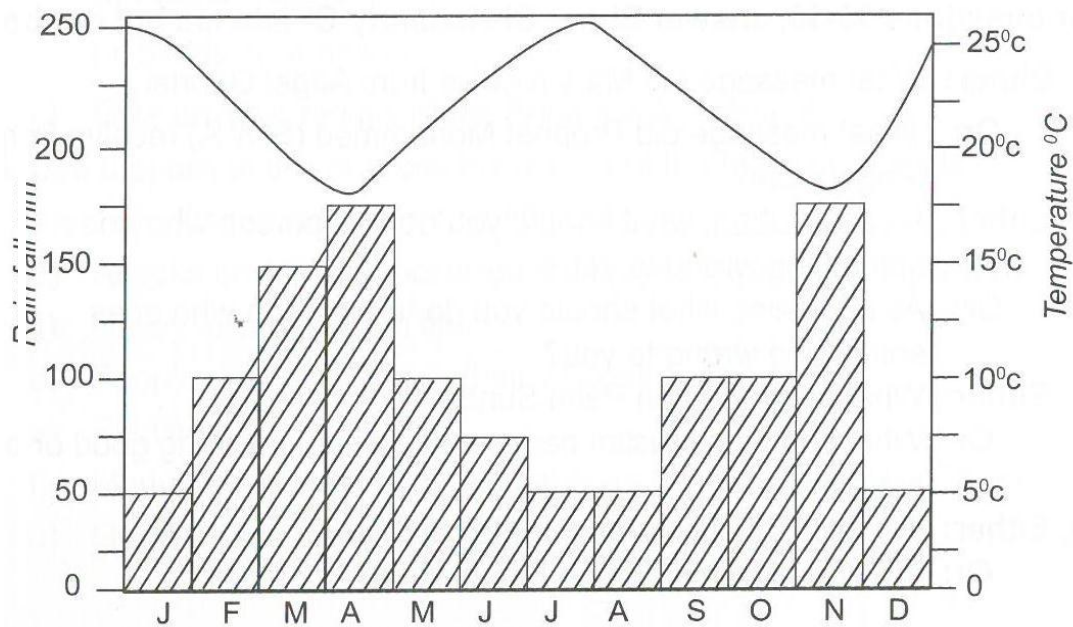
12. Of what disadvantage is water transport over air transport?

13. Mention one advantage of an extended family over a nuclear family.

14. How is cloud cover not good for air transport?

15. Why are places like the museum important in a country?

The graph below shows the monthly average rainfall and temperature recorded at a Primary School in Wakiso District. Study it and use it to answer questions 16-20



16. Identify the type of climate represented on the graph.

17. What can you say about the temperature in the school?

18. What was the highest temperature recorded at the school?

19. Identify one traditional cash crop which grows well in the climate of the school above.

20. What causes the difference between the lowest and highest temperature and rainfall during the year?

21. Which trading company was set up by Carl Peters in Germany East Africa?

22. What is the chief cash crop grown in Arua highlands in Kenya?

23. How do swamps support the art and craft industry?

24. Of what disadvantage is brick making a problem to Uganda?

25. Why are the shadows of objects after noon cast to the East?

26. Mention one reason why areas along Latitude 0° are hot and wet throughout the year.

27. Mention any one inland port on Lake Victoria in Tanzania.

28. How did the coming of the Arabs benefit Buganda kingdom?

29. How is the Speaker of Parliament different from other Members of Parliament in terms of dressing?

30. Why do we need to have a duty rota for workers in a school?

31. What is the importance of a surplus budget to a country?

32. State one economic importance of clay soil to the people of East Africa.

33. Name the chief cash crop produced from Zanzibar.

34. Give one reason why early man lived a better life in the new Stone Age.

For questions 35-38, answer Either Christianity Or Islamic but not both.

35. **Either:** What message did Mary receive from Angel Gabriel?

Or: What message did Prophet Mohammed (S.W.A) receive from Angel Jibril?

36. **Either:** As a Christian, what should you do to a person who does something wrong to you?

Or: As a Muslim, what should you do to a person who does something wrong to you?

37. **Either:** What happened on Palm Sunday?

Or: What should a Muslim believer say when anything good or bad happens?

38. **Either:** Why do Christians honour Mount Sinai?

Or: Why do Muslims honour Mount Hiira?

SECTION B

39. a) What is a natural resource?

b) Why do you think that the East African countries have failed to utilise their available resources?

c) Mention any major resources found in East Africa.

40. a) Mention any two treaties that were signed between the European powers during the partition of East Africa.

b) List down any two negative effects of colonial rule in East Africa.

41. a) How are small rivers joining a main one called?

b) State the source of the Blue Nile river.

c) Which irrigation scheme is supported by the Blue Nile river?

d) Name the mouth of the Blue Nile river.

42. a) State the symbols that identify any nation.

b) Why are the right legs of both the Crested Crane and the Kob drawn touching the shield on the Uganda Coat of Arms?

c) What does the sun represent on the Uganda Coat of Arms?

43. a) What were the main causes of the Mau-Mau rebellion?

b) Give two reasons why the Mau-Mau rebellion lasted for so long.

c) Who were the two chief leaders of the Mau-Mau rebellion?

44. a) When was the Buganda Agreement signed?

b) What role did the following people play during the Buganda Agreement;

(i) Apollo Kaggwa?

(ii) Sir Harry Johnson?

c) Give any two results of the Buganda Agreement.

45. Use a pencil to tick or cross the results of the Maji Maji rebellion.

a) The villages were burnt and looted.

b) Attacks on Africans occurred in Mbuyuni, Gogo and Mpwapwa.

c) Heavy loss of human life.

d) People did not flee from their villages.

e) Famine.

f) Many ring-leaders and sympathisers were executed by Germans.

g) Germans later improved their administration.

46. a) Why did Kings Kabalega and Mwanga resist British rule in Uganda?

b) Give two results of their resistance.

c) Name the rebellion that took place in Acholi land in 1912.

d) What was the main cause of the rebellion?

e) What was the result of the above rebellion?

a) Write any two factors which led to the rise of Buganda Kingdom.

b) Apart from Buganda Kingdom, state any other interlacustrine kingdom in East Africa.

c) How useful are kingdoms to people in Uganda?

47. a) Name two European countries that were interested in East Africa.

b) State any two methods used by the Europeans to get colonies in East Africa.

For questions 49-51, answer either Christianity or Islamic but not BOTH.

48. Either:

a) On which day did Jesus Christ go to heaven?

b) Give any two reasons why a person should behave as a good Christian.

Or:

a) Why were the Mecca pagans against Prophet Mohammed (S.W.A)?

b) How should a good moslem behave?

49. Either:

a) Name the person who led the Israelites to the promised land.

State any one problem faced by the Israelites during Exodus.

b) How are commandments important in the Christian faith?

c) Who was Moses' spokes person during the Exodus?

Or:

a) How can a true Muslim worship his or her Allah?

b) Why should Muslims perform salat?

50. For All:

a) Why do Christians and Muslims pray as soon as they wake up?

b) How can you please your God or Allah?

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 25

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. Which country of East Africa lies in the Southern Hemisphere?

2. Explain why most rivers in Africa are not widely used for navigation.

3. What major factor influences population distribution in East Africa?

4. Give one way in which the government of Uganda can discourage rural-urban migration.

5. How are the Fulani, Karamojongs and the Masai similar in their way of life?

6. Give the economic importance of feeder roads to the development of a country like Uganda.

7. Name the major cash crop grown by countries of East Africa.

8. Mention one agricultural product of the temperate grassland of South Africa.

9. What type of tax is charged on goods entering into a country?

10. Suggest one importance of a national language to our country.

11. How does political instability affect the economy of a country?

12. Which UN agency helps the displaced people in the world?

13. Why should the government support modern weather forecasting activities in the country?

14. State one great social contribution Nelson Mandela made for the people of South Africa.

15. Apart from generating hydro-electricity, how else is the Nile river used by the people where it passes?

16. Explain the importance of the tourism industry to Ugandans.

17. How has River Nile contributed to the economic growth of Uganda?

18. State one step taken by the government of Uganda to fight against poverty.

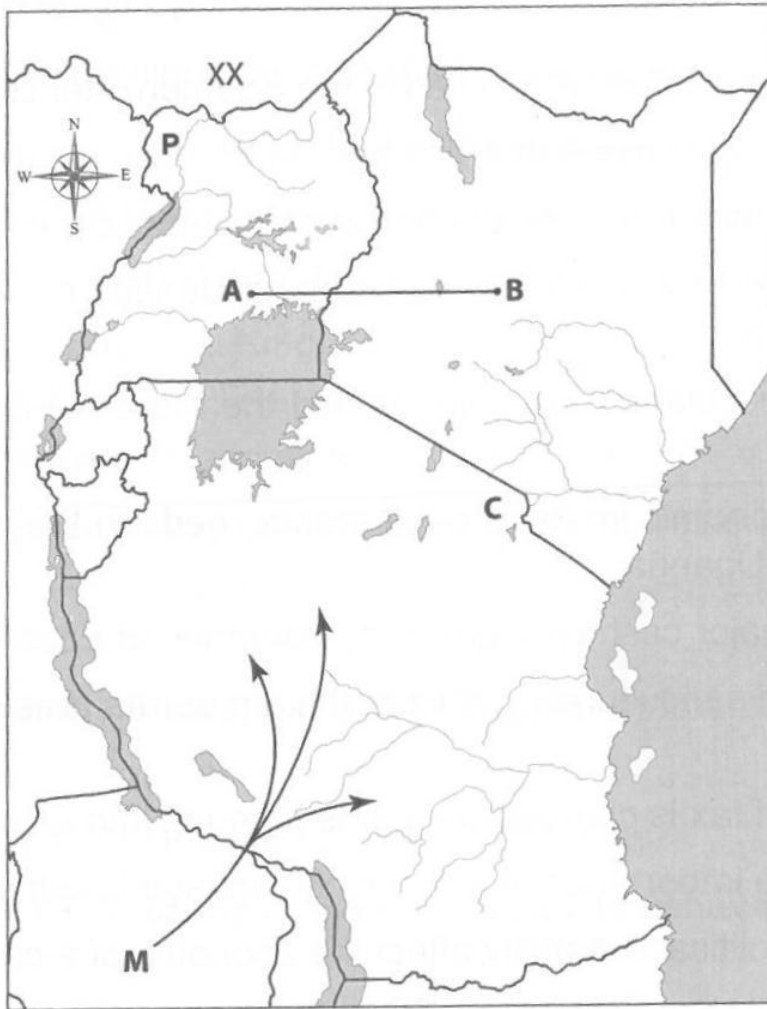
19. State one advantage of having crude oil as a country's resource.

20. How does smuggling affect the economy of East Africa

21. How have civil wars affected the welfare of the people in Somalia?

22. Give one way in which the people of Uganda can benefit from the foreign investors.
-

Study the map below and answer questions 23-27.



23. Why is the distance between **A** and **B** shorter by air than by road?
-
-

24. Why are the slopes of Mountain **C** densely populated?
-
-

25. Give an example of an ethnic group which entered East Africa through route M.
-

26. Name the organisation which unites countries shown on the map.

27. To which country did the part marked **P** belong before 1914?

28. Give one reason why the Europeans were interested in acquiring colonies in Africa.

29. Why was German rule disliked in Tanganyika?

30. How did the coming of the Arabs at the East African Coast affect the culture of the people?

31. Why should a democratic society have a constitution?

32. How did the coming of Europeans into Buganda contribute to the decline of Bunyoro Kitara Kingdom?

33. Mention one contribution made by the Bachwezi to the modern politics of Uganda.

In questions 34-40, answer either the Christianity or Islamic questions, but not BOTH.

34. **Either:** Why is worship important to Christians?

Or: Why is worship important to Muslims?

35. **Either:** Name one of the gifts of the Holy Spirit to the Apostles.

Or: What do Muslims observe on Idhi-Adhuha?

36. **Either:** Why is death and suffering of man blamed on Adam and Eve?

Or: Why is the death and suffering of man blamed on Adam and Hawa?

37. **Either:** State one value of confirmation to Christians.

Or: Why do Moslems circumcise?

38. **Either:** Why is the birth of Jesus Christ important to Christians?

Or: Why is the birth of Prophet Mohammed (PBUH) important to Muslims?

39. **Either:** What did Jesus Christ mean by the term 'Church' when he told Simon Peter to look after His Church?

Or: What is the importance of Zakat?

40. **Either:** What is a church according to Christians?

Or: What is the main reason for paying Zakat?

SECTION B

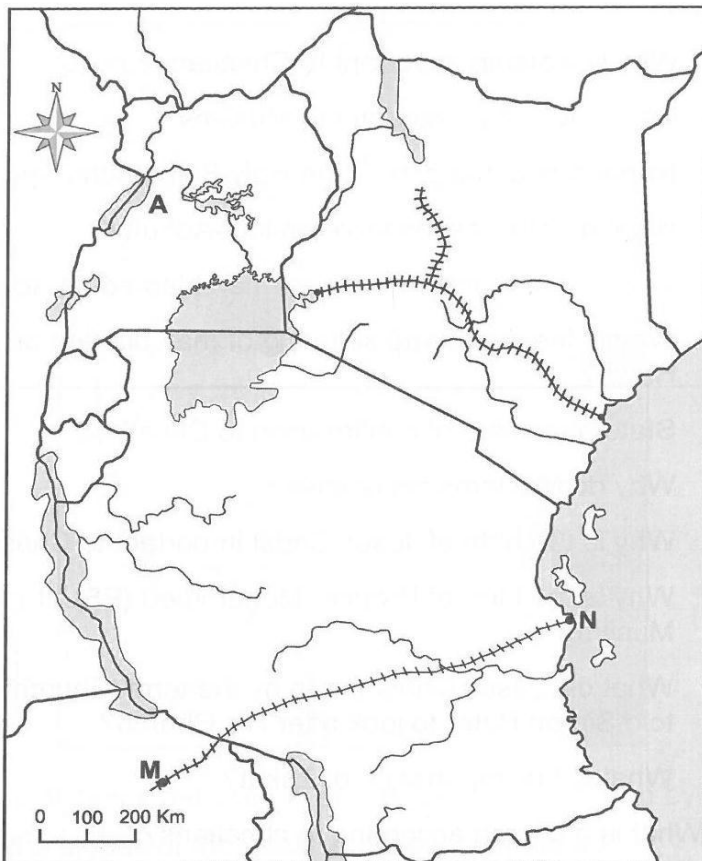
41. a) Give the type of transport suitable for transporting bulky goods from Kampala to Mombasa.

- b) State the main reason for your answer above.

- c) Why is the railway transport in Uganda not developed like that of Kenya and Southern Africa?

42. Mention four advantages of abundant mineral deposits to South Africa.

43. Study the map carefully and answer questions about it.



a) In which part of the Rift Valley is lake marked **A**?

b) Name the railway line marked **M-N**.

c) How does country **M** benefit from the railway line named above?

d) Name the seaport marked **N**.

44. How is the East African community contributing to the well-being of the people of East Africa?

45. a) Mention the ethnic group which migrated into Uganda from the Bahrel Gazel region.

b) State two reasons why the above ethnic group settled in Northern Uganda.

c) Why did the lack of water and pasture cause their migration?

46. Give the different places of settlement for each of the following ethnic groups in Uganda.

Ethnic	Origin	Areas of settlement
Bantu	Central west Africa	
Luo	Bahrel Gazel	
Nilo Hamites	Ethiopia	
Hamites	North East Africa	

47. a) Write down two causes which lead to the increasing number of street children in Uganda.

b) Suggest two ways through which the problem of street children can be solved.

48. a) Give two contributions of the early missionaries to the civilisation of Uganda.

b) Outline two problems faced by early missionaries in East Africa.

49. a) Name two ways by which people in Uganda get information.

b) Give two services the post office provides to the people of Uganda.

50. a) How is Red Cross Society trying to help the people of Uganda to lead a better life?

b) Mention two ways of stopping poverty in Uganda.

51. a) Both South Africa and the Democratic Republic of Congo depend on mineral wealth. State two reasons why the Democratic Republic of Congo has not benefited from its mineral wealth like South Africa.

b) Give two reasons why African Union fails to settle most conflicts in Africa.

52. Different income earners use different goods and services.

a) Write down three goods used by high income earners (rich) daily.

b) Give any two goods used daily by low income earners.

c) Name two services used by high income earners daily.

In questions 52- 54, answer either the Christianity or Islamic questions, but not BOTH.

53. **Either:** a)" What do we learn from the parable of the prodigal son?

b) Explain the following terms;

i) Trinity

ii) Ascension day

Or: Why do Muslims perform pilgrimage (Hajj)?

54. **Either:** a) Give two ways through which Abraham showed his faith to God.

b) Which events took place in the following places;

i) Mount Sinai?

ii) Lake Galilee?

Or: a) How is fasting important to a Muslim?

b) What name is given to the month in which Muslims fast?

55. **For all:** State one way in which each of the following sins are dangerous in our societies;

a) alcohol

b) robbery

c) corruption

d) cheating.

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 26

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. Give one reason why the Congo basin receives a lot of rainfall.

2. Why is the Congo basin hotter than the Kenyan highlands and yet they lie on the same latitude?

3. Why is it easier for a crop farmer to change from food crop to cash crop production than it is for a pastoralist to change to crop farming?

4. Why should the government of Uganda encourage people to set up so many small scale industries in rural areas?

5. What advantage do people living on the slopes of Mount Elgon have over those in the North-Eastern direction?

6. Give one way by which one can locate the position of East Africa.

7. Give the similarity between latitudes and longitudes.

8. What is the position of Rwanda from Uganda?

9. Why are countries of Uganda, Kenya and Tanzania having the same standard time?

10. According to its formation, what type of mountain is Kenya?

11. Why are most plateaus in East Africa densely populated?

12. How is the formation of Mountain Elgon similar to that of Mountain Mufumbira?

13. Why are the slopes of Mount Kenya densely populated?

14. What are Isohytes in the study of weather?

15. Outline the factors that determine the climate of a place.

16. State the months when the sun is overhead the equator.

17. Explain how the movement of the sun affects the climate of East Africa.

18. Outline four human activities that affect the climate of East Africa.

19. Why do you think that it was climate which led the white settlers to occupy the highlands of Kenya?

20. Give one way rainfall is useful to man.

21. Explain how climate affects man's activities.

22. Explain how rainfall influences the vegetation in East Africa.

23. In which way does man depend on land?

24. How is water an important resource to man?

25. Why is it impossible for pastoral tribes to carry out their activities in forested areas?

26. How does Lake Victoria influence the climate of East Africa?

27. Why do the countries of Rwanda and Burundi have green vegetation all the time?

28. Give one reason for the dry climate in North Eastern Kenya.

29. How can the government help Kotido and Moroto grow crops throughout the year?

30. Why are mountainous areas of East Africa wet?

31. Why are rift valley areas hot and dry?

32. Define rift valleys.

In questions 33 to 40 answer either Christianity Or Islamic questions but not BOTH.

33. **Either:** What are Christians reminded of on Ash Wednesday?

Or: Write down the first pillar of Islam.

34. **Either:** Who persecuted the early Church but later turned out a great preacher of Christianity.

Or: What is the role of Prophet Isa in Islam?

35. **Either:** In which way were the people of the Old Testament similar to the African traditionalists in terms of repentance?

Or: Why is a Muazzin important in Islam?

36. **Either:** What name was given to the field that was bought using the betrayer's money?

Or: Give one importance of worship in Islam.

37. **Either:** How is sin connected to Jesus' coming into the world?

Or: In which way does fasting help a Muslim?

38. **Either:** Name the prophet who was taken to heaven alive.

Or: What does the word Hijra mean in Islam?

39. **Either:** How did Mary show her faith to God?

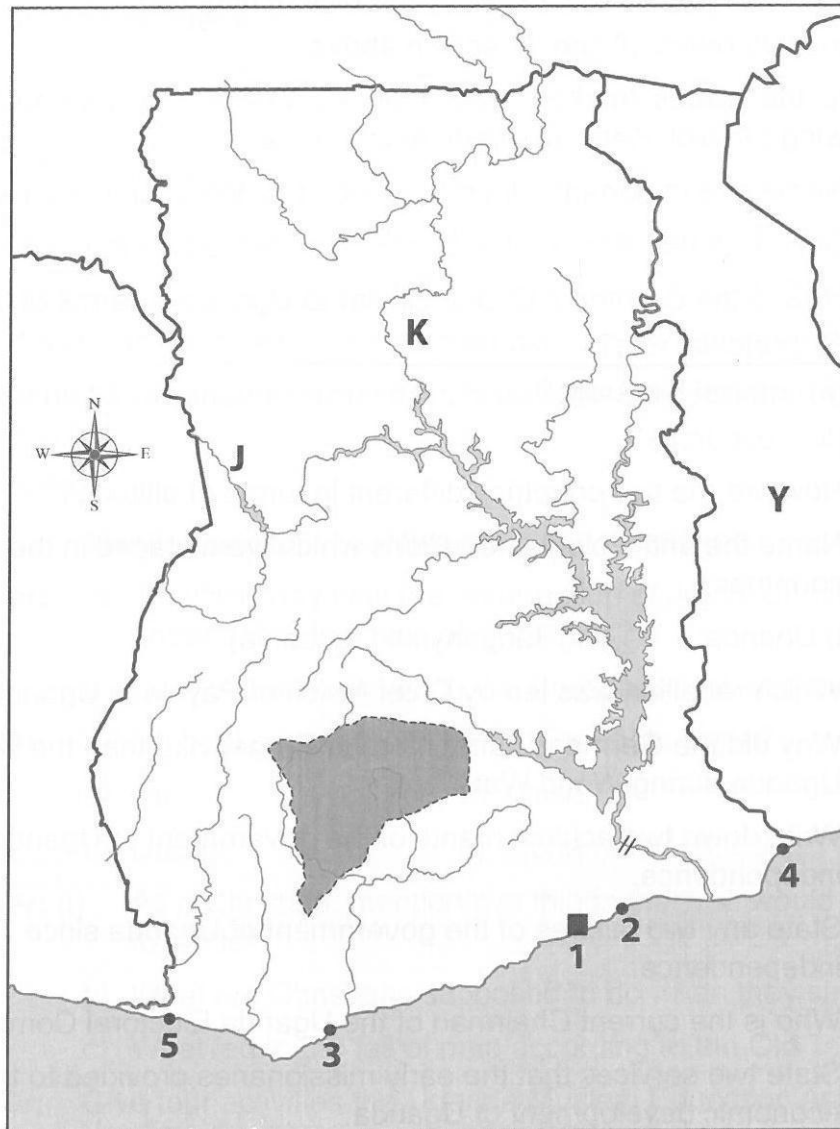
Or: In which way is Prophet Ayub important in Islam?

40. **Either:** How is the Church today caring for the bodily needs of Christians?

Or: What is Hegira and why did Prophet Mohammed (S.W.A) do it?

SECTION B

41. Study the map below and use it to answer questions about it.



a) Name the country shown on the map.

b) In which geographical region of Africa is the country above?

c) Name the country shown on the map by letter Y.

d) Name the shaded region on the map.

e) Name the crop grown in the shaded area.

42. a) Give two economic importances of dams in Africa.

b) Name the dam marked on the map above.

c) On which river is the above dam built?

43. a) Name the lake shown on the map above.

b) What type of lake is it?

c) Give two problems caused by the lake above.

d) Identify rivers 'J' and 'K' shown above.

44. Name the places marked 1,2,3,4 and 5 on the map picking from the following ;
Assini, Keta, Takoradi, Accra,Tema

45. a) Name one important mineral produced by the country above.

b) State four benefits created by the dam marked on the map above.

46. a) How is the country of Ghana similar to Uganda in terms of their;

(i) colonial rule?

(ii) official language?

(iii) resources?

b) How are the two countries different in terms of altitude?

47. a) Name the anti- colonial rebellions which were staged in the following countries;

i) Uganda:

ii) Tanganyika (Tanzania):

b) Which rebellion was led by Chief Awich of Payela in Uganda?

c) Why did the Germans suffer more in Tanganyika than the British in Uganda during World War I?

48. a) Write down two achievements of the government of Uganda since independence.

b) State any two failures of the government of Uganda since independence.

c) Who is the current Chairman of the Uganda Electoral Commission?

49. a) State two services that the early missionaries provided to the economic development of Uganda.

b) How was the spreading of Christianity a problem to the people of Uganda?

50. What do you know about each of the following people:

a) Jomo Kenyatta;

b) Kwame Nkrumah;

c) Ignatius K. Musaazi; d) Benedicto Kiwanuka;

51. a) Name the countries where the following began;

i) Modern democracy

ii) Modern roads

b) State the importance of;

(i) modern laws

(ii) modern roads.

52. a) Who were the founders of the Bunyoro Kitara Empire?

b) Give any two reasons why the Bunyoro Kitara Empire collapsed.

c) Why is the Bachwezi Empire remembered in the economy of Uganda?

In questions 53 - 55 answer either the Christianity or the Islamic questions, but not BOTH.

53. For both:

Mention any four qualities of a good marriage.

54. **Either:** a) In which way was the resurrection of Jesus Christ important to the lives of Christians?

b) Give two ways in which the Christians look at death.

Or: Which books were the following Prophets given?

a) Isa

b) Musa

c) Dauda

d) Mohammed (S.W.A)

55. **Either:** a) As a Christian, mention two things that you would do to a thief.

b) What are Christians supposed to do when they sin?

c) What led to the fall of man according to the Old Testament?

Or: Give four activities the Uganda Muslim Education Association (U.M.E.A) does for the people of Uganda.

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 27

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. What term is used to describe the representation of an object as viewed from above?

2. Why would you advise a Primary Six pupil to put a title on a map?

3. What term is used to describe the violation of children's rights?

4. How is the geographical location of both Rwanda and Uganda a disadvantage in international trade?

5. Why is a rain gauge placed in an open place?

6. In which country in Africa is the lower Nile found?

7. According to the constitution of Uganda, what age does a Ugandan qualify to participate in the National Electoral Process?

8. How did the discovery of iron improve early man's life?
-
9. Give one reason why elephants were greatly hunted during the early trade in East Africa.
-
10. What major factor favours the location of the fishing industry in Kalangala district?
-
11. Which organ of government is responsible for ensuring law, order and peace in the country?
-
12. Give one way how agriculture contributes to the economic development of a country like Uganda.
-
13. Why is the Royal Geographical Society remembered in the history of Uganda?
-
-
14. How has River Nile contributed to the growth of industries in Uganda?
-
15. Briefly explain what led to labour shortage during the construction of the Uganda railway.
-
16. Why is it important for a family to budget before spending its income?
-
-
17. Why was Toro kingdom ruled by regents before 2010?
-
-
18. What major problem did Ethiopia face when Eritrea broke away from it?
-
19. How can the extension of Hydro Electricity to rural areas save the environment?
-

20. Of what economic importance is revenue collection to a country?

21. What contribution did Kabaka Mutesa I make towards Christianity in Uganda?

22. Why did Islam take long to be established in many parts of the East African Interior?

23. State one reason why the Kenyan highlands produce a lot of milk.

24. What major reason led to IBEACO withdrawing its services from Uganda?

25. Identify any one role of the Electoral Commission in Uganda.

26. What was the main inland slave market in East Africa?

27. Give a reason why newspapers are not an effective means of communication in rural areas.

28. How does the Kenyan government benefit from Fort Jesus?

29. How do we locally use the sun's position?

30. Why does the sun rise earlier in Mombasa than that in Kisumu?

31. Why is the area in which Somalia and Ethiopia are located referred to as the "Horn of Africa?"

32. State one reason why German colonial rule was resisted in Tanganyika.

33. In which way have wars slowed down the economic development of Africa?

34. Why did Ben Kiwanuka fail to become the Prime Minister of Uganda?

For each question 35-39, answer either Christianity Or Islamic but not BOTH.

35. **Either:** Why did God ask Moses to save the Israelites from Egypt?

Or: Why is Prophet Mohammed (S.W.A) important in the Islamic faith?

36. **Either:** How did God show love to man in the story of creation?

Or: How did Allah show love to man in the story of creation?

37. **Either:** From which place was Jesus Christ baptized?

Or: Why was Prophet Mohammad (S.W.A) unable to see his father throughout his lifetime?

38. **Either:** How was Noah and his family saved from the floods?

Or: Give one condition that must be fulfilled before a Muslim performs Hijja?

39. **Either:** How can a Christian reconcile with God?

Or: How can a Muslim reconcile with God?

40. **Either:** Write down anyone symbol of the Holy spirit.

Or: Who looked after Prophet Muhammad after his mother's death?

SECTION B

41. a) What was the major role performed by Legislative Council during the colonial period?

b) Name the British governor who nominated the first Ugandans to the legislative council in 1945.

c) Mention any two Ugandans who were nominated to the Legislative council in 1945.

42. a) What is the largest ethnic group in East Africa?

b) Apart from Africans, write down three examples of people who are included in East Africa's population.

43. a) Which climate covers the biggest part of East Africa?

b) Identify the physical feature that covers the biggest part of East Africa.

c) Which type of climate in East Africa is most suitable for cattle keeping?

d) How is Mount Usambara in Tanzania similar to the Rift Valley in terms of formation?

44.a) Give one reason why the early Asians came to East Africa.

b) How were the dhows useful to the early Arabs who came to East Africa?

c) State two changes brought by Arabs to East Africa.

45.a) Why is it important for an industry to be near the source of raw materials?

b) Name the manufactured products of the following raw materials.

Raw materials	Products
(i) Limestone	
(ii) Copper ore	
(iii) Phosphates	
(iv) Goltan	

46. (a) Write down the advantage of mineral wealth.

b) Write down the official language of;

(i) Uganda:

(ii) Tanzania:

(iii) Rwanda:

47.a) Which discovery made Early Man to live a settled life?

b) State any two ways in which the above discovery was useful to Early Man.

c) Which discovery marked the end of the Stone Age period?

48.a) What do we call elections that are held to fill a vacant seat in Parliament?

b) In Parliament, what name is given to the group that does not sit on the government side?

c) What is the major duty of the opposition in parliament?

d) Under which government organ do Members of Parliament belong?

49.a) How did Tanzania get her name?

b) Name the natives of the countries below;

i) Tanzania_____

ii) Burundi_____

iii) Rwanda_____

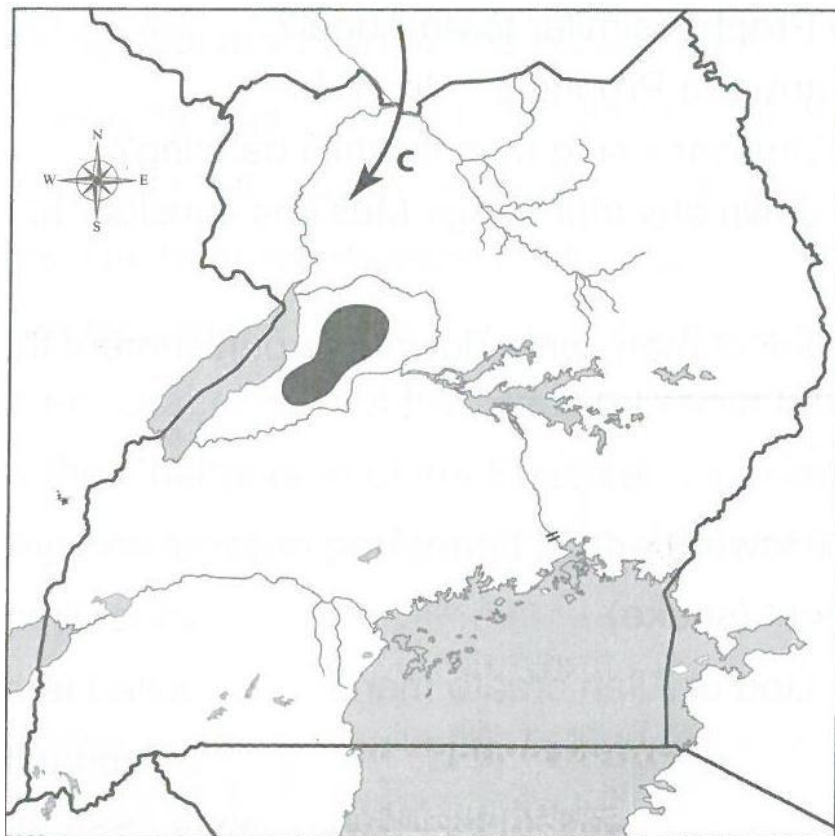
c) How did Henry Morton Stanley prove that Lake Victoria was the source of River Nile?

50.a) How did the Swahili language begin in East Africa?

b) Identify the religion which was practised on the East African Coast.

c) Name the most slave traders to live on the East African Coast.

Study the map of Uganda below and answer the question 50.



51.a) Which tribal group entered Uganda using the route marked **C**?

b) What is the major economic activity carried out in the shaded area?

c) Point out one factor that has contributed to deforestation in the shaded area.

d) Give one way in which the Uganda government can protect the endangered forests.

For each question 52-54, answer either Christianity or Islamic But not BOTH.

52. Either:

a) Write down four ways by which Jesus Christ grew.

Or: a) Write down all the seven children of Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A).

53. Either:

a) What sacrament fulfills the following in Christianity;

i) Strengthening one's faith in God?

ii) Initiating one into Christianity?

iii) Uniting man and woman as husband and wife in church?

iv) Reminding one of the body and blood of Jesus which he shed on the cross?

Or: Write down the four caliphs of Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A).

54. Either:

a) How is a Prophet similar to an Angel?

b) Mention any two Prophets in the Bible,

c) Why do Christians sing hymns while dancing?

Or: Write down any four things Muslims consider to be clean.

55. For both:

a) After the fall of man, write down one punishment that was given to each of the following:

i) Adam

ii) Eve (Hawa)

iii) Serpent (snake)

b) Why did God or Allah create man?

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 28

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. What is a constitution?

2. How is a constitution important to the children of a country?

3. Why is sign language used in Uganda?

4. Which national attribute promotes National Unity?

The picture below shows the Parliament of Uganda. Use it to answer questions about it.



5. To which organ of government is the Parliament of Uganda?

6. Who chairs the Parliamentary meetings?

7. Which national symbol is shown on the picture above?

8. Name the official language allowed in the parliament of Uganda.

9. At what age is a Ugandan citizen allowed to register as a voter?

10. Who heads the Electoral commission in Uganda?

11. How many members make up the Electoral commission?

12. Name the current chairperson of the Electoral commission.

13. Who appoints the Chairperson of the Electoral commission?

14. Write down any one function performed by the Electoral Commission.

15. What is a constituency?

16. What is a secret ballot?

17. What is a ballot box?

18. What is a multi-party political system?

19. Why do you think voting is practising democracy?

20. What is education?

21. Identify any special group of people who have representatives in Parliament.

22. Find out the organ of the government whose duty is to protect Uganda's Constitution.

23. Who is the Sergeant-at-arms in Parliament?

24. Who represents women for every district in Uganda?

25. State one quality needed to be a Member of Parliament (M.P).

26. What is the duty of the Parliament?

27. What name is given to a proposed law?

28. Why is a bill after it has been passed by Parliament sent to the President?

29. What name is given to a bill passed by the Parliament and signed by the President?

30. Who is the head of government business in the House?

31. Who delivers to Parliament an address on the State of the Nation?

32. Why is a citizen of Uganda below 35 years not allowed to stand for election as President?

33. Why is a President paid a salary and allowances?

34. Who is the current President of Uganda?

35. Who is the Vice President of Uganda?

In questions 36-40 Answer either the Christianity or Islamic question but not BOTH.

36. **Either:** In which way do parents use their authority over their children?

Or: How should a person in Islam behave in a religious way?

37. **Either:** Why did King Solomon ask God to give him wisdom?

Or: Why should Muslims perform Salat.

38. **Either:** In which way did Stephen show his faith?

Or: Which word refers to a woman pilgrim?

39. **Either:** What lesson do we learn from Job?

Or: What do Muslims learn from Prophet Ayyub?

40. **Both:** How does faith help us in our Constitution?

SECTION B

41. a) What do we call a person who leads a country?

b) Give one example of each of the following leaders.

(i) Political _____

(ii) Cultural _____

(iii) Voluntary _____

(iv) Religious _____

(v) Civic _____

42. Match List A with list B items correctly

List A	List B
Central government	a) consists of cabinet ministers and the president
Local government	b) cultural leaders
Traditional government	c) leaders from the district to local Council one
Decentralisation	d) the transfer of powers from the central government to the local areas.

43. a) What is another term for Local council one (LC1)?

b) Who heads the Local council one (LC1)?

c) What name is given to the Local Council one in an urban area?

d) Who is in charge of children's welfare at Local Council One?

44. a) What is a District?

b) What is a Municipality?

c) What is a Ward?

d) What is a Parish?

45. a) Name the highest organ of administration of a district.

b) Who is the head of the District administration?

c) Who are the members of the District Local Council?

d) Who chairs the Local Council Five (LCV) meetings?

46. Write the following abbreviations in full.

a) MP's: _____

b) LCV: _____

c) CAO: _____

d) RDC: _____

e) DISO: _____

- f) DPC: _____
- g) GISO: _____
- h) DEO: _____

47. Which people in Uganda have the leaders shown in the table below?

Title	Tribe	Region
Emorimor		Eastern
Kyabazinga		
Kabaka		
	Banyoro or Batoro	Western
Omugabe		
	Bakonjo or Bamba	

48. Match list A with list B items correctly

List A	List B
Imam	District leader
Catechist	Diocese
Bishop	Mosque leader
Khadhi	Sub-parish

49. Explain what each non-governmental organisation below does;

- a) UWESO: (Uganda Women's Effort to Save Orphans):

- b) TASO: (The Aids Support Organisation):

- c) Red Cross:

- d) World Vision:

50. Note that a citizen is someone who has rights and responsibilities in a country.

Explain how one may become a citizen of Uganda;

- a) By birth:

b) By descent:

c) By adoption:

d) By marriage:

e) By naturalisation:

51. The table below shows public holidays in Uganda.

Holiday	Date celebrated
New Year's Day	1 st January
Liberation Day (NRM)	26 th January
Id-el-Fitr	Moveable date
International Women's Day	8 th March
Good Friday	Moveable date
Idi Adhur	Moveable date
Labour Day	1 st May
Martyr's Day	3 rd June
Heroes' Day	9 th June
Independence Day	9 th October
Christmas Day	25 th December
Boxing Day	26 th December
Arch Bishop Janani Luwum Day	16 th February

Identify public holidays in Uganda celebrated before June.

52. a) Write three judicial offices in Uganda.

b) Who is the head of the judiciary?

For questions 53 to 54, answer either the Christianity or the Islamic but not BOTH.

53. Either:

a) Who gave Moses the Ten Commandments?

b) Why do you think the Ten Commandments are necessary?

c) Write two commandments which aim to bring people to fear God?

Or:

a) Why did Allah give Muslims the 5 Pillars of Islam?

b) Write down the first three Pillars of Islam.

54. Either:

a) Name three Arch Angels the Christians believe in.

b) Write down one thing Christians believe about Angels.

Or:

a) Write four beliefs in Islamic faith.

55. For both:

a) How do people in communities use the authority and freedom well?

b) How do the following groups of people in our communities misuse authority and freedom?

(i) Prefects

(ii) Police

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 29

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. Identify one activity carried out on plain areas in Uganda.

2. How is the formation of Mountains Kenya and Rwenzori different?

3. Why is the construction of roads difficult in mountainous areas?

4. Why do you think that rocky hills can be used for bee-keeping?

5. Why are highlands in East Africa densely populated?

6. State one problem faced by people who live around the Elgon and Rwenzori mountains.

7. What are the coastal plains of East Africa?

8. Why are areas of the coastal plains of East Africa hotter than its high lands?

9. Name the physical region of East Africa in which Lake Victoria is found.

10. How was Lake Victoria formed?

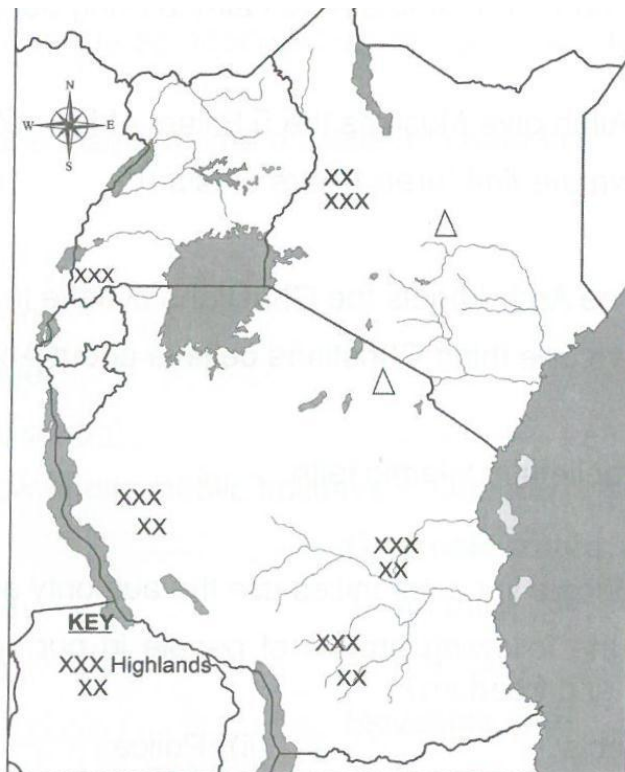
11. Explain how the Western Rift Valley was formed.

12. Why do most rivers in East Africa drain into the Indian ocean?

13. State one advantage of living on the coastal plains of East Africa.

14. Outline problems faced by people living on the coastal plains of East Africa.

Use the map below to answer questions



15. State one advantage of highland areas marked on the map.

16. Why are the highlands formed by volcanic activity densely populated?

17. Identify and name one river with its source from highlands.

18. State one activity carried out in the highlands above.

19. How is the activity above dangerous to those areas?

20. Name the main tribes living on the slopes of mountains of Kilimanjaro and Rwenzori.

21. Describe the climate experienced in highlands areas of East Africa.

22. What type of rainfall is received in highlands?

23. Why are the highlands in East Africa ideal for dairy farming?

24. Why is transport difficult in Southwestern districts of Uganda like Kisoro and Kabale?

25. How do people living in these highlands control soil erosion?

26. What common serious problem is faced in the districts of Manafa and Bududa?

27. What do people in Bududa areas give as reason for not willing to leave them?

28. Name the major cash crop grown on the slopes of Mount Elgon.

29. Which tribe in Tanzania grows coffee and banana plantations on the slopes of Mount Kilimanjaro?

30. Why is there serious land shortage in Kabale and Kisoro districts?

31. Who led the white settlers into Kenya highlands?

32. Give one reason for choosing the Kenya highlands.

33. State one way in which the above whites tried to develop those areas.

34. What reason is given for growing pyrethrum in highland areas?

35. Identify the type of coffee grown in highlands.

36. State one common problem coffee farmers face in East Africa.

37. Why are most highland areas used for dairy farming?

In questions 38 to 40, answer either the Christianity or Islamic but not BOTH.

38. **Either:** What should a Christian do when he or she defies any commandments?

Or: As a Muslim, what should you do to a person who does something wrong to you?

39. **Either:** What message did Isaiah give to the people of Israel?

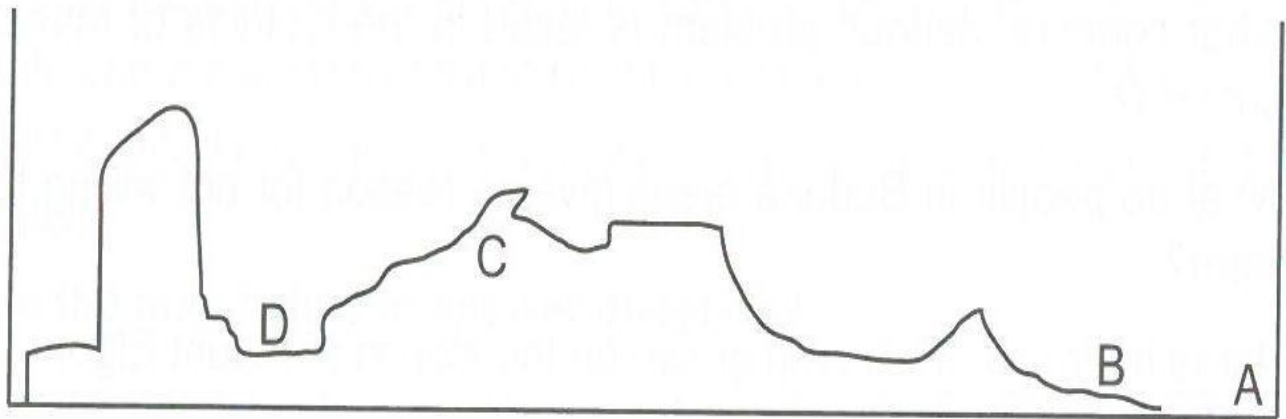
Or: What message did Prophet Muhammed (S.W.A) give to the people of Mecca?

40. **Either:** Why is the sacrament of confirmation necessary?

Or: Why is the paying of Zakat necessary?

SECTION B

Study the figure below showing landforms across East Africa.



41. Which letter shows;

(i) Highlands?

(ii) Sea level?

(iii) Rift valley?

(iv) Coastal plain?

42. Give the main economic activities carried out in each of the following highland areas of East Africa.

a) Mount Kenya

b) Mount Kilimanjaro.

c) Mount Rwenzori.

d) Rwanda and Burundi.

43. On which mountain slopes are the following people living in East Africa?

a) Bafumbira: _____

b) Chagga: _____

c) Kikuyu: _____

d) Bakonj

44. a) Name the mountains in East Africa with ice caps.

i) In Uganda _____

ii) In Tanzania _____

iii) In Kenya _____

b) i) Which of the mountains above is;

i) a block mountain?

ii) an extinct volcanic mountain

45. a) Name the common type of rainfall received in areas of East Africa which are;

(i) hilly _____

(iii) coastal plains _____

(ii) forested _____

(iv) have lakes _____

46. Which European explorers travelled and saw the following mountains?

- a) Elgon _____
- b) Kenya _____
- c) Kilimanjaro _____
- d) Rwenzori _____

47. The mountains above are used by the people of East Africa in many ways to earn a living. Write down the major cash crop produced on their slopes

- a) Rwenzori _____
- b) Kilimanjaro _____
- c) Kenya _____
- d) Elgon _____

48. Identify mountains in East Africa which are sources of the following rivers

- a) Semiliki? _____
- b) Pangani _____
- c) Tana _____
- d) Nzoia _____

49. a) Identify the type of wind which helped the first traders to come to East Africa.

b) Which group of explorers discovered the direct sea-route to India?

c) Which kind of ships did the Arab traders use to sail towards the Indian Ocean?

d) Who built Fort Jesus?

e) Who captured Fort Jesus from Portuguese?

50. Explain each of the term listed below;

- a) Exploit _____
- b) Taxation _____
- c) Tolerance _____

d) Segregation _____

For question 51- 54, answer Either Christianity Or Islamic question but Not BOTH.

51. Either:

(a) State any two types of marriages in Uganda.

(b) Identify any two characteristics of a happy marriage.

Or:

a) Write four symbols of Islam.

b) Write any four groups of people Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A) used to help.

52. Either:

(a) Give two reasons why Jesus Christ performed miracles.

(b) State any two miracles that Jesus Christ performed.

Or:

(a) What is tawheed?

(b) What is shahadat?

(c) How important is shahadat?

53. Either:

(a) What term is used to refer to 'Good News' in the Bible?

(b) Name any three 'Good News' books in the Bible.

Or:

(a) Write any two habits Muhammad did not take part in.

(b) Mention four groups of people Prophet Muhammad used to help.

54. Either:

Name the following Apostles:

(a) Jesus Christ loved most:

(b) Denied Jesus Christ three times:

(c) Betrayed Jesus Christ:

(d) Doubted Jesus Christ's resurrection:

Or:

(a) Whom did Muhammad consult before marrying Khadijah?

(b) How did their marriage benefit them?

55. FOR BOTH

(a) Mention any two talents that God or Allah gives to people.

(b) Give any two reasons why people should use their talents.

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)

SET 30

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

SECTION A

1. Name one instrument of defence shown on Uganda's coat of Arms.

2. What name is given to all imaginary lines marked in degrees running parallel to the equator?

3. Identify the land form that makes up the greater part of East Africa.

4. Name the raw material for the artificial fertilizers mined at Tororo in Uganda.

5. Give one main reason why the highlands of East Africa are cooler than the other areas.

6. Which tribal group came to Uganda from the North in the early years of the 16th Century?

7. What do you understand by the term "Africa the dark continent"?

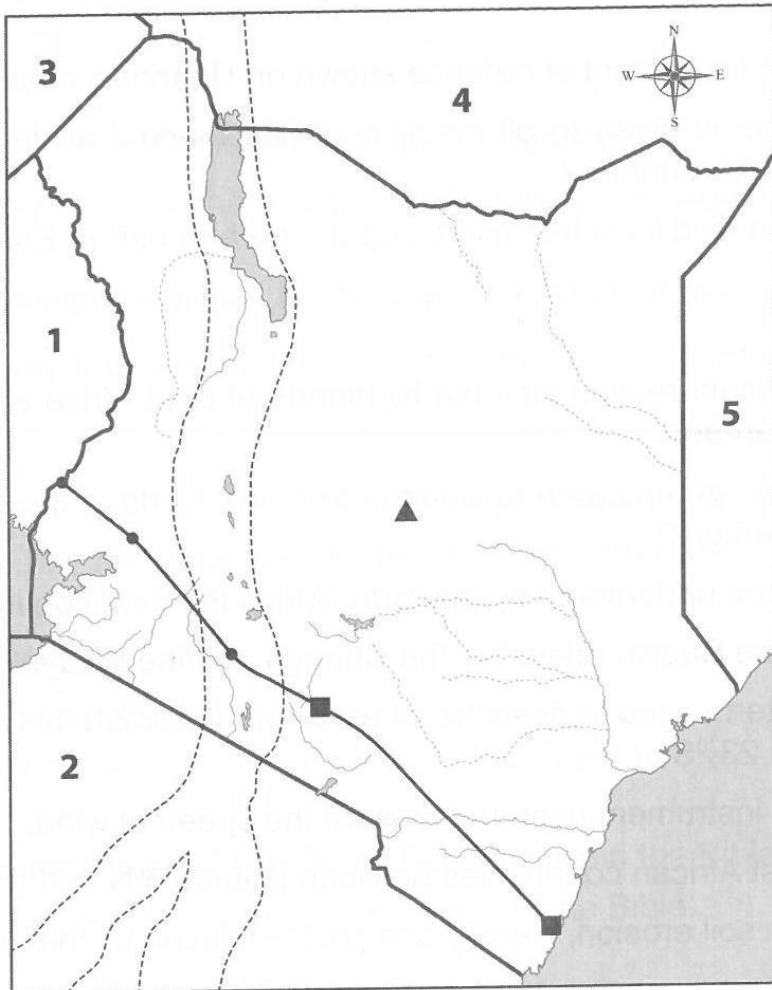
8. How are the Bagisu related to the Chagga and the Kikuyu?

9. State the term used to describe all areas of hot climate between degrees $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ N and $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ S of the Equator.
10. Name the instrument used to measure the speed of wind.
11. Which East African country lies between latitude 5° N and 5° S?
12. Apart from soil erosion, identify one problem faced by the people living in highlands.
13. Which places in hot deserts permit people's settlement due to the presence of water?
14. What disadvantages does Uganda have over Tanzania in terms of the Geographical location?
15. Why does the Nyika (Eastern) plateau have poor vegetation such as shrubs and thorns?
16. Name one river in Tanzania that flows into Lake Tanganyika.
17. We are not supposed to destroy the forest cover around us, why?
18. Which people founded and ruled Bunyoro-Kitara Empire?
19. What is a term 'seasonal river'.

20. What historical event took place in Uganda in 1894.

21. What important cash crop is grown around Mountain Kenya?

Study the map and answer questions 22 to 32



22. Name the country shown on the map above.

23. Which German explorer was the first to reach the mountain peak on the above map?

24. Write down the capital of the above country shown on the map.

25. Identify the river which has its source from the mountain shown.

26. Name the lake which is shared by three countries on the map.

27. How important is the Rift valley shown on the map?

28. In which direction is the Indian ocean from Kenya?

29. Which coastal city is shown on the Coast?

30. Which number marks Uganda's position on the map?

31. How is Uganda which is a landlocked country helped by Kenya to reach the sea port of Mombasa?

32. Write down another landlocked country shown on the map above.

In questions 33 to 40 answer either the Christianity OR Islamic, but not BOTH.

33. **Either:** Write one fruit of the Holy spirit to the Apostles.

Or: Islam is composed of 5 pillars. Name the first pillar.

34. **Either:** Who rescued the Jews from slavery in Egypt?

Or: Name the place where a Muazzin stands when he is calling people for payers.

35. **Either:** Who survived the greatest floods ever known in the religious history?

Or: What does a Muslim say to begin a prayer?

36. **Either:** Name the first of the Ten Commandments.

37. **Either:** Why did God give the Israelites the Ten Commandments?

Or: What is Angel Israafel responsible for?

38. **Either:** What name is given to the four books in which the life and teaching of Jesus Christ are recorded?

39. **Either:** Who said, "If you follow me I will make you fishers of men"?

Or: Who heads the Islam religion in Uganda?

40. **Either:** "The one I will give a piece of bread will betray me". Who was given the piece of bread?

Or: What is the journey of Prophet Muhammad (S.W.A) from Mecca to Jerusalem called?

SECTION B

41. a) Give two advantages of using solar power.

b) How can you avoid dangers caused by electricity? (Give two ways)

42. a) Describe the formation of the Great Rift Valley.

b) Give two importance of rift valleys to the people of East Africa.

c) State one problem caused by rift valleys in East Africa.

43. Write four importance of agriculture to the people of East Africa.

44. a) What is "fishing"?

b) Give four advantages of fishing to people.

45. a) Name the two deepest Rift valley lakes in East Africa.

b) Name any two rivers which form part of the borders of East Africa.

46. a) State two advantages of mineral deposits to a country.

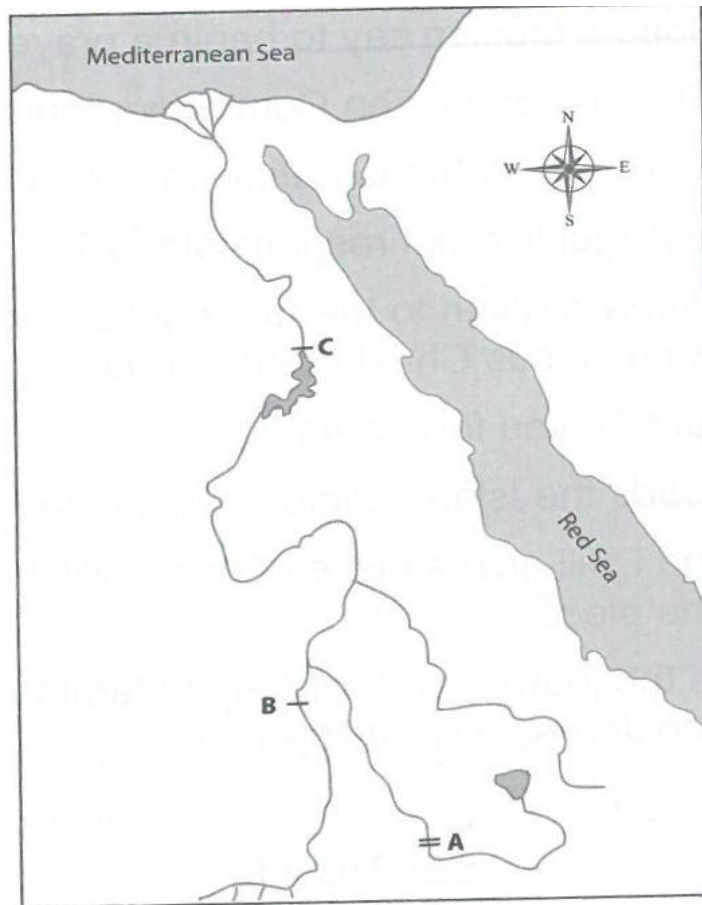
b) Name any three valuable minerals in East Africa.

47. a) Uganda has a lot of forest cover in East Africa. State five values of this vegetation cover to government and people of Uganda.

b) Give three duties of the Uganda Police.

48. Outline four ways in which the government of Uganda can improve the growing of cash crops in the country.

49. Study the map below carefully and find answers to the questions about it



a) What are Nile valley countries?

b) Where does the Nile have its mouth?

c) Name two dams along the Nile set up for irrigation.

50. a) Write four countries in the Nile valley.

b) Which of the Nile valley countries is the youngest?

c) Which Nile valley countries export oil?

d) Which sea port do the above countries use for oil export?

51. a) Name two major cash crops of the Nile Valley.

b) Give the importance of each named crop above.

c) How can the governments of the Nile valley widen the market of the cash crops in (a) above?

d) What type of cotton is grown in the Nile Valley?

52. a) Name the two important social agencies of the United Nations Organisation (UNO).

b) Write in full.

(i) UNICEF

(ii) UNESCO

(iii) WHO

(iv) ILO

(v) UNHCR

(vi) IMF

53. a) Define the term: Common wealth of Nations.

b) Who is the head of the Common wealth of Nations?

c) When did the Common Wealth emerge?

d) Which city hosts the headquarters of the Common Wealth?

e) Write CHOGM in full.

54. a) Who is responsible for the day-to-day running of the Common Wealth Organisation?

b) What kind of organisation is the Common Wealth?

c) Which East African countries are member-states of the Commonwealth Organisation?

d) Identify the largest territory under the Common wealth.

55. How does Uganda benefit from the Common wealth Organisation under the following terms?

a) Social

b) Economic

c) Education

d) Games

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)
SET 31

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME: _____ INDEX NO. _____

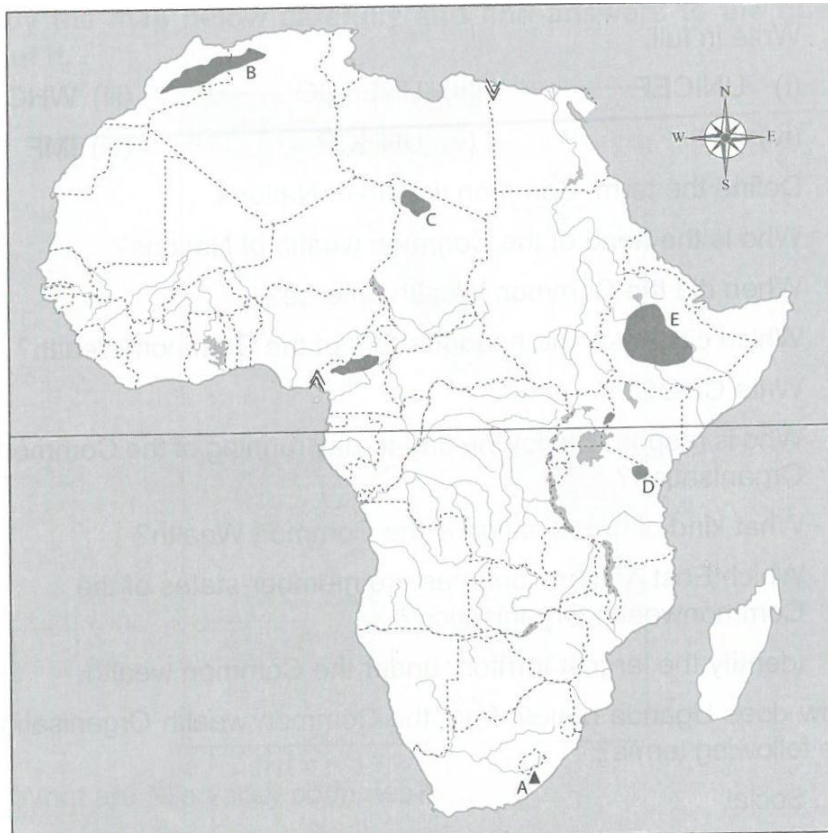
SECTION A

1. Give one economic importance of rainfall to a country like Uganda.

2. Name the element of a map used to reduce congestion on a map.

3. Uganda is located alongside the equator. What is the equator?

4. What is the highest mountain peak in Africa?



5. Why is road transport difficult to develop in country **E**?

6. Find out the highest peak of the Drakensberg.

7. Name the type of mountain shown at place **B**.

8. Find the names of the two deltas shown on the map.

9. How is the water body at **L**, important to Europe?

10. Why are there no lakes or rivers in North Africa?

11. Identify the only island shown on the map above.

12. Name any one major river which is crossed by the equator shown on the map.

13. State the minority rule which caused a lot of suffering to the African people in country A on the map.

14. Identify the country located in area E.

15. Write down one leading mineral exported by country A.

16. Identify one economic activity carried out in North Africa.

17. How possible is it for the countries in North Africa to carry out large scale farming?

18. In which African country is the Great man-made river?

-
19. Give any one regional economic grouping for the country A.
-
20. Where are the headquarters of ECOWAS in Africa.
-
21. Write ECOWAS in full.
-
22. Name one member state of the Economic Community of Central African States.
-
23. Identify one Regional Economic Grouping for Uganda.
-
24. Give one way in which the Economic blocks or Groupings are important.
-
25. Why you think Africa with a lot of resources has remained underdeveloped?
-
26. How has oil mining benefited the African oil producing countries?
-
27. Why do you think that Africa's leading cash crops have not helped Africa to develop?
-
28. Make a list often things that Africa exports.
-
29. What should African countries do to benefit from her abundant resources?
-
30. Make a list often (10) major imports of Africa.
-
-
-

31. Which country in Africa is a member of OPEC?

32. Write in full OPEC.

33. Which factors are hindering Africa's economic development?

In questions 34-40, answer either Christianity or Islamic question, but not BOTH.

34. **Either:** Why do Christians all over the world celebrate Christmas?

Or: Who is responsible for keeping hell or fire?

35. **Both:** What does the term "Repentance" mean?

36. **Either:** What is the 5th commandment in Christianity?

Or: Where does a body of the burried person face?

37. **Either:** Which disciple was a tax collector before becoming Jesus Christ's follower?

Or: Which people qualify to fast?

38. **Either:** Who baptised Jesus Christ in River Jordan?

Or: Name one day of the week for sunna fasting.

39. **Either:** Name one of the Christian women's organisation in Uganda.

Or: State the role of Angel Mika-eel.

40. **Either:** Name one request we make in our Lord's prayer.

Or: Whom did Allah create to look after his creation?

SECTION B:

41. a) Mention three crops mainly grown in swampy areas of Uganda.

b) Write down one reason why the government of Uganda has embarked on setting up irrigation schemes.

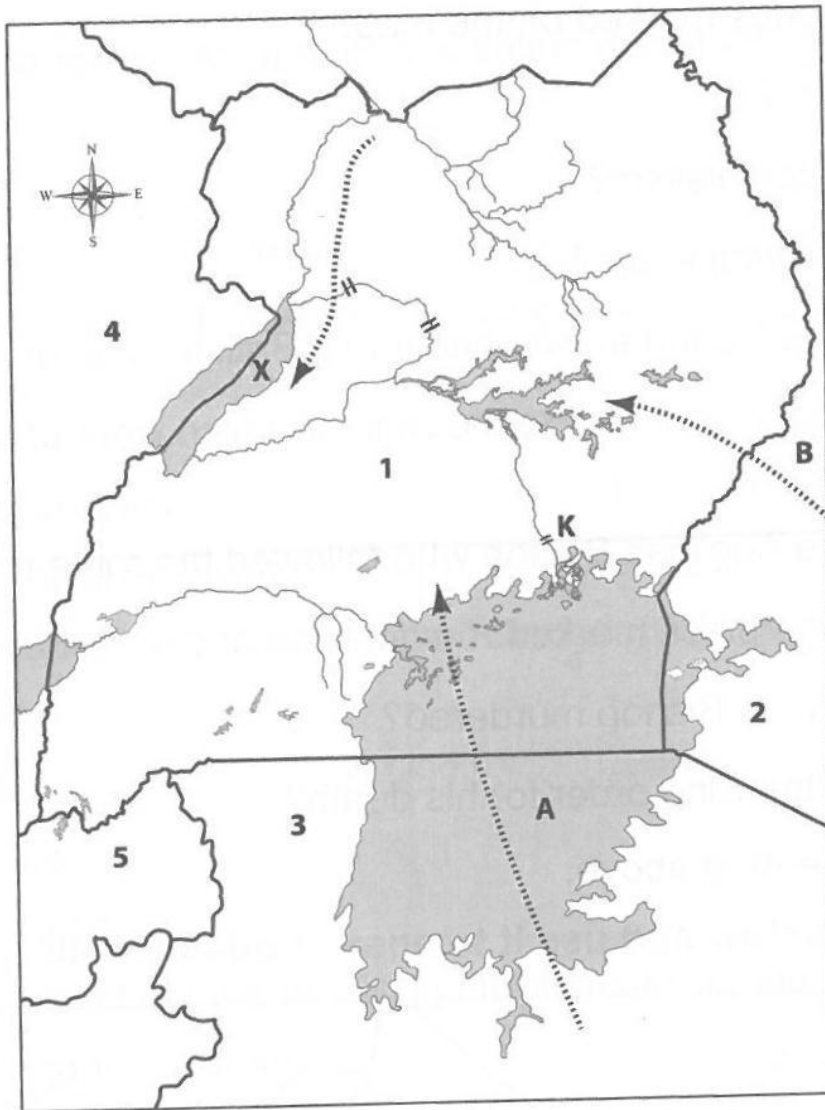
42. a) i) State one advantage of tarmac roads

ii) Give one problem of using murram roads.

b) What type of rainfall is mostly experienced around mountainous areas of East Africa?

c) Give any one reason why the North-East of Kenya is sparsely populated.

Use the map below to answer questions 43-47.



43. Use the map above.

a) Which of the routes marked and used by European Missionaries to come to Uganda were known as;

(i) The Masai route?

(ii) The Southern route?

b) Name the Church Missionaries who followed the Southern route.

c) Which route did Lourdel and Fr. Amans follow?

44. a) Name the European explorer who named;

(i) Lake X:

(ii) the falls shown on the map:

b) Why did the above explorer start the journey from the mouth of river Nile?

c) Why did the explorer above choose these names?

(i) Albert

(ii) Murchison falls

45. Name the European powers which took part in the scramble for East African territories marked on the map.

1, 2, 3, 4 and 5

46. a) What is colonialism?

b) What is colonial rule?

c) Name one Ugandan who became a British collaborator.

d) State one contribution to the regions which were under the above agent.

47. a) Name the Anglican Bishop who followed the route marked 8.

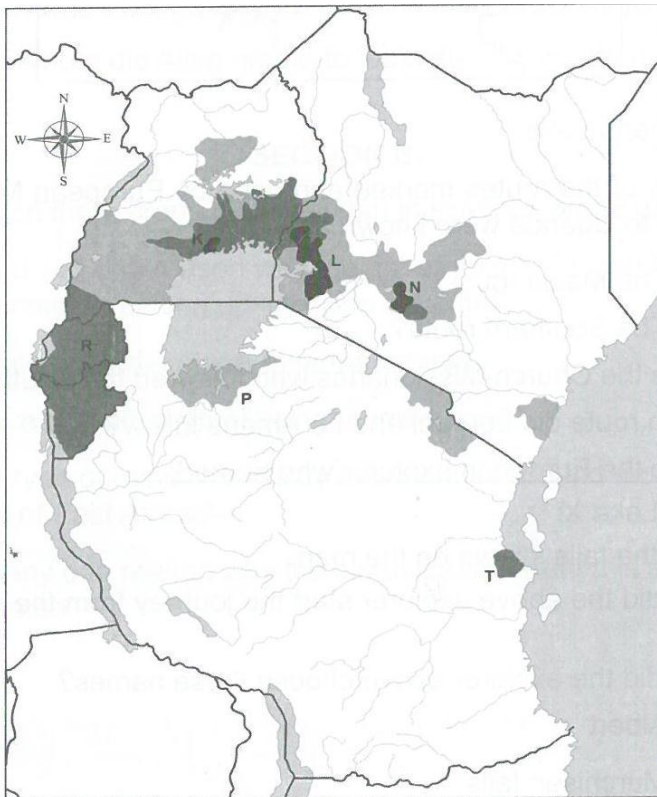
b) Identify the place marked K where the above Bishop was murdered.

c) Why was the Bishop murdered?

d) Why did the King order for his death?

e) Name the King above.

Study the map below and use it to answer question 48.



48. a) What is population?

b) Give one reason for a high population density in each of the places below:

K, N, T and R

c) What is population density?

49. How does each of the following factors increase the population of an area?

a) Fertile soils

b) Urbanisation

c) Industrialisation

d) Better social services

50. How are the following affecting the distribution of people in an area?

a) Diseases

b) Climate

c) Civil wars

d) Prolonged drought

51. Identify the effects of the following problems in Uganda;

(i) teenage pregnancies

(ii) lack of reproductive health services

(iii) lack of girl-child education

(iv) sex preferences by parents.

52. Why should the governments of East Africa promote the following?

55. a) Identify the river in Kenya which has the "seven forks" project.

b) Give two advantages of the seven forks project to the government of Kenya.

c) Find out the river on which Kindaruma dam is built.

d) How are the local people of Kenya benefiting from the dam above?

**CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)
SET 32**

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME:_____INDEX NO._____

SECTION A

7. In which one way is the UNHCR different from the Red cross?

8. Name the largest economic grouping in Africa.

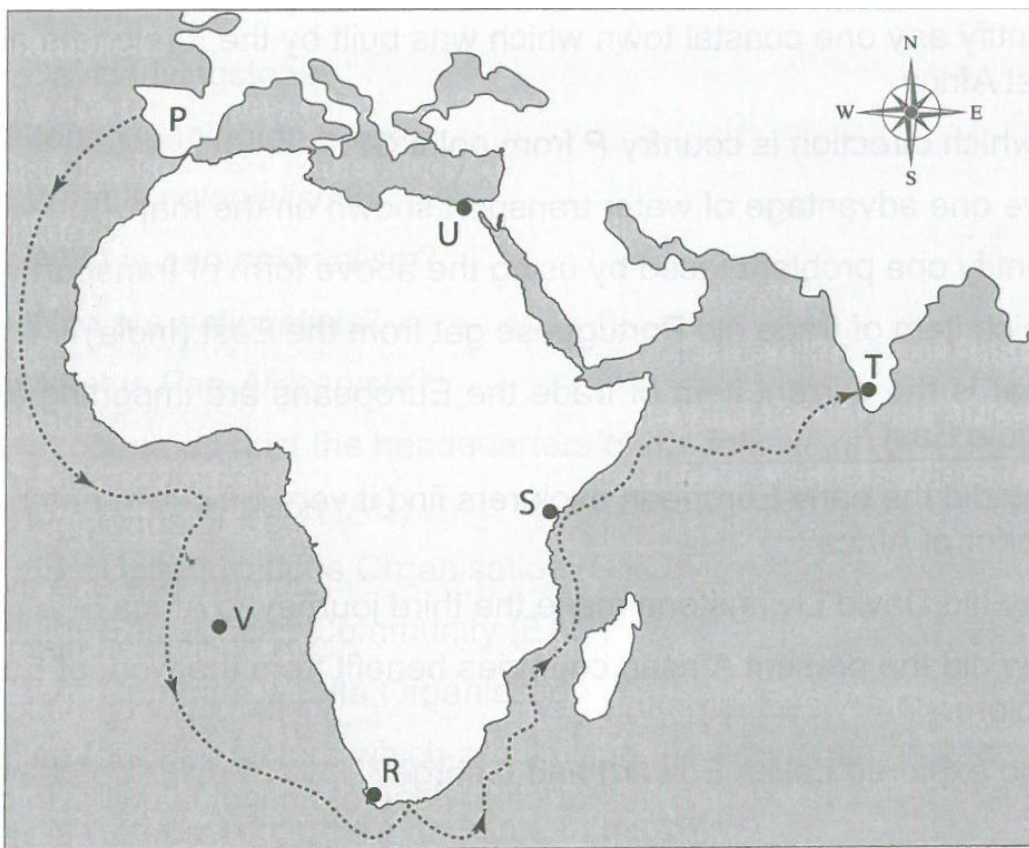
9. How did the early Portuguese sailors find the use of a compass important?

10. Why did the Europeans call Africa a "dark continent"?

11. Give one way in which rural-urban migration is necessary among the youths.

12. State one reason for the introduction of cotton growing to Uganda by the British.

Study the map below and use it to answer questions 13-37.



13. Which crop did the Portuguese introduce in East Africa?

14. Who built the school in Navigation?

15. Name the European explorer who discovered the sea-route to India in the map.

16. Why was point marked **R** called the Cape of Good Hope?

17. Name the country marked **P**.

26. Which African country was colonized by the people of country P?

27. Why did the Europeans above fail to continue with rule in Eastern Africa?

28. Identify any one coastal town which was built by the foreigners above in East Africa.

29. In which direction is country **P** from point **S**?

30. Give one advantage of water transport shown on the map.

31. Identify one problem faced by using the above form of transport.

32. Which item of trade did Portuguese get from the East (India)?

33. What is the current item of trade the Europeans are importing from the middle East?

37. Who explored Lakes Edward and George?

In questions 38-40 answer either Christianity or Islamic question but not BOTH

38. **Either:** Name the place of rest for the believers in Christ.

Or: What is the place of rest for the believers in Prophet Muhammed (S.W.A)?

39. **Either:** How did the wise men from the East find where baby Jesus was?

Or: How was Angel Jibril able to deliver the Qur'an to Prophet Muhammed (S.W.A)?

40. **Both:** Why was Adam sent out of the garden of Eden?

SECTION B:

41. a) Name the three organs of a democratic government.

b) In which organ of the government is the;

(i) Police?

(ii) Public Service?

42. How did the people of Africa benefit from each of the explorers below?

a) H.M Stanley

b) Ludwig Kapf

c) David Livingstone

d) John Hannington Speke

43. a) What is colonialism?

b) What is neo-colonialism?

c) Who are nationalists?

d) What is Pan-Africanism?

44. Which countries host the headquarters of the following;

47. Name the African Nationalists from the following countries:

- a) Uganda _____
- b) Kenya _____
- c) Tanzania _____
- d) South Africa _____
- e) Nigeria _____
- f) Democratic Republic of Congo _____
- g) Ghana _____

48. Explain how each of the following challenges are affecting Africa's rapid economic growth;

a) Africa's High population growth

b) SADC

c) ECOWAS

d) COMESA

e) ECCAS

f) OPEC

g) IGAD

53. Identify some ways through which civil wars can be prevented in some African countries like;

a) Libya

b) Somalia

c) South Sudan

d) Central African Republic

e) Mali

a) mineral wealth

b) high skilled human resource

c) cash crops

d) traditional medicine.

**CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA
PRIMARY SEVEN ASSESSMENT TEST (SOCIAL STUDIES)
SET 32**

DURATION: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions

Write answers in a good handwriting.

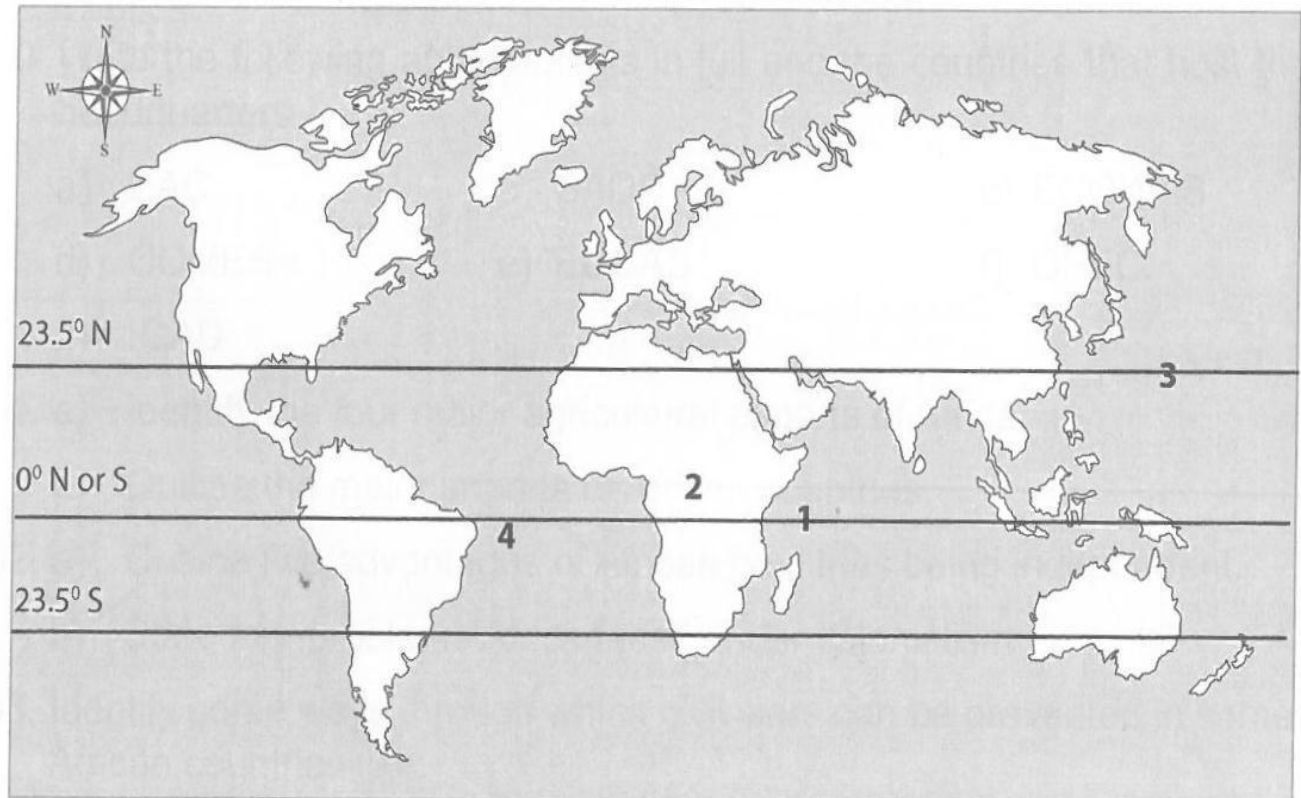
All drawings should be done using sharp pencil

NAME:_____INDEX NO._____

4. Which one is the smallest continent?

5. Arrange the continents in order of their sizes beginning with the largest.

Study the map below and use it to answer questions 8-29



8. Give Africa's position from Europe.

9. What number shows the continent in which our country is located?

10. What strip of water separates continent marked 2 from Europe?

11. Find out the largest sea in the world which is also a neighbour to Africa.

12. Name the water body which is marked with letter X.

21. Name the biggest organisation in the world today.

22. Find out the hottest continent.

23. How do you think Africa is important to Europe's economy?

24. How is Europe important to Africa's economy?

25. How are the oceans around the world important to people?

26. State one similarity between Africa and South America in terms of climate.

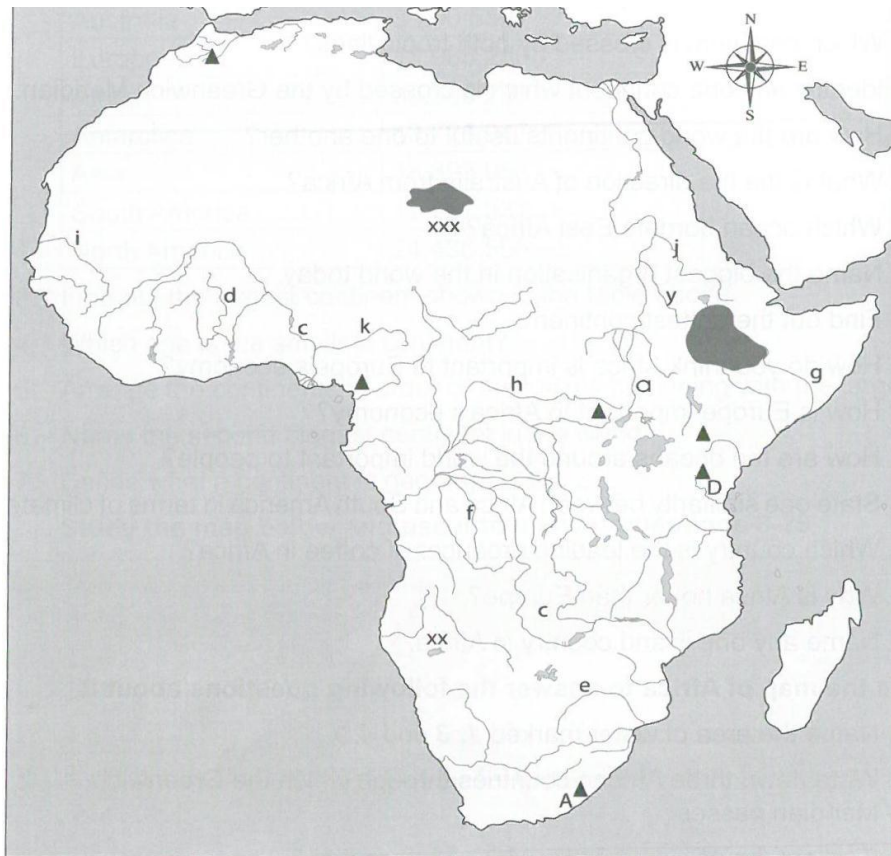
27. Which country is the leading producer of coffee in Africa?

28. Why is Africa hotter than Europe?

29. Name any one island country in Africa.

Use the map of Africa to answer the following questions about it.

30. Name the area of water marked **1, 3** and **4**.



41. Name all the rivers marked on the map above:

- (a) _____ (b) _____
 (c) Niger (d) Volta

43. Define each of the terms below;

a) desert

b) oasis

c) delta

d) lagoons

44. a) From the rivers above, where is the Gezira cotton irrigation scheme found?

b) Why is irrigation farming method better than depending on natural rainfall?

48. a) What are;

(i) rapids? _____

(ii) falls? _____

51. a) What is the most navigable river in Africa?

b) What is a seasonal river?

c) Why is river Nile not a seasonal river?

d) Why is the Blue Nile an important river to Gezira scheme?

52. In which water bodies do these rivers end?

a) Nile _____

- b) Congo _____
- c) Niger _____
- d) Zambezi _____
- e) Orange _____
- f) Volta _____

List A	List B
John Speke	Discovered the Victoria falls
Henry Morton Stanley	Reached River Niger at Bussa
David Livingstone	Reached the source of River Nile
Mungo Park	Explored River Congo

End